

{16} Nehemiah

King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>Chapter 1</p> <p>(1) The words of Nehemiah the son of Hachaliah. And it came to pass in the month Chisleu, in the twentieth year, as I was in Shushan the palace,</p> <p>(2) That Hanani, one of my brethren, came, he and <i>certain</i> men of Judah; and I asked them concerning the Jews that had escaped, which were left of the captivity, and concerning Jerusalem.</p> <p>(3) And they said unto me, The remnant that are left of the captivity there in the province <i>are</i> in great affliction and reproach: the wall of Jerusalem also <i>is</i> broken down, and the gates thereof are burned with fire.</p> <p>(4) And it came to pass, when I heard these words, that I sat down and wept, and mourned <i>certain</i> days, and fasted, and prayed before the God of heaven,</p> <p>(5) And said, I beseech thee, O LORD God of heaven, the great and terrible God, that keepeth covenant and mercy for them that love him and observe his commandments:</p>	<p>Chapter 1</p> <p>(1) The words of Nehemiah {comforted by Jehovah}^a the son of Hachaliah. And it came to pass in the month Chisleu {Kislev [Nov./Dec.]}, in the twentieth year {3623 A.H./C- 419 B.C.}^{b*}, as I was in Shushan the palace^c,</p> <p>(2) That Hanani {gracious}^d, one of my brothers, came, he and <i>certain</i> men of Judah; and I asked them concerning the Jews who had escaped, who were left of the captivity, and concerning Jerusalem.</p> <p>(3) And they said to me, The remnant who are left of the captivity there in the province <i>are</i> in great affliction and reproach: the wall of Jerusalem also <i>is</i> broken down, and its gates are burned with fire.</p> <p>(4) And it came to pass, when I heard these words, that I sat down and wept, and mourned <i>certain</i> days, and fasted, and prayed before the God of heaven,</p> <p>(5) And said, I beg You, O LORD {Jehovah} God of heaven, the great and terrible God, Who keeps covenant and mercy for those who love Him and observe His commandments:</p>
<p>1:1a - Nehemiah - {נְהֵמְיָהוּ} - comforted by Jehovah - Nehemiah is the cup bearer for the king [Neh. 1:11]</p> <p>1:1b - this is the 20th year of Ahasuerus [also known as Artaxerxes] [see Ezra 4:6-7] [see Neh. 2:1] 14 years after the second temple was completed. We are not told here in the text what the twenty years is in reference to, but in Neh. 2:1 which appears to be the same date it is clear that it is the 20th year of Artaxerxes. The second temple {see Ezra} was completed 19 years after Cyrus issued his decree to restore and rebuild the temple in Jerusalem {the second temple was completed 70 years after the first temple was destroyed {19 years after the first exile.} - See Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History - See Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days. See also The Jewish Calendar at www.TheWordNotes.com</p> <p>1:1c - Shushan - the primary palace of the Persian Empire</p> <p>1:2d - Hanani {חַנַּנִּי} - gracious - appears in Neh. 7:2 to actually be Nehemiah's brother</p> <p>20th year of Artaxerxes [also known as Ahasuerus]; 34 years after Cyrus decree [*3623 A.H./C- 419 B.C.] - See Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</p>	
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(6) Let thine ear now be attentive, and thine eyes open, that thou mayest hear the prayer of thy servant, which I pray before thee now, day and night, for the children of Israel thy servants, and confess the sins of the children of Israel, which we have sinned against thee: both I and my father's house have sinned.

(7) We have dealt very corruptly against thee, and have not kept the commandments, nor the statutes, nor the judgments, which thou commandedst thy servant Moses.

(8) Remember, I beseech thee, the word that thou commandedst thy servant Moses, saying, *If ye transgress, I will scatter you abroad among the nations:*

(9) But *if ye turn unto me, and keep my commandments, and do them; though there were of you cast out unto the uttermost part of the heaven, yet will I gather them from thence, and will bring them unto the place that I have chosen to set my name there.*

(10) Now these *are* thy servants and thy people, whom thou hast redeemed by thy great power, and by thy strong hand.

(11) O Lord, I beseech thee, let now thine ear be attentive to the prayer of thy servant, and to the prayer of thy servants, who desire to fear thy name: and prosper, I pray thee, thy servant this day, and grant him mercy in the sight of this man. For I was the king's cupbearer.

(6) Let Your ear now be attentive, and Your eyes open, that You may hear the prayer of Your servant, which I pray before You now, day and night, for the children of Israel Your servants, and confess the sins of the children of Israel, which we have sinned against You: both I and my father's house have sinned.

(7) We have dealt very corruptly against You, and have not kept the commandments, nor the laws, nor the judgments, which You commanded Your servant Moses.

(8) Remember, I beg of You, the word that You commanded Your servant Moses, saying, *If you sin, I will scatter you abroad among the nations:^e*

(9) But *if you turn to Me, and keep My commandments, and do them; though you were cast out to the uttermost part of the heaven, yet I will gather them from there, and will bring them to the place that I have chosen to set My Name there.*

(10) Now these *are* Your servants and Your people, whom You have redeemed by Your great power, and by Your strong hand.

(11) O Lord, I beg of You, let now Your ear be attentive to the prayer of Your servant, and to the prayer of Your servants, who desire to fear Your Name: and prosper, I your servant ask You this day, and grant him mercy in the sight of this man. Because I was the king's cupbearer.

1:8e – Deut. 4:27; 28:64

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<p>Chapter 2</p> <p>(1) And it came to pass in the month Nisan, in the twentieth year of Artaxerxes the king, <i>that</i> wine <i>was</i> before him: and I took up the wine, and gave <i>it</i> unto the king. Now I had not been <i>beforetime</i> sad in his presence.</p> <p>(2) Wherefore the king said unto me, Why <i>is</i> thy countenance sad, seeing thou <i>art</i> not sick? this <i>is</i> nothing <i>else</i> but sorrow of heart. Then I was very sore afraid,</p> <p>(3) And said unto the king, Let the king live for ever: why should not my countenance be sad, when the city, the place of my fathers' sepulchres, <i>lieth</i> waste, and the gates thereof are consumed with fire?</p> <p>(4) Then the king said unto me, For what dost thou make request? So I prayed to the God of heaven.</p> <p>(5) And I said unto the king, If it please the king, and if thy servant have found favour in thy sight, that thou wouldest send me unto Judah, unto the city of my fathers' sepulchres, that I may build it.</p> <p>(6) And the king said unto me, (the queen also sitting by him,) For how long shall thy journey be? and when wilt thou return? So it pleased the king to send me; and I set him a time.</p> <p>(7) Moreover I said unto the king, If it please the king, let letters be given me to the governors beyond the river, that they may convey me over till I come into Judah;</p>	<p>Chapter 2</p> <p>(1) And it came to pass in the month Nisan {Nisan [Mar./Apr.]}, in the twentieth year of Artaxerxes {3623 A.H./C- 419 B.C.}* the king, <i>that</i> wine <i>was</i> before him: and I took up the wine, and gave <i>it</i> to the king. Now I had never <i>before been</i> sad in his presence.</p> <p>(2) Therefore the king said to me, Why <i>is</i> your countenance {facial expression} sad, since you <i>are</i> not sick? this <i>is</i> nothing <i>else</i> but sorrow of heart. Then I was greatly afraid,</p> <p>(3) And said to the king, Let the king live forever: why should my countenance {facial expression} not be sad, when the city, the place of my fathers' tombs, <i>lies</i> waste, and its gates are consumed with fire?</p> <p>(4) Then the king said to me, What would you ask? So I prayed to the God of heaven.</p> <p>(5) And I said to the king, If it pleases the king, and if your servant has found favor in your sight, that you would send me to Judah, to the city of my fathers' tombs, that I may rebuild it.</p> <p>(6) And the king said to me, (the queen {Ester [Est. 2:16]} also sitting by him,) For how long shall your journey be? and when will you return? So it pleased the king to send me; and I set him a time.</p> <p>(7) Furthermore I said to the king, If it pleases the king, let letters be given me to the governors beyond the river {west of the Jordan River}, that they may escort me over until I come into Judah;</p>
<p>20th year of Artaxerxes [also known as Ahasuerus]; 34 years after Cyrus decree [*3623 A.H./C- 419 B.C.] - See Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</p>	
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<p>(8) And a letter unto Asaph the keeper of the king's forest, that he may give me timber to make beams for the gates of the palace which <i>appertained</i> to the house, and for the wall of the city, and for the house that I shall enter into. And the king granted me, according to the good hand of my God upon me.</p> <p>(9) Then I came to the governors beyond the river, and gave them the king's letters. Now the king had sent captains of the army and horsemen with me.</p> <p>(10) When Sanballat the Horonite, and Tobiah the servant, the Ammonite, heard <i>of it</i>, it grieved them exceedingly that there was come a man to seek the welfare of the children of Israel.</p> <p>(11) So I came to Jerusalem, and was there three days.</p> <p>(12) And I arose in the night, I and some few men with me; neither told I <i>any</i> man what my God had put in my heart to do at Jerusalem: neither <i>was there any</i> beast with me, save the beast that I rode upon.</p> <p>(13) And I went out by night by the gate of the valley, even before the dragon well, and to the dung port, and viewed the walls of Jerusalem, which were broken down, and the gates thereof were consumed with fire.</p> <p>(14) Then I went on to the gate of the fountain, and to the king's pool: but <i>there was</i> no place for the beast <i>that was</i> under me to pass.</p>	<p>(8) And a letter to Asaph the keeper of the king's forest, that he may give me timber to make beams for the gates of the palace which <i>belonged</i> to the house, and for the wall of the city, and for the house that I shall enter into. And the king granted me, according to the good hand of my God upon me.</p> <p>(9) Then I came to the governors beyond the river, and gave them the king's letters. Now the king had sent captains of the army and horsemen with me.</p> <p>(10) When Sanballat the Horonite, and Tobiah the servant, the Ammonite, heard <i>of it</i>, it grieved them exceedingly that there was coming a man to seek the welfare of the children of Israel.</p> <p>(11) So I came to Jerusalem, and was there three days.</p> <p>(12) And I arose in the night, I and some few men with me; neither did I tell <i>any</i> man what my God had put in my heart to do at Jerusalem: neither <i>was there any</i> beast with me, except the beast that I rode upon.</p> <p>(13) And I went out by night by the gate of the valley, even before the dragon well, and to the dung port, and viewed the walls of Jerusalem, which were broken down, and its gates were consumed with fire.</p> <p>(14) Then I went on to the gate of the fountain, and to the king's pool: but <i>there was</i> no place for the beast <i>that was</i> under me to pass.</p>
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<p>(15) Then went I up in the night by the brook, and viewed the wall, and turned back, and entered by the gate of the valley, and so returned.</p> <p>(16) And the rulers knew not whither I went, or what I did; neither had I as yet told <i>it</i> to the Jews, nor to the priests, nor to the nobles, nor to the rulers, nor to the rest that did the work.</p> <p>(17) Then said I unto them, Ye see the distress that we <i>are</i> in, how Jerusalem <i>lieth</i> waste, and the gates thereof are burned with fire: come, and let us build up the wall of Jerusalem, that we be no more a reproach.</p> <p>(18) Then I told them of the hand of my God which was good upon me; as also the king's words that he had spoken unto me. And they said, Let us rise up and build. So they strengthened their hands for <i>this good work</i>.</p> <p>(19) But when Sanballat the Horonite, and Tobiah the servant, the Ammonite, and Geshem the Arabian, heard <i>it</i>, they laughed us to scorn, and despised us, and said, What is this thing that ye do? will ye rebel against the king?</p> <p>(20) Then answered I them, and said unto them, The God of heaven, he will prosper us; therefore we his servants will arise and build: but ye have no portion, nor right, nor memorial, in Jerusalem.</p>	<p>(15) Then I went up in the night by the brook, and viewed the wall, and turned back, and entered by the gate of the valley, and so returned.</p> <p>(16) And the rulers did not know where I went, or what I did; neither had I as yet told <i>it</i> to the Jews, nor to the priests, nor to the nobles, nor to the rulers, nor to the rest who did the work.</p> <p>(17) Then said I to them, You see the distress that we <i>are</i> in, how Jerusalem <i>lies</i> in waste, and its gates are burned with fire: come, and let us build up the wall of Jerusalem, that we may no more be a reproach.</p> <p>(18) Then I told them of the hand of my God Who was good towards me; as also the king's words that he had spoken to me. And they said, Let us rise up and build. So they strengthened their hands for <i>this good work</i>.</p> <p>(19) But when Sanballat the Horonite, and Tobiah the servant, the Ammonite, and Geshem the Arabian, heard <i>it</i>, they laughed us to scorn, and despised us, and said, What is this thing that you do? will you rebel against the king?</p> <p>(20) Then I answered them, and said to them, The God of heaven will prosper us; therefore we His servants will arise and build: but you have no part, nor right, nor memorial, in Jerusalem.</p>

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<p>Chapter 3</p> <p>(1) Then Eliashib the high priest rose up with his brethren the priests, and they builded the sheep gate; they sanctified it, and set up the doors of it; even unto the tower of Meah they sanctified it, unto the tower of Hananeel.</p> <p>(2) And next unto him builded the men of Jericho. And next to them builded Zaccur the son of Imri.</p> <p>(3) But the fish gate did the sons of Hassenaah build, who <i>also</i> laid the beams thereof, and set up the doors thereof, the locks thereof, and the bars thereof.</p> <p>(4) And next unto them repaired Meremoth the son of Urijah, the son of Koz. And next unto them repaired Meshullam the son of Berechiah, the son of Meshezabeel. And next unto them repaired Zadok the son of Baana.</p> <p>(5) And next unto them the Tekoites repaired; but their nobles put not their necks to the work of their Lord.</p> <p>(6) Moreover the old gate repaired Jehoiada the son of Paseah, and Meshullam the son of Besodeiah; they laid the beams thereof, and set up the doors thereof, and the locks thereof, and the bars thereof.</p> <p>(7) And next unto them repaired Melatiah the Gibeonite, and Jadon the Meronothite, the men of Gibeon, and of Mizpah, unto the throne of the governor on this side the river.</p>	<p>Chapter 3</p> <p>(1) Then Eliashib {God will restore}^a the high priest rose up with his brothers the priests, and they built the sheep gate; they sanctified it, and set up its doors; even to the tower of Meah they sanctified it, to the tower of Hananeel.</p> <p>(2) And next to him the men of Jericho built. And next to them Zaccur the son of Imri built.</p> <p>(3) But the fish gate the sons of Hassenaah built, who <i>also</i> laid its beams, and set up its doors, its locks, and its bars.</p> <p>(4) And next to them Meremoth the son of Urijah, the son of Koz repaired. And next to them Meshullam the son of Berechiah, the son of Meshezabeel repaired. And next to them Zadok the son of Baana repaired.</p> <p>(5) And next to them the Tekoites repaired; but their nobles did not put their necks to the work of their Lord.</p> <p>(6) Moreover the old gate Jehoiada the son of Paseah repaired, and Meshullam the son of Besodeiah; laid its beams, and set up its doors, and its locks, and its bars.</p> <p>(7) And next to them Melatiah the Gibeonite, and Jadon the Meronothite, the men of Gibeon, and of Mizpah repaired, to the throne of the governor on this side {west} of the river {the Jordan River}.</p>
<p>3:1a - Eliashib {אלישיב} - God will restore</p>	

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<p>(8) Next unto him repaired Uzziel the son of Harhaiah, of the goldsmiths. Next unto him also repaired Hananiah the son of <i>one of</i> the apothecaries, and they fortified Jerusalem unto the broad wall.</p> <p>(9) And next unto them repaired Rephaiah the son of Hur, the ruler of the half part of Jerusalem.</p> <p>(10) And next unto them repaired Jedaiah the son of Harumaph, even over against his house. And next unto him repaired Hattush the son of Hashabniah.</p> <p>(11) Malchijah the son of Harim, and Hashub the son of Pahathmoab, repaired the other piece, and the tower of the furnaces.</p> <p>(12) And next unto him repaired Shallum the son of Halohesh, the ruler of the half part of Jerusalem, he and his daughters.</p> <p>(13) The valley gate repaired Hanun, and the inhabitants of Zanoah; they built it, and set up the doors thereof, the locks thereof, and the bars thereof, and a thousand cubits on the wall unto the dung gate.</p> <p>(14) But the dung gate repaired Malchiah the son of Rechab, the ruler of part of Bethhacerem; he built it, and set up the doors thereof, the locks thereof, and the bars thereof.</p>	<p>(8) Next to him Uzziel the son of Harhaiah, of the goldsmiths repaired. Next to him also Hananiah the son of <i>one of</i> the perfume makers repaired, and they fortified Jerusalem to the broad wall.</p> <p>(9) And next to them Rephaiah the son of Hur, the ruler of the half part of Jerusalem repaired.</p> <p>(10) And next to them Jedaiah the son of Harumaph repaired, even opposite his house. And next to him Hattush the son of Hashabniah repaired.</p> <p>(11) Malchijah the son of Harim, and Hashub the son of Pahathmoab, repaired the other piece, and the tower of the furnaces.</p> <p>(12) And next to him Shallum the son of Halohesh, the ruler of the half part of Jerusalem repaired, he and his daughters.</p> <p>(13) The valley gate Hanun repaired, and the people who lived in Zanoah; they built it, and set up its doors, its locks, and its bars, and a thousand cubits^b {about 1500 ft.; 457 m.} on the wall to the dung gate.</p> <p>(14) But the dung gate Malchiah the son of Rechab, the ruler of part of Bethhacerem repaired; he built it, and set up its doors, its locks, and its bars.</p>
<p>3:13b - 1000 cubits - about 1500 feet or 457 meters - see Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</p>	
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<p>(15) But the gate of the fountain repaired Shallun the son of Colhozeh, the ruler of part of Mizpah; he built it, and covered it, and set up the doors thereof, the locks thereof, and the bars thereof, and the wall of the pool of Siloah by the king's garden, and unto the stairs that go down from the city of David.</p> <p>(16) After him repaired Nehemiah the son of Azbuk, the ruler of the half part of Bethzur, unto <i>the place</i> over against the sepulchres of David, and to the pool that was made, and unto the house of the mighty.</p> <p>(17) After him repaired the Levites, Rehum the son of Bani. Next unto him repaired Hashabiah, the ruler of the half part of Keilah, in his part.</p> <p>(18) After him repaired their brethren, Bavai the son of Henadad, the ruler of the half part of Keilah.</p> <p>(19) And next to him repaired Ezer the son of Jeshua, the ruler of Mizpah, another piece over against the going up to the armoury at the turning <i>of the wall</i>.</p> <p>(20) After him Baruch the son of Zabbai earnestly repaired the other piece, from the turning <i>of the wall</i> unto the door of the house of Eliashib the high priest.</p> <p>(21) After him repaired Meremoth the son of Urijah the son of Koz another piece, from the door of the house of Eliashib even to the end of the house of Eliashib.</p>	<p>(15) But the gate of the fountain Shallun the son of Colhozeh, the ruler of part of Mizpah repaired; he built it, and covered it, and set up its doors, its locks, and its bars, and the wall of the pool of Siloah by the king's garden, and to the stairs that go down from the city of David.</p> <p>(16) After him Nehemiah the son of Azbuk repaired, the ruler of the half part of Bethzur, to <i>the place</i> opposite the tombs of David, and to the pool that was made, and to the house of the mighty.</p> <p>(17) After him the Levites, Rehum the son of Bani repaired. Next to him Hashabiah, the ruler of the half part of Keilah, in his part repaired.</p> <p>(18) After him their brothers, Bavai the son of Henadad, the ruler of the half part of Keilah repaired.</p> <p>(19) And next to him Ezer the son of Jeshua, the ruler of Mizpah repaired, another piece opposite the ascent to the armoury at the turning <i>of the wall</i>.</p> <p>(20) After him Baruch the son of Zabbai earnestly repaired the other piece, from the turning <i>of the wall</i> to the door of the house of Eliashib the high priest.</p> <p>(21) After him Meremoth the son of Urijah the son of Koz repaired another piece, from the door of the house of Eliashib even to the end of the house of Eliashib.</p>

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<p>(22) And after him repaired the priests, the men of the plain.</p> <p>(23) After him repaired Benjamin and Hashub over against their house. After him repaired Azariah the son of Maaseiah the son of Ananiah by his house.</p> <p>(24) After him repaired Binnui the son of Henadad another piece, from the house of Azariah unto the turning <i>of the wall</i>, even unto the corner.</p> <p>(25) Palal the son of Uzai, over against the turning <i>of the wall</i>, and the tower which lieth out from the king's high house, that <i>was</i> by the court of the prison. After him Pedaiah the son of Parosh.</p> <p>(26) Moreover the Nethinims dwelt in Ophel, unto <i>the place</i> over against the water gate toward the east, and the tower that lieth out.</p> <p>(27) After them the Tekoites repaired another piece, over against the great tower that lieth out, even unto the wall of Ophel.</p> <p>(28) From above the horse gate repaired the priests, every one over against his house.</p> <p>(29) After them repaired Zadok the son of Immer over against his house. After him repaired also Shemaiah the son of Shechaniah, the keeper of the east gate.</p> <p>(30) After him repaired Hananiah the son of Shelemiah, and Hanun the sixth son of Zalaph, another piece. After him repaired Meshullam the son of Berechiah over against his chamber.</p>	<p>(22) And after him the priests, the men of the plain repaired.</p> <p>(23) After him Benjamin and Hashub repaired opposite their house. After him Azariah the son of Maaseiah the son of Ananiah repaired by his house.</p> <p>(24) After him Binnui the son of Henadad repaired another piece, from the house of Azariah to the turning <i>of the wall</i>, even to the corner.</p> <p>(25) Palal the son of Uzai, opposite the turning <i>of the wall</i>, and the tower which lies out from the king's high house, that <i>was</i> by the court of the prison. After him Pedaiah the son of Parosh.</p> <p>(26) Moreover the Nethinims {temple servants} lived in Ophel, to <i>the place</i> opposite the water gate towards the east, and the tower that lies out.</p> <p>(27) After them the Tekoites repaired another piece, opposite the great tower that lies out, even to the wall of Ophel.</p> <p>(28) From above the horse gate the priests repaired, every one opposite his house.</p> <p>(29) After them Zadok the son of Immer repaired opposite his house. After him also Shemaiah the son of Shechaniah repaired, the keeper of the east gate.</p> <p>(30) After him Hananiah the son of Shelemiah, and Hanun the sixth son of Zalaph repaired, another piece. After him Meshullam the son of Berechiah repaired opposite his chamber.</p>
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<p>(31) After him repaired Malchiah the goldsmith's son unto the place of the Nethinims, and of the merchants, over against the gate Miphkad, and to the going up of the corner.</p> <p>(32) And between the going up of the corner unto the sheep gate repaired the goldsmiths and the merchants.</p> <p>Chapter 4</p> <p>(1) But it came to pass, that when Sanballat heard that we builded the wall, he was wroth, and took great indignation, and mocked the Jews.</p> <p>(2) And he spake before his brethren and the army of Samaria, and said, What do these feeble Jews? will they fortify themselves? will they sacrifice? will they make an end in a day? will they revive the stones out of the heaps of the rubbish which are burned?</p> <p>(3) Now Tobiah the Ammonite <i>was</i> by him, and he said, Even that which they build, if a fox go up, he shall even break down their stone wall.</p> <p>(4) Hear, O our God; for we are despised: and turn their reproach upon their own head, and give them for a prey in the land of captivity:</p> <p>(5) And cover not their iniquity, and let not their sin be blotted out from before thee: for they have provoked <i>thee</i> to anger before the builders.</p>	<p>(31) After him Malchiah the goldsmith's son repaired to the place of the Nethinims {temple servants}, and of the merchants, opposite the gate Miphkad, and to the going up of the corner.</p> <p>(32) And between the going up of the corner to the sheep gate the goldsmiths and the merchants repaired.</p> <p>Chapter 4</p> <p>(1) But it came to pass, that when Sanballat heard that we built the wall, he was angry, and took great indignation, and mocked the Jews.</p> <p>(2) And he spoke before his brothers and the army of Samaria, and said, What are these feeble Jews doing? will they fortify themselves? will they sacrifice? will they make an end in a day? will they revive the stones out of the heaps of the rubbish which are burned?</p> <p>(3) Now Tobiah the Ammonite <i>was</i> by him, and he said, Even that which they build, if a fox goes up, he shall even break down their stone wall.</p> <p>(4) Hear, O our God; because we are despised: and turn their reproach upon their own head, and give them for a prey in the land of captivity:</p> <p>(5) And do not cover their sin, and do not let their sin be blotted out from before You: because they have provoked <i>You</i> to anger before the builders.</p>
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<p>(6) So built we the wall; and all the wall was joined together unto the half thereof: for the people had a mind to work.</p> <p>(7) But it came to pass, <i>that</i> when Sanballat, and Tobiah, and the Arabians, and the Ammonites, and the Ashdodites, heard that the walls of Jerusalem were made up, <i>and</i> that the breaches began to be stopped, then they were very wroth,</p> <p>(8) And conspired all of them together to come <i>and</i> to fight against Jerusalem, and to hinder it.</p> <p>(9) Nevertheless we made our prayer unto our God, and set a watch against them day and night, because of them.</p> <p>(10) And Judah said, The strength of the bearers of burdens is decayed, and <i>there is</i> much rubbish; so that we are not able to build the wall.</p> <p>(11) And our adversaries said, They shall not know, neither see, till we come in the midst among them, and slay them, and cause the work to cease.</p> <p>(12) And it came to pass, that when the Jews which dwelt by them came, they said unto us ten times, From all places whence ye shall return unto us <i>they will be upon you</i>.</p> <p>(13) Therefore set I in the lower places behind the wall, <i>and</i> on the higher places, I even set the people after their families with their swords, their spears, and their bows.</p>	<p>(6) So we built the wall; and all the wall was joined together to half its height: because the people had a mind to work.</p> <p>(7) But it came to pass, <i>that</i> when Sanballat, and Tobiah, and the Arabians, and the Ammonites, and the Ashdodites, heard that the walls of Jerusalem were made up, <i>and</i> that the breaches began to be stopped, then they were very angry,</p> <p>(8) And all of them conspired together to come <i>and</i> to fight against Jerusalem, and to hinder it.</p> <p>(9) Nevertheless we made our prayer to our God, and set a watch against them day and night, because of them.</p> <p>(10) And Judah said, The strength of those who carry burdens has decayed, and <i>there is</i> much rubbish; so that we are not able to build the wall.</p> <p>(11) And our adversaries said, They shall not know, neither see, until we come in the midst among them, and kill them, and cause the work to cease.</p> <p>(12) And it came to pass, that when the Jews who lived by them came, they said to us ten times, From all places where you shall return to us <i>they will be upon you</i>.</p> <p>(13) Therefore I set in the lower places behind the wall, <i>and</i> on the higher places, I even set the people after their families with their swords, their spears, and their bows.</p>

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(14) And I looked, and rose up, and said unto the nobles, and to the rulers, and to the rest of the people, Be not ye afraid of them: remember the Lord, *which is* great and terrible, and fight for your brethren, your sons, and your daughters, your wives, and your houses.

(15) And it came to pass, when our enemies heard that it was known unto us, and God had brought their counsel to nought, that we returned all of us to the wall, every one unto his work.

(16) And it came to pass from that time forth, *that* the half of my servants wrought in the work, and the other half of them held both the spears, the shields, and the bows, and the habergeons; and the rulers *were* behind all the house of Judah.

(17) They which builded on the wall, and they that bare burdens, with those that laded, *every one* with one of his hands wrought in the work, and with the other *hand* held a weapon.

(18) For the builders, every one had his sword girded by his side, and *so* builded. And he that sounded the trumpet *was* by me.

(19) And I said unto the nobles, and to the rulers, and to the rest of the people, The work *is* great and large, and we are separated upon the wall, one far from another.

(20) In what place *therefore* ye hear the sound of the trumpet, resort ye thither unto us: our God shall fight for us.

(14) And I looked, and rose up, and said to the nobles, and to the rulers, and to the rest of the people, Do not be afraid of them: remember the Lord, *Who is* great and terrible, and fight for your brothers, your sons, and your daughters, your wives, and your houses.

(15) And it came to pass, when our enemies heard that it was known to us, and God had brought their counsel to nothing, that we all returned to the wall, everyone to his work.

(16) And it came to pass from that time forth, *that* the half of my servants did the work, and the other half of them held both the spears, the shields, and the bows, and the armor; and the rulers *were* behind all the house of Judah.

(17) Those who built on the wall, and those who carried burdens, with those who lifted the materials, *everyone* with one of his hands did the work, and with the other *hand* held a weapon.

(18) Because the builders, everyone had his sword fastened by his side, and *so* built. And he who sounded the trumpet *was* by me.

(19) And I said to the nobles, and to the rulers, and to the rest of the people, The work *is* great and large, and we are separated upon the wall, one far from another.

(20) *Therefore* in whatever place you hear the sound of the trumpet, come there to us: our God shall fight for us.

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(21) So we laboured in the work: and half of them held the spears from the rising of the morning till the stars appeared.</p> <p>(22) Likewise at the same time said I unto the people, Let every one with his servant lodge within Jerusalem, that in the night they may be a guard to us, and labour on the day.</p> <p>(23) So neither I, nor my brethren, nor my servants, nor the men of the guard which followed me, none of us put off our clothes, <i>saving that</i> every one put them off for washing.</p> <p>Chapter 5</p> <p>(1) And there was a great cry of the people and of their wives against their brethren the Jews.</p> <p>(2) For there were that said, We, our sons, and our daughters, <i>are</i> many: therefore we take up corn <i>for them</i>, that we may eat, and live.</p> <p>(3) <i>Some</i> also there were that said, We have mortgaged our lands, vineyards, and houses, that we might buy corn, because of the dearth.</p> <p>(4) There were also that said, We have borrowed money for the king's tribute, <i>and that upon</i> our lands and vineyards.</p>	<p>(21) So we labored in the work: and half of them held the spears from the rising of the morning until the stars appeared.</p> <p>(22) Likewise at the same time I said to the people, Let everyone with his servant lodge within Jerusalem, that in the night they may be a guard to us, and labor in the day.</p> <p>(23) So neither I, nor my brothers, nor my servants, nor the men of the guard who followed me, none of us put off our clothes, <i>except</i> every one put them off for washing.</p> <p>Chapter 5</p> <p>(1) And there was a great cry of the people and of their wives against their brothers the Jews.</p> <p>(2) Because there were those who said, We, our sons, and our daughters, <i>are</i> many: therefore we take up corn <i>for them</i>, that we may eat, and live.</p> <p>(3) There were <i>some</i> also who said, We have mortgaged our lands, vineyards, and houses, that we might buy corn, because of the drought.</p> <p>(4) There were also those who said, We have borrowed money for the king's taxes, <i>and that upon</i> our lands and vineyards.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(5) Yet now our flesh <i>is</i> as the flesh of our brethren, our children as their children: and, lo, we bring into bondage our sons and our daughters to be servants, and <i>some</i> of our daughters are brought unto bondage <i>already</i>: neither <i>is it</i> in our power <i>to redeem them</i>; for other men have our lands and vineyards.</p> <p>(6) And I was very angry when I heard their cry and these words.</p> <p>(7) Then I consulted with myself, and I rebuked the nobles, and the rulers, and said unto them, Ye exact usury, every one of his brother. And I set a great assembly against them.</p> <p>(8) And I said unto them, We after our ability have redeemed our brethren the Jews, which were sold unto the heathen; and will ye even sell your brethren? or shall they be sold unto us? Then held they their peace, and found nothing <i>to answer</i>.</p> <p>(9) Also I said, It <i>is</i> not good that ye do: ought ye not to walk in the fear of our God because of the reproach of the heathen our enemies?</p> <p>(10) I likewise, <i>and</i> my brethren, and my servants, might exact of them money and corn: I pray you, let us leave off this usury.</p> <p>(11) Restore, I pray you, to them, even this day, their lands, their vineyards, their oliveyards, and their houses, also the hundredth <i>part</i> of the money, and of the corn, the wine, and the oil, that ye exact of them.</p>	<p>(5) Yet now our flesh <i>is</i> as the flesh of our brothers, our children as their children: and, look, we bring our sons and our daughters into bondage to be servants, and <i>some</i> of our daughters are brought to bondage <i>already</i>: neither <i>is it</i> in our power <i>to redeem them</i>; because other men have our lands and vineyards.</p> <p>(6) And I was very angry when I heard their cry and these words.</p> <p>(7) Then I consulted with myself, and I rebuked the nobles, and the rulers, and said to them, You all charge usury {interest}^a, to your brothers. And I set a great assembly against them.</p> <p>(8) And I said to them, We after our ability have redeemed our brothers the Jews, which were sold to the heathen {ungodly nations}; and will you even sell your brothers? or shall they be sold to us? Then they held their peace, and found nothing <i>to answer</i>.</p> <p>(9) Also I said, It <i>is</i> not good what you do: shouldn't you walk in the fear of our God because of the reproach of the heathen {ungodly nations} our enemies?</p> <p>(10) I likewise, <i>and</i> my brothers, and my servants, might exact of them money and corn: I beg you, let us leave off this usury.</p> <p>(11) I ask you to restore, to them, even this day, their lands, their vineyards, their olivegroves, and their houses, also the hundredth <i>part</i>^a of the money, and of the corn, the wine, and the oil, that you exact of them.</p>
<p>5:7,11a - some argue that usury is an exorbitant interest rate -- here it is clear that 1 percent is unacceptable to the Lord – the law of Moses was very specific in forbidding the charging of interest to fellow Jews [Deut. 23:19-20]; but they were allowed to charge whatever interest they could get to non-Jews {unbelievers}.</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;">16.014 Nehemiah Chapter 5 (Page 1578)</p>	

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(12) Then said they, We will restore <i>them</i>, and will require nothing of them; so will we do as thou sayest. Then I called the priests, and took an oath of them, that they should do according to this promise.</p> <p>(13) Also I shook my lap, and said, So God shake out every man from his house, and from his labour, that performeth not this promise, even thus be he shaken out, and emptied. And all the congregation said, Amen, and praised the LORD. And the people did according to this promise.</p> <p>(14) Moreover from the time that I was appointed to be their governor in the land of Judah, from the twentieth year even unto the two and thirtieth year of Artaxerxes the king, <i>that is</i>, twelve years, I and my brethren have not eaten the bread of the governor.</p> <p>(15) But the former governors that <i>had been</i> before me were chargeable unto the people, and had taken of them bread and wine, beside forty shekels of silver; yea, even their servants bare rule over the people: but so did not I, because of the fear of God.</p> <p>(16) Yea, also I continued in the work of this wall, neither bought we any land: and all my servants <i>were</i> gathered thither unto the work.</p> <p>(17) Moreover <i>there were</i> at my table an hundred and fifty of the Jews and rulers, beside those that came unto us from among the heathen that <i>are</i> about us.</p>	<p>(12) Then they said, We will restore <i>them</i>, and will require nothing of them; so we will do as you have said. Then I called the priests, and took an oath of them, that they should do according to this promise.</p> <p>(13) Also I shook my lap, and said, So God shake out every man from his house, and from his labor, who does not perform this promise, even in this manner may he be shaken out, and emptied. And all the congregation said, Amen {let it be}, and praised the LORD {Jehovah}. And the people did according to this promise.</p> <p>(14) Furthermore from the time that I was appointed to be their governor in the land of Judah, from the twentieth year even to the thirty-second year of Artaxerxes the king {3628 A.H./C-414 B.C.}[*], <i>that is</i>, twelve years, I and my brothers have not eaten the bread of the governor.</p> <p>(15) But the former governors who <i>had been</i> before me were chargeable to the people, and had taken from them bread and wine, besides forty shekels {about 16 oz.; 1 lb.; 454 gm.}^b of silver; yes, even their servants bore rule over the people: but I did not, because of the fear of God.</p> <p>(16) Yes, also I continued in the work of this wall, neither did we buy any land: and all my servants <i>were</i> gathered there to the work.</p> <p>(17) Furthermore <i>there were</i> at my table a hundred and fifty of the Jews and rulers, besides those who came to us from among the heathen {ungodly nations} who <i>are</i> around us.</p>

5:15b - shekel = 0.4 ounces = 11.4 grams – see [Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures](#)

32nd year of Artaxerxes [Also known as Ahasuerus], 39 years after Cyrus decree
[*3628 A.H./C-414 B.C.] - see [Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History](#)

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(18) Now <i>that</i> which was prepared <i>for me</i> daily <i>was</i> one ox <i>and</i> six choice sheep; also fowls were prepared for me, and once in ten days store of all sorts of wine: yet for all this required not I the bread of the governor, because the bondage was heavy upon this people.</p> <p>(19) Think upon me, my God, for good, <i>according</i> to all that I have done for this people.</p> <p>Chapter 6</p> <p>(1) Now it came to pass, when Sanballat, and Tobiah, and Geshem the Arabian, and the rest of our enemies, heard that I had builded the wall, and <i>that</i> there was no breach left therein; (though at that time I had not set up the doors upon the gates;)</p> <p>(2) That Sanballat and Geshem sent unto me, saying, Come, let us meet together in <i>some one of</i> the villages in the plain of Ono. But they thought to do me mischief.</p> <p>(3) And I sent messengers unto them, saying, I <i>am</i> doing a great work, so that I cannot come down: why should the work cease, whilst I leave it, and come down to you?</p> <p>(4) Yet they sent unto me four times after this sort; and I answered them after the same manner.</p> <p>(5) Then sent Sanballat his servant unto me in like manner the fifth time with an open letter in his hand;</p>	<p>(18) Now <i>that</i> which was prepared <i>for me</i> daily <i>was</i> one ox <i>and</i> six choice sheep; also birds were prepared for me, and once in ten days store of all sorts of wine: yet for all this I did not require the bread of the governor, because the bondage was heavy upon this people.</p> <p>(19) Think of me, my God, because of the good, <i>according</i> to all that I have done for these people.</p> <p>Chapter 6</p> <p>(1) Now it came to pass, when Sanballat, and Tobiah, and Geshem the Arabian, and the rest of our enemies, heard that I had built the wall, and <i>that</i> there was no breach left in it; (though at that time I had not set up the doors upon the gates;)</p> <p>(2) That Sanballat and Geshem sent to me, saying, Come, let us meet together in <i>one of</i> the villages in the plain of Ono. But they thought to do me mischief.</p> <p>(3) And I sent messengers to them, saying, I <i>am</i> doing a great work, so that I cannot come down: why should the work cease, while I leave it, and come down to you?</p> <p>(4) Yet they sent to me four times after this sort; and I answered them after the same manner.</p> <p>(5) Then Sanballat sent his servant to me in like manner the fifth time with an open letter in his hand;</p>
16.016 Nehemiah Chapter 5-6 (Page 1580)	

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(6) Wherein <i>was</i> written, It is reported among the heathen, and Gashmu saith <i>it, that</i> thou and the Jews think to rebel: for which cause thou buildest the wall, that thou mayest be their king, according to these words.</p> <p>(7) And thou hast also appointed prophets to preach of thee at Jerusalem, saying, <i>There is</i> a king in Judah: and now shall it be reported to the king according to these words. Come now therefore, and let us take counsel together.</p> <p>(8) Then I sent unto him, saying, There are no such things done as thou sayest, but thou feignest them out of thine own heart.</p> <p>(9) For they all made us afraid, saying, Their hands shall be weakened from the work, that it be not done. Now therefore, <i>O God</i>, strengthen my hands.</p> <p>(10) Afterward I came unto the house of Shemaiah the son of Delaiah the son of Mehetabeel, who <i>was</i> shut up; and he said, Let us meet together in the house of God, within the temple, and let us shut the doors of the temple: for they will come to slay thee; yea, in the night will they come to slay thee.</p> <p>(11) And I said, Should such a man as I flee? and who <i>is there</i>, that, <i>being</i> as I <i>am</i>, would go into the temple to save his life? I will not go in.</p>	<p>(6) In which <i>was</i> written, It is reported among the heathen {ungodly nations}, and Gashmu says <i>it, that</i> you and the Jews think to rebel: which is the reason that you build the wall, that you may be their king, according to these words.</p> <p>(7) And you have also appointed prophets to preach of you at Jerusalem, saying, <i>There is</i> a king in Judah: and now shall it be reported to the king according to these words. Come now therefore, and let us take counsel together.</p> <p>(8) Then I sent to him, saying, There are no such things done that you say, but you pretend them out of your own heart.</p> <p>(9) Because they all made us afraid, saying, Their hands shall be weakened from the work, that it not be done. Now therefore, <i>O God</i>, strengthen my hands.</p> <p>(10) Afterward I came to the house of Shemaiah the son of Delaiah the son of Mehetabeel, who <i>was</i> shut up; and he said, Let us meet together in the house {temple} of God, inside the temple, and let us shut the doors of the temple: because they will come to kill you; yes, in the night they will come to kill you.</p> <p>(11) And I said, Should such a man as I flee? and who <i>is there</i>, that, <i>being</i> as I <i>am</i>, would go into the temple to save his life? I will not go in.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(12) And, lo, I perceived that God had not sent him; but that he pronounced this prophecy against me: for Tobiah and Sanballat had hired him.</p> <p>(13) Therefore <i>was</i> he hired, that I should be afraid, and do so, and sin, and <i>that</i> they might have <i>matter</i> for an evil report, that they might reproach me.</p> <p>(14) My God, think thou upon Tobiah and Sanballat according to these their works, and on the prophetess Noadiah, and the rest of the prophets, that would have put me in fear.</p> <p>(15) So the wall was finished in the twenty and fifth <i>day of the month</i> Elul, in fifty and two days.</p> <p>(16) And it came to pass, that when all our enemies heard <i>thereof</i>, and all the heathen that <i>were</i> about us saw <i>these things</i>, they were much cast down in their own eyes: for they perceived that this work was wrought of our God.</p> <p>(17) Moreover in those days the nobles of Judah sent many letters unto Tobiah, and <i>the letters</i> of Tobiah came unto them.</p> <p>(18) For <i>there were</i> many in Judah sworn unto him, because he <i>was</i> the son in law of Shechaniah the son of Arah; and his son Johanan had taken the daughter of Meshullam the son of Berechiah.</p> <p>(19) Also they reported his good deeds before me, and uttered my words to him. <i>And</i> Tobiah sent letters to put me in fear.</p>	<p>(12) And, indeed, I perceived that God had not sent him; but that he pronounced this prophecy against me: because Tobiah and Sanballat had hired him.</p> <p>(13) Therefore he <i>was</i> hired, that I should be afraid, and do so, and sin, and <i>that</i> they might have a <i>reason</i> for an evil report, that they might reproach me.</p> <p>(14) My God, consider Tobiah and Sanballat according to these their works, and on the prophetess Noadiah, and the rest of the prophets, who would have put me in fear.</p> <p>(15) So the wall was finished in the twenty and fifth <i>day of the month</i> Elul {Ellul [Aug./Sep.]}, in fifty-two days.^a</p> <p>(16) And it came to pass, that when all our enemies heard <i>of it</i>, and all the heathen {ungodly nations} who <i>were</i> around us saw <i>these things</i>, they were much cast down in their own eyes: because they perceived that this work was done of our God.</p> <p>(17) Moreover in those days the nobles of Judah sent many letters to Tobiah, and <i>the letters</i> of Tobiah came to them.</p> <p>(18) Because <i>there were</i> many in Judah sworn to him, because he <i>was</i> the son-in-law of Shechaniah the son of Arah; and his son Johanan had taken the daughter of Meshullam the son of Berechiah.</p> <p>(19) Also they reported his good deeds before me, and repeated my words to him. <i>And</i> Tobiah sent letters to put me in fear.</p>
<p>6:15a – Ellul 25 [Aug./Sept.] the wall is finished – in 52 days - See Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days. See also The Jewish Calendar at www.TheWordNotes.com</p>	

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>Chapter 7 (1) Now it came to pass, when the wall was built, and I had set up the doors, and the porters and the singers and the Levites were appointed, (2) That I gave my brother Hanani, and Hananiah the ruler of the palace, charge over Jerusalem: for he <i>was</i> a faithful man, and feared God above many. (3) And I said unto them, Let not the gates of Jerusalem be opened until the sun be hot; and while they stand by, let them shut the doors, and bar <i>them</i>: and appoint watches of the inhabitants of Jerusalem, every one in his watch, and every one <i>to be</i> over against his house. (4) Now the city <i>was</i> large and great: but the people <i>were</i> few therein, and the houses <i>were</i> not builded. (5) And my God put into mine heart to gather together the nobles, and the rulers, and the people, that they might be reckoned by genealogy. And I found a register of the genealogy of them which came up at the first, and found written therein, (6) These <i>are</i> the children of the province, that went up out of the captivity, of those that had been carried away, whom Nebuchadnezzar the king of Babylon had carried away, and came again to Jerusalem and to Judah, every one unto his city;</p>	<p>Chapter 7 (1) Now it came to pass, when the wall was built, and I had set up the doors, and the porters {gate-keepers} and the singers and the Levites were appointed, (2) That I gave my brother Hanania^a, and Hananiah the ruler of the palace, charge over Jerusalem: because he <i>was</i> a faithful man, and feared God above many. (3) And I said to them, Do not let the gates of Jerusalem be opened until the sun is hot; and while they stand by, let them shut the doors, and bar <i>them</i>: and appoint watches of the people who live in Jerusalem, everyone in his watch, and every one <i>to be</i> opposite his house. (4) Now the city <i>was</i> large and great: but the people <i>were</i> few in it, and the houses <i>were</i> not built. (5) And my God put into my heart to gather together the nobles, and the rulers, and the people, that they might be reckoned by genealogy. And I found a register of the genealogy of those who came up at the first, and found written in it, (6) These <i>are</i> the children of the province, who went up out of the captivity, of those who had been carried away, whom Nebuchadnezzar the king of Babylon had carried away, and came again to Jerusalem and to Judah, everyone to his city;</p>
7:2a – Neh. 1:2	
16.019 Nehemiah Chapter 7 (Page 1583)	

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(7) Who came with Zerubbabel, Jeshua, Nehemiah, Azariah, Raamiah, Nahamani, Mordecai, Bilshan, Mispereth, Bigvai, Nehum, Baanah. The number, <i>I say</i>, of the men of the people of Israel <i>was this</i>;</p> <p>(8) The children of Parosh, two thousand an hundred seventy and two.</p> <p>(9) The children of Shephatiah, three hundred seventy and two.</p> <p>(10) The children of Arah, six hundred fifty and two.</p> <p>(11) The children of Pahathmoab, of the children of Jeshua and Joab, two thousand and eight hundred <i>and</i> eighteen.</p> <p>(12) The children of Elam, a thousand two hundred fifty and four.</p> <p>(13) The children of Zattu, eight hundred forty and five.</p> <p>(14) The children of Zaccai, seven hundred and threescore.</p> <p>(15) The children of Binnui, six hundred forty and eight.</p> <p>(16) The children of Bebai, six hundred twenty and eight.</p> <p>(17) The children of Azgad, two thousand three hundred twenty and two.</p> <p>(18) The children of Adonikam, six hundred threescore and seven.</p> <p>(19) The children of Bigvai, two thousand threescore and seven.</p>	<p>(7) Who came with Zerubbabel, Jeshua, Nehemiah, Azariah, Raamiah, Nahamani, Mordecai^b, Bilshan, Mispereth, Bigvai, Nehum, Baanah. The number, <i>I say</i>, of the men of the people of Israel <i>was this</i>;</p> <p>(8) The children of Parosh, two thousand one hundred seventy-two.</p> <p>(9) The children of Shephatiah, three hundred seventy-two.</p> <p>(10) The children of Arah, six hundred fifty-two.</p> <p>(11) The children of Pahathmoab, of the children of Jeshua and Joab, two thousand and eight hundred <i>and</i> eighteen.</p> <p>(12) The children of Elam, a thousand two hundred fifty-four.</p> <p>(13) The children of Zattu, eight hundred forty-five.</p> <p>(14) The children of Zaccai, seven hundred and sixty.</p> <p>(15) The children of Binnui, six hundred forty-eight.</p> <p>(16) The children of Bebai, six hundred twenty-eight.</p> <p>(17) The children of Azgad, two thousand three hundred twenty-two.</p> <p>(18) The children of Adonikam, six hundred sixty-seven.</p> <p>(19) The children of Bigvai, two thousand sixty-seven.</p>

7:7b – Mordecai – see Ezra 2:2; Esther 2:5

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(20) The children of Adin, six hundred fifty and five.</p> <p>(21) The children of Ater of Hezekiah, ninety and eight.</p> <p>(22) The children of Hashum, three hundred twenty and eight.</p> <p>(23) The children of Bezai, three hundred twenty and four.</p> <p>(24) The children of Hariph, an hundred and twelve.</p> <p>(25) The children of Gibeon, ninety and five.</p> <p>(26) The men of Bethlehem and Netophah, an hundred fourscore and eight.</p> <p>(27) The men of Anathoth, an hundred twenty and eight.</p> <p>(28) The men of Bethazmaveth, forty and two.</p> <p>(29) The men of Kirjathjearim, Chephirah, and Beeroth, seven hundred forty and three.</p> <p>(30) The men of Ramah and Geba, six hundred twenty and one.</p> <p>(31) The men of Michmas, an hundred and twenty and two.</p> <p>(32) The men of Bethel and Ai, an hundred twenty and three.</p> <p>(33) The men of the other Nebo, fifty and two.</p> <p>(34) The children of the other Elam, a thousand two hundred fifty and four.</p> <p>(35) The children of Harim, three hundred and twenty.</p> <p>(36) The children of Jericho, three hundred forty and five.</p>	<p>(20) The children of Adin, six hundred fifty-five.</p> <p>(21) The children of Ater of Hezekiah, ninety-eight.</p> <p>(22) The children of Hashum, three hundred twenty-eight.</p> <p>(23) The children of Bezai, three hundred twenty-four.</p> <p>(24) The children of Hariph, a hundred and twelve.</p> <p>(25) The children of Gibeon, ninety-five.</p> <p>(26) The men of Bethlehem and Netophah, an hundred eighty-eight.</p> <p>(27) The men of Anathoth, a hundred twenty-eight.</p> <p>(28) The men of Bethazmaveth, forty-two.</p> <p>(29) The men of Kirjathjearim, Chephirah, and Beeroth, seven hundred forty-three.</p> <p>(30) The men of Ramah and Geba, six hundred twenty-one.</p> <p>(31) The men of Michmas, a hundred and twenty-two.</p> <p>(32) The men of Bethel and Ai, a hundred twenty-three.</p> <p>(33) The men of the other Nebo, fifty-two.</p> <p>(34) The children of the other Elam, a thousand two hundred fifty-four.</p> <p>(35) The children of Harim, three hundred and twenty.</p> <p>(36) The children of Jericho, three hundred forty-five.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(37) The children of Lod, Hadid, and Ono, seven hundred twenty and one.</p> <p>(38) The children of Senaah, three thousand nine hundred and thirty.</p> <p>(39) The priests: the children of Jedaiah, of the house of Jeshua, nine hundred seventy and three.</p> <p>(40) The children of Immer, a thousand fifty and two.</p> <p>(41) The children of Pashur, a thousand two hundred forty and seven.</p> <p>(42) The children of Harim, a thousand and seventeen.</p> <p>(43) The Levites: the children of Jeshua, of Kadmiel, <i>and</i> of the children of Hodevah, seventy and four.</p> <p>(44) The singers: the children of Asaph, an hundred forty and eight.</p> <p>(45) The porters: the children of Shallum, the children of Ater, the children of Talmon, the children of Akkub, the children of Hatita, the children of Shobai, an hundred thirty and eight.</p> <p>(46) The Nethinims: the children of Ziha, the children of Hashupha, the children of Tabbaoth,</p> <p>(47) The children of Keros, the children of Sia, the children of Padon,</p> <p>(48) The children of Lebana, the children of Hagaba, the children of Shalmal,</p> <p>(49) The children of Hanan, the children of Giddel, the children of Gahar,</p> <p>(50) The children of Reaiah, the children of Rezin, the children of Nekoda,</p>	<p>(37) The children of Lod, Hadid, and Ono, seven hundred twenty-one.</p> <p>(38) The children of Senaah, three thousand nine hundred and thirty.</p> <p>(39) The priests: the children of Jedaiah, of the house of Jeshua, nine hundred seventy-three.</p> <p>(40) The children of Immer, a thousand fifty-two.</p> <p>(41) The children of Pashur, a thousand two hundred forty-seven.</p> <p>(42) The children of Harim, a thousand and seventeen.</p> <p>(43) The Levites: the children of Jeshua, of Kadmiel, <i>and</i> of the children of Hodevah, seventy-four.</p> <p>(44) The singers: the children of Asaph, an hundred forty-eight.</p> <p>(45) The porters {gate-keepers}: the children of Shallum, the children of Ater, the children of Talmon, the children of Akkub, the children of Hatita, the children of Shobai, a hundred thirty-eight.</p> <p>(46) The Nethinims {temple servants}^c: the children of Ziha, the children of Hashupha, the children of Tabbaoth,</p> <p>(47) The children of Keros, the children of Sia, the children of Padon,</p> <p>(48) The children of Lebana, the children of Hagaba, the children of Shalmal,</p> <p>(49) The children of Hanan, the children of Giddel, the children of Gahar,</p> <p>(50) The children of Reaiah, the children of Rezin, the children of Nekoda,</p>

7:46c - Nethinims {נְתִינִים} – temple servants - slaves

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(51) The children of Gazzam, the children of Uzza, the children of Phaseah,</p> <p>(52) The children of Besai, the children of Meunim, the children of Nephishesim,</p> <p>(53) The children of Bakbuk, the children of Hakupha, the children of Harhur,</p> <p>(54) The children of Bazlith, the children of Mehida, the children of Harsha,</p> <p>(55) The children of Barkos, the children of Sisera, the children of Tamah,</p> <p>(56) The children of Neziah, the children of Hatipha.</p> <p>(57) The children of Solomon's servants: the children of Sotai, the children of Sophereth, the children of Perida,</p> <p>(58) The children of Jaala, the children of Darkon, the children of Giddel,</p> <p>(59) The children of Shephatiah, the children of Hattil, the children of Pochereth of Zebaim, the children of Amon.</p> <p>(60) All the Nethinims, and the children of Solomon's servants, <i>were</i> three hundred ninety and two.</p> <p>(61) And these <i>were</i> they which went up <i>also</i> from Telmelah, Telharesha, Cherub, Addon, and Immer: but they could not shew their father's house, nor their seed, whether they <i>were</i> of Israel.</p> <p>(62) The children of Delaiah, the children of Tobiah, the children of Nekoda, six hundred forty and two.</p> <p>(63) And of the priests: the children of Habaiah, the children of Koz, the children of Barzillai, which took <i>one</i> of the daughters of Barzillai the Gileadite to wife, and was called after their name.</p>	<p>(51) The children of Gazzam, the children of Uzza, the children of Phaseah,</p> <p>(52) The children of Besai, the children of Meunim, the children of Nephishesim,</p> <p>(53) The children of Bakbuk, the children of Hakupha, the children of Harhur,</p> <p>(54) The children of Bazlith, the children of Mehida, the children of Harsha,</p> <p>(55) The children of Barkos, the children of Sisera, the children of Tamah,</p> <p>(56) The children of Neziah, the children of Hatipha.</p> <p>(57) The children of Solomon's servants: the children of Sotai, the children of Sophereth, the children of Perida,</p> <p>(58) The children of Jaala, the children of Darkon, the children of Giddel,</p> <p>(59) The children of Shephatiah, the children of Hattil, the children of Pochereth of Zebaim, the children of Amon.</p> <p>(60) All the Nethinims {temple servants}, and the children of Solomon's servants, <i>were</i> three hundred ninety-two.</p> <p>(61) And these <i>were</i> those who went up <i>also</i> from Telmelah, Telharesha, Cherub, Addon, and Immer: but they could not show their father's house, nor their ancestry, whether they <i>were</i> of Israel.</p> <p>(62) The children of Delaiah, the children of Tobiah, the children of Nekoda, six hundred forty-two.</p> <p>(63) And of the priests: the children of Habaiah, the children of Koz, the children of Barzillai, who took <i>one</i> of the daughters of Barzillai the Gileadite to be his wife, and was called after their name.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(64) These sought their register <i>among</i> those that were reckoned by genealogy, but it was not found: therefore were they, as polluted, put from the priesthood.</p> <p>(65) And the Tirshatha said unto them, that they should not eat of the most holy things, till there stood <i>up</i> a priest with Urim and Thummim.</p> <p>(66) The whole congregation together <i>was</i> forty and two thousand three hundred and threescore,</p> <p>(67) Beside their manservants and their maidservants, of whom <i>there were</i> seven thousand three hundred thirty and seven: and they had two hundred forty and five singing men and singing women.</p> <p>(68) Their horses, seven hundred thirty and six: their mules, two hundred forty and five:</p> <p>(69) <i>Their</i> camels, four hundred thirty and five: six thousand seven hundred and twenty asses.</p> <p>(70) And some of the chief of the fathers gave unto the work. The Tirshatha gave to the treasure a thousand drams of gold, fifty basons, five hundred and thirty priests' garments.</p> <p>(71) And <i>some</i> of the chief of the fathers gave to the treasure of the work twenty thousand drams of gold, and two thousand and two hundred pound of silver.</p> <p>(72) And <i>that</i> which the rest of the people gave <i>was</i> twenty thousand drams of gold, and two thousand pound of silver, and threescore and seven priests' garments.</p>	<p>(64) These sought their register <i>among</i> those who were reckoned by genealogy, but it was not found: therefore they were, as polluted, put from the priesthood.</p> <p>(65) And the Tirshatha said to them, that they should not eat of the most holy things, until there stood <i>up</i> a priest with Urim and Thummim^d.</p> <p>(66) The whole congregation together <i>was</i> forty-two thousand three hundred and sixty,</p> <p>(67) Besides their man-servants and their maidservants, of whom <i>there were</i> seven thousand three hundred thirty-seven: and they had two hundred forty-five singing men and singing women.</p> <p>(68) Their horses, seven hundred thirty-six: their mules, two hundred forty-five:</p> <p>(69) <i>Their</i> camels, four hundred thirty-five: six thousand seven hundred and twenty donkeys.</p> <p>(70) And some of the chief of the fathers gave to the work. the governor gave to the treasure a thousand drams^e {about 154 oz.; 9.6 lbs.; 4.37 kg.} of gold, fifty bowls, five hundred and thirty priests' robes.</p> <p>(71) And <i>some</i> of the chief of the fathers gave to the treasure of the work twenty thousand drams {about 308 oz.; 19.2 lbs.; 8.74 kg.} of gold, and two thousand and two hundred pounds of silver.</p> <p>(72) And <i>that</i> which the rest of the people gave <i>was</i> twenty thousand drams {about 308 oz.; 19.2 lbs.; 8.74 kg.} of gold, and two thousand pounds of silver, and sixty-seven priests' robes.</p>

7:65d - Urim and Thummim – Ex. 28:30
7:70e - dram - about 0.154 ounces or about 4.37 grams
- see [Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures](#)

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(73) So the priests, and the Levites, and the porters, and the singers, and <i>some</i> of the people, and the Nethinims, and all Israel, dwelt in their cities; and when the seventh month came, the children of Israel <i>were</i> in their cities.</p> <p>Chapter 8</p> <p>(1) And all the people gathered themselves together as one man into the street that <i>was</i> before the water gate; and they spake unto Ezra the scribe to bring the book of the law of Moses, which the LORD had commanded to Israel.</p> <p>(2) And Ezra the priest brought the law before the congregation both of men and women, and all that could hear with understanding, upon the first day of the seventh month.</p> <p>(3) And he read therein before the street that <i>was</i> before the water gate from the morning until midday, before the men and the women, and those that could understand; and the ears of all the people <i>were attentive</i> unto the book of the law.</p> <p>(4) And Ezra the scribe stood upon a pulpit of wood, which they had made for the purpose; and beside him stood Mattithiah, and Shema, and Anaiah, and Urijah, and Hilkiah, and Maaseiah, on his right hand; and on his left hand, Pedaiah, and Mishael, and Malchiah, and Hashum, and Hashbadana, Zechariah, <i>and</i> Meshullam.</p>	<p>(73) So the priests, and the Levites, and the porters {gate-keepers}, and the singers, and <i>some</i> of the people, and the Nethinims {temple servants}, and all Israel, lived in their cities; and when the seventh month {Tishri [Sept./Oct.]} came, the children of Israel <i>were</i> in their cities.</p> <p>Chapter 8</p> <p>(1) And all the people gathered themselves together as one man into the street that was in front of the water gate; and they asked Ezra the scribe to bring the book of the law of Moses, which the LORD {Jehovah} had commanded to Israel.</p> <p>(2) And Ezra the priest brought the law before the congregation both of men and women, and all who could hear with understanding, upon the first day of the seventh month {Tishri [Sept./Oct.]}.^a</p> <p>(3) And he read in it in front of the street that <i>was</i> in front of the water gate from the morning until midday, before the men and the women, and those who could understand; and the ears of all the people <i>were attentive</i> to the book of the law.</p> <p>(4) And Ezra the scribe stood upon a pulpit of wood, which they had made for the purpose; and beside him stood Mattithiah, and Shema, and Anaiah, and Urijah, and Hilkiah, and Maaseiah, on his right hand; and on his left hand, Pedaiah, and Mishael, and Malchiah, and Hashum, and Hashbadana, Zechariah, <i>and</i> Meshullam.</p>
<p>8:2a – first day of the seventh month {Tishri [Sept./Oct.] - Rosh Hashanah – [New Year] - See Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days. See also The Jewish Calendar at www.TheWordNotes.com</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;">16.025 Nehemiah Chapter 7-8 (Page 1589)</p>	

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(5) And Ezra opened the book in the sight of all the people; (for he was above all the people;) and when he opened it, all the people stood up:</p> <p>(6) And Ezra blessed the LORD, the great God. And all the people answered, Amen, Amen, with lifting up their hands: and they bowed their heads, and worshipped the LORD with <i>their</i> faces to the ground.</p> <p>(7) Also Jeshua, and Bani, and Sherebiah, Jamin, Akkub, Shabbethai, Hodijah, Maaseiah, Kelita, Azariah, Jozabad, Hanan, Pelaiah, and the Levites, caused the people to understand the law: and the people <i>stood</i> in their place.</p> <p>(8) So they read in the book in the law of God distinctly, and gave the sense, and caused <i>them</i> to understand the reading.</p> <p>(9) And Nehemiah, which <i>is</i> the Tirshatha, and Ezra the priest the scribe, and the Levites that taught the people, said unto all the people, This day <i>is</i> holy unto the LORD your God; mourn not, nor weep. For all the people wept, when they heard the words of the law.</p> <p>(10) Then he said unto them, Go your way, eat the fat, and drink the sweet, and send portions unto them for whom nothing is prepared: for <i>this</i> day <i>is</i> holy unto our Lord: neither be ye sorry; for the joy of the LORD is your strength.</p> <p>(11) So the Levites stilled all the people, saying, Hold your peace, for the day <i>is</i> holy; neither be ye grieved.</p>	<p>(5) And Ezra opened the book in the sight of all the people; (because he was above all the people;) and when he opened it, all the people stood up:</p> <p>(6) And Ezra blessed the LORD {Jehovah}, the great God. And all the people answered, Amen {let it be}, Amen {let it be}, with lifting up of their hands: and they bowed their heads, and worshiped the LORD {Jehovah} with their faces to the ground.</p> <p>(7) Also Jeshua, and Bani, and Sherebiah, Jamin, Akkub, Shabbethai, Hodijah, Maaseiah, Kelita, Azariah, Jozabad, Hanan, Pelaiah, and the Levites, caused the people to understand the law: and the people stood in their place.</p> <p>(8) So they read in the book in the law of God distinctly, and explained the meaning, and caused them to understand the reading.</p> <p>(9) And Nehemiah, who <i>was</i> the governor, and Ezra the priest the scribe, and the Levites who taught the people, said to all the people, This day <i>is</i> holy to the LORD {Jehovah} your God; do not mourn, nor weep. Because all the people wept, when they heard the words of the law.</p> <p>(10) Then he said to them, Go your way, eat the fat, and drink the sweet, and send portions to those for whom nothing is prepared: because <i>this</i> day <i>is</i> holy to our Lord: neither be sorry; because the joy of the LORD {Jehovah} is your strength.</p> <p>(11) So the Levites stilled all the people, saying, Hold your peace, because the day <i>is</i> holy; neither be grieved.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(12) And all the people went their way to eat, and to drink, and to send portions, and to make great mirth, because they had understood the words that were declared unto them.</p> <p>(13) And on the second day were gathered together the chief of the fathers of all the people, the priests, and the Levites, unto Ezra the scribe, even to understand the words of the law.</p> <p>(14) And they found written in the law which the LORD had commanded by Moses, that the children of Israel should dwell in booths in the feast of the seventh month:</p> <p>(15) And that they should publish and proclaim in all their cities, and in Jerusalem, saying, Go forth unto the mount, and fetch olive branches, and pine branches, and myrtle branches, and palm branches, and branches of thick trees, to make booths, as <i>it</i> is written.</p> <p>(16) So the people went forth, and brought <i>them</i>, and made themselves booths, every one upon the roof of his house, and in their courts, and in the courts of the house of God, and in the street of the water gate, and in the street of the gate of Ephraim.</p> <p>(17) And all the congregation of them that were come again out of the captivity made booths, and sat under the booths: for since the days of Jeshua the son of Nun unto that day had not the children of Israel done so. And there was very great gladness.</p>	<p>(12) And all the people went their way to eat, and to drink, and to send portions, and to make great joy, because they had understood the words that were declared to them.</p> <p>(13) And on the second day there were gathered together the chief of the fathers of all the people, the priests, and the Levites, to Ezra the scribe, even to understand the words of the law.</p> <p>(14) And they found written in the law which the LORD {Jehovah} had commanded by Moses, that the children of Israel should live in booths in the feast of the seventh month {Feast of Tabernacles} {Tishri [Sept./Oct.]}^a:</p> <p>(15) And that they should publish and proclaim in all their cities, and in Jerusalem, saying, Go forth to the mount, and fetch olive branches, and pine branches, and myrtle branches, and palm branches, and branches of thick trees, to make booths, as it is written.</p> <p>(16) So the people went forth, and brought them, and made for themselves booths, every one upon the roof of his house, and in their courts, and in the courts of the house {temple} of God, and in the street of the water gate, and in the street of the gate of Ephraim.</p> <p>(17) And all the congregation of those who had returned out of the captivity made booths, and sat under the booths: because since the days of Joshua the son of Nun to that day the children of Israel had not done so. And there was very great gladness.</p>
<p>8:14a - the fifteenth day of the seventh month - the Feast of Tabernacles - see Lev. 23 - See <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days</u>. See also <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u></p>	
<p>16.027 Nehemiah Chapter 8 (Page 1591)</p>	

{16} Nehemiah

King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(18) Also day by day, from the first day unto the last day, he read in the book of the law of God. And they kept the feast seven days; and on the eighth day <i>was</i> a solemn assembly, according unto the manner.</p> <p>Chapter 9</p> <p>(1) Now in the twenty and fourth day of this month the children of Israel were assembled with fasting, and with sackclothes, and earth upon them.</p> <p>(2) And the seed of Israel separated themselves from all strangers, and stood and confessed their sins, and the iniquities of their fathers.</p> <p>(3) And they stood up in their place, and read in the book of the law of the LORD their God <i>one</i> fourth part of the day; and <i>another</i> fourth part they confessed, and worshipped the LORD their God.</p> <p>(4) Then stood up upon the stairs, of the Levites, Jeshua, and Bani, Kadmiel, Shebaniah, Bunni, Sherebiah, Bani, <i>and</i> Chenani, and cried with a loud voice unto the LORD their God.</p> <p>(5) Then the Levites, Jeshua, and Kadmiel, Bani, Hashabniah, Sherebiah, Hodijah, Shebaniah, <i>and</i> Pethahiah, said, Stand up <i>and</i> bless the LORD your God for ever and ever: and blessed be thy glorious name, which is exalted above all blessing and praise.</p>	<p>(18) Also day by day, from the first day to the last day, he read in the book of the law of God. And they kept the feast seven days; and on the eighth day was a solemn assembly, according to the manner.</p> <p>Chapter 9</p> <p>(1) Now in the twenty-fourth day of this month the children of Israel were assembled with fasting, and with sack-clothes and dirt upon them.</p> <p>(2) And the descendants of Israel separated themselves from all strangers, and stood and confessed their sins, and the sins of their fathers.</p> <p>(3) And they stood up in their place, and read in the book of the law of the LORD {Jehovah} their God <i>one</i> fourth part of the day {3 hours};^a and <i>another</i> fourth part {3 hours} they confessed, and worshiped the LORD {Jehovah} their God.</p> <p>(4) Then the Levites, Jeshua, and Bani, Kadmiel, Shebaniah, Bunni, Sherebiah, Bani, <i>and</i> Chenani stood up upon the stairs, and cried with a loud voice to the LORD {Jehovah} their God.</p> <p>(5) Then the Levites, Jeshua, and Kadmiel, Bani, Hashabniah, Sherebiah, Hodijah, Shebaniah, <i>and</i> Pethahiah, said, Stand up <i>and</i> bless the LORD {Jehovah} your God forever and ever: and blessed is Your glorious Name, which is exalted above all blessing and praise.</p>
<p>9:3a – fourth part of a day – they read the law for 3 hours, for 3 hours they worshiped</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;">16.028 Nehemiah Chapter 8-9 (Page 1592)</p>	

{16} Nehemiah

King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(6) Thou, <i>even</i> thou, <i>art</i> LORD alone; thou hast made heaven, the heaven of heavens, with all their host, the earth, and all <i>things</i> that <i>are</i> therein, the seas, and all that <i>is</i> therein, and thou preservest them all; and the host of heaven worshippeth thee.</p> <p>(7) Thou <i>art</i> the LORD the God, who didst choose Abram, and broughtest him forth out of Ur of the Chaldees, and gavest him the name of Abraham;</p> <p>(8) And foundest his heart faithful before thee, and madest a covenant with him to give the land of the Canaanites, the Hittites, the Amorites, and the Perizzites, and the Jebusites, and the Girgashites, to give <i>it, I say</i>, to his seed, and hast performed thy words; for thou <i>art</i> righteous:</p> <p>(9) And didst see the affliction of our fathers in Egypt, and heardest their cry by the Red sea;</p> <p>(10) And shewedst signs and wonders upon Pharaoh, and on all his servants, and on all the people of his land: for thou knewest that they dealt proudly against them. So didst thou get thee a name, as <i>it is</i> this day.</p> <p>(11) And thou didst divide the sea before them, so that they went through the midst of the sea on the dry land; and their persecutors thou threwest into the deeps, as a stone into the mighty waters.</p>	<p>(6) You, <i>even</i> You alone, <i>are</i> LORD {Jehovah}; You have made heaven, the heaven of heavens, with all their host, the earth, and all <i>things</i> that <i>are</i> in it, the seas, and all that <i>is</i> in them, and You preserved them all; and the host of heaven worships You.</p> <p>(7) You <i>are</i> the LORD {Jehovah} the God, Who chose Abram, and brought him forth out of Ur of the Chaldees, and gave him the name of Abraham;</p> <p>(8) And found his heart faithful before You, and made a covenant with him to give the land of the Canaanites, the Hittites, the Amorites, and the Perizzites, and the Jebusites, and the Girgashites, to give <i>it, I say</i>, to his descendants, and have performed Your words; because You <i>are</i> righteous:</p> <p>(9) And {<i>You</i>} saw the affliction of our forefathers in Egypt, and heard their cry by the Red Sea;</p> <p>(10) And showed signs and wonders upon Pharaoh, and on all his servants, and on all the people of his land: because You knew that they dealt proudly against them. So You obtained for Yourself a Name, as <i>it is</i> this day.</p> <p>(11) And You divided the sea before them, so that they went through the midst of the sea on the dry land; and their persecutors You threw into the deep, as a stone into the mighty waters.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(12) Moreover thou leddest them in the day by a cloudy pillar; and in the night by a pillar of fire, to give them light in the way wherein they should go.</p> <p>(13) Thou camest down also upon mount Sinai, and spakest with them from heaven, and gavest them right judgments, and true laws, good statutes and commandments:</p> <p>(14) And madest known unto them thy holy sabbath, and commandedst them precepts, statutes, and laws, by the hand of Moses thy servant:</p> <p>(15) And gavest them bread from heaven for their hunger, and broughtest forth water for them out of the rock for their thirst, and promisedst them that they should go in to possess the land which thou hadst sworn to give them.</p> <p>(16) But they and our fathers dealt proudly, and hardened their necks, and hearkened not to thy commandments,</p> <p>(17) And refused to obey, neither were mindful of thy wonders that thou didst among them; but hardened their necks, and in their rebellion appointed a captain to return to their bondage: but thou <i>art</i> a God ready to pardon, gracious and merciful, slow to anger, and of great kindness, and forsookest them not.</p> <p>(18) Yea, when they had made them a molten calf, and said, This <i>is</i> thy God that brought thee up out of Egypt, and had wrought great provocations;</p>	<p>(12) Moreover You led them in the day by a cloudy pillar; and in the night by a pillar of fire, to give them light in the way in which they should go.</p> <p>(13) You came down also upon mount Sinai, and spoke with them from heaven, and gave them right judgments, and true laws, good statutes and commandments:</p> <p>(14) And made known to them Your holy sabbath, and commanded them precepts, statutes, and laws, by the hand of Moses Your servant:</p> <p>(15) And gave them bread from heaven for their hunger, and brought forth water for them out of the rock for their thirst, and promised them that they should go in to possess the land which You had sworn to give them.</p> <p>(16) But they and our forefathers dealt proudly, and became stubborn, and did not listen to Your commandments,</p> <p>(17) And refused to obey, neither were {they} mindful of Your wonders that You did among them; but hardened their necks, and in their rebellion appointed a captain to return to their bondage: but You <i>are</i> a God ready to pardon, gracious and merciful, slow to anger, and of great kindness, and did not forsake them.</p> <p>(18) Yes, when they had made for themselves a molten calf, and said, This <i>is</i> your God who brought you up out of Egypt, and had greatly provoked {You};</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(19) Yet thou in thy manifold mercies forsookest them not in the wilderness: the pillar of the cloud departed not from them by day, to lead them in the way; neither the pillar of fire by night, to shew them light, and the way wherein they should go.</p> <p>(20) Thou gavest also thy good spirit to instruct them, and withheldest not thy manna from their mouth, and gavest them water for their thirst.</p> <p>(21) Yea, forty years didst thou sustain them in the wilderness, <i>so that</i> they lacked nothing; their clothes waxed not old, and their feet swelled not.</p> <p>(22) Moreover thou gavest them kingdoms and nations, and didst divide them into corners: so they possessed the land of Sihon, and the land of the king of Heshbon, and the land of Og king of Bashan.</p> <p>(23) Their children also multipliedst thou as the stars of heaven, and broughtest them into the land, concerning which thou hadst promised to their fathers, that they should go in to possess <i>it</i>.</p> <p>(24) So the children went in and possessed the land, and thou subduedst before them the inhabitants of the land, the Canaanites, and gavest them into their hands, with their kings, and the people of the land, that they might do with them as they would.</p>	<p>(19) Yet You in Your great mercies did not forsake them in the wilderness: the pillar of the cloud did not depart from them by day, to lead them in the way; neither the pillar of fire by night, to show them light, and the way in which they should go.</p> <p>(20) You gave also Your good Spirit to instruct them, and did not withhold Your manna from their mouths, and gave them water for their thirst.</p> <p>(21) Yes, forty years You sustained them in the wilderness, <i>so that</i> they lacked nothing; their clothes did not grow old, and their feet did not swell.</p> <p>(22) Moreover You gave them kingdoms and nations, and divided them into corners: so they possessed the land of Sihon, and the land of the king of Heshbon, and the land of Og king of Bashan.</p> <p>(23) You also multiplied their children as the stars of heaven, and brought them into the land, concerning which You had promised to their forefathers, that they should go in to possess <i>it</i>.</p> <p>(24) So the children went in and possessed the land, and You subdued before them the people who lived in the land, the Canaanites, and gave them into their hands, with their kings, and the people of the land, that they might do with them as they chose.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(25) And they took strong cities, and a fat land, and possessed houses full of all goods, wells digged, vineyards, and oliveyards, and fruit trees in abundance: so they did eat, and were filled, and became fat, and delighted themselves in thy great goodness.</p> <p>(26) Nevertheless they were disobedient, and rebelled against thee, and cast thy law behind their backs, and slew thy prophets which testified against them to turn them to thee, and they wrought great provocations.</p> <p>(27) Therefore thou deliveredst them into the hand of their enemies, who vexed them: and in the time of their trouble, when they cried unto thee, thou heardest <i>them</i> from heaven; and according to thy manifold mercies thou gavest them saviours, who saved them out of the hand of their enemies.</p> <p>(28) But after they had rest, they did evil again before thee: therefore leftest thou them in the hand of their enemies, so that they had the dominion over them: yet when they returned, and cried unto thee, thou heardest <i>them</i> from heaven; and many times didst thou deliver them according to thy mercies;</p> <p>(29) And testifiedst against them, that thou mightest bring them again unto thy law: yet they dealt proudly, and hearkened not unto thy commandments, but sinned against thy judgments, (which if a man do, he shall live in them;) and withdrew the shoulder, and hardened their neck, and would not hear.</p>	<p>(25) And they took strong cities, and a fat land, and possessed houses full of all goods, dug wells, vineyards, and olive-groves, and fruit trees in abundance: so they did eat, and were filled, and became fat, and delighted themselves in Your great goodness.</p> <p>(26) Nevertheless they were disobedient, and rebelled against You, and cast Your law behind their backs, and killed Your prophets who testified against them to turn them back to You, and they greatly provoked {You}.</p> <p>(27) Therefore You delivered them into the hand of their enemies, who troubled them: and in the time of their trouble, when they cried to You, You heard <i>them</i> from heaven; and according to Your great mercies You gave them saviors, who saved them out of the hand of their enemies.</p> <p>(28) But after they had rest, they did evil again before You: therefore You left them in the hand of their enemies, so that they had the rule over them: yet when they returned, and cried to You, You heard <i>them</i> from heaven; and many times You delivered them according to Your mercies;</p> <p>(29) And testified against them, that You might bring them again to Your law: yet they dealt proudly, and did not listen to Your commandments, but sinned against Your judgments, (which if a man does them, he shall live in them;) and withdrew the shoulder, and hardened their hearts, and would not listen.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(30) Yet many years didst thou forbear them, and testifiedst against them by thy spirit in thy prophets: yet would they not give ear: therefore gavest thou them into the hand of the people of the lands.</p> <p>(31) Nevertheless for thy great mercies' sake thou didst not utterly consume them, nor forsake them; for thou <i>art</i> a gracious and merciful God.</p> <p>(32) Now therefore, our God, the great, the mighty, and the terrible God, who keepest covenant and mercy, let not all the trouble seem little before thee, that hath come upon us, on our kings, on our princes, and on our priests, and on our prophets, and on our fathers, and on all thy people, since the time of the kings of Assyria unto this day.</p> <p>(33) Howbeit thou <i>art</i> just in all that is brought upon us; for thou hast done right, but we have done wickedly:</p> <p>(34) Neither have our kings, our princes, our priests, nor our fathers, kept thy law, nor hearkened unto thy commandments and thy testimonies, wherewith thou didst testify against them.</p> <p>(35) For they have not served thee in their kingdom, and in thy great goodness that thou gavest them, and in the large and fat land which thou gavest before them, neither turned they from their wicked works.</p>	<p>(30) Yet many years You bore with them, and testified against them by Your Spirit in Your prophets: yet they would not listen: therefore You gave them into the hand of the people of the lands.</p> <p>(31) Nevertheless because of Your great mercies' sake You did not completely consume them, nor forsake them; because you <i>are</i> a gracious and merciful God.</p> <p>(32) Now therefore, our God, the great, the mighty, and the terrible God, Who keeps covenant and mercy, do not let all the trouble seem little before You, that has come upon us, on our kings, on our princes, and on our priests, and on our prophets, and on our fathers, and on all Your people, since the time of the kings of Assyria to this day.</p> <p>(33) However You <i>are</i> just in all that is brought upon us; because You have done right, but we have done wickedly:</p> <p>(34) Neither have our kings, our princes, our priests, nor our fathers, kept Your law, nor listened to Your commandments and Your testimonies, with which You testified against them.</p> <p>(35) Because they have not served You in their kingdom, and in Your great goodness that You gave them, and in the large and fat land which You gave before them, neither did they turn from their wicked works.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(36) Behold, we <i>are</i> servants this day, and <i>for</i> the land that thou gavest unto our fathers to eat the fruit thereof and the good thereof, behold, we <i>are</i> servants in it:</p> <p>(37) And it yieldeth much increase unto the kings whom thou hast set over us because of our sins: also they have dominion over our bodies, and over our cattle, at their pleasure, and we <i>are</i> in great distress.</p> <p>(38) And because of all this we make a sure <i>covenant</i>, and write <i>it</i>; and our princes, Levites, <i>and</i> priests, seal <i>unto it</i>.</p> <p>Chapter 10</p> <p>(1) Now those that sealed <i>were</i>, Nehemiah, the Tirshatha, the son of Hachaliah, and Zidkijah,</p> <p>(2) Seraiah, Azariah, Jeremiah,</p> <p>(3) Pashur, Amariah, Malchijah,</p> <p>(4) Hattush, Shebaniah, Malluch,</p> <p>(5) Harim, Meremoth, Obadiah,</p> <p>(6) Daniel, Ginnethon, Baruch,</p> <p>(7) Meshullam, Abijah, Mijamin,</p> <p>(8) Maaziah, Bilgai, Shemaiah: these <i>were</i> the priests.</p> <p>(9) And the Levites: both Jeshua the son of Azaniah, Binnui of the sons of Henadad, Kadmiel;</p> <p>(10) And their brethren, Shebaniah, Hodijah, Kelita, Pelaiyah, Hanan,</p> <p>(11) Micha, Rehob, Hashabiah,</p> <p>(12) Zaccur, Sherebiah, Shebaniah,</p>	<p>(36) Indeed, we <i>are</i> servants this day, and <i>for</i> the land that You gave to our forefathers to eat its fruit and its goodness, indeed, we <i>are</i> servants in it:</p> <p>(37) And it yields much increase to the kings whom You have set over us because of our sins: also they have rule over our bodies, and over our cattle, at their pleasure, and we <i>are</i> in great distress.</p> <p>(38) And because of all this we make a sure <i>covenant</i>, and write <i>it</i>; and our princes, Levites, <i>and</i> priests, signed <i>it</i>.</p> <p>Chapter 10</p> <p>(1) Now those who signed <i>were</i>, Nehemiah, the governor, the son of Hachaliah, and Zidkijah,</p> <p>(2) Seraiah, Azariah, Jeremiah,</p> <p>(3) Pashur, Amariah, Malchijah,</p> <p>(4) Hattush, Shebaniah, Malluch,</p> <p>(5) Harim, Meremoth, Obadiah,</p> <p>(6) Daniel, Ginnethon, Baruch,</p> <p>(7) Meshullam, Abijah, Mijamin,</p> <p>(8) Maaziah, Bilgai, Shemaiah: these <i>were</i> the priests.</p> <p>(9) And the Levites: both Jeshua the son of Azaniah, Binnui of the sons of Henadad, Kadmiel;</p> <p>(10) And their brothers, Shebaniah, Hodijah, Kelita, Pelaiyah, Hanan,</p> <p>(11) Micha, Rehob, Hashabiah,</p> <p>(12) Zaccur, Sherebiah, Shebaniah,</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(13) Hodijah, Bani, Beninu. (14) The chief of the people; Parosh, Pahathmoab, Elam, Zatthu, Bani, (15) Bunni, Azgad, Bebai, (16) Adonijah, Bigvai, Adin, (17) Ater, Hizkijah, Azzur, (18) Hodijah, Hashum, Bezai, (19) Hariph, Anathoth, Nebai, (20) Magpiash, Meshullam, Hezir, (21) Meshezabeel, Zadok, Jaddua, (22) Pelatiah, Hanan, Anaiah, (23) Hoshea, Hananiah, Hashub, (24) Hallohesh, Pileha, Shobek, (25) Rehum, Hashabnah, Maaseiah, (26) And Ahijah, Hanan, Anan, (27) Malluch, Harim, Baanah. (28) And the rest of the people, the priests, the Levites, the porters, the singers, the Nethinims, and all they that had separated themselves from the people of the lands unto the law of God, their wives, their sons, and their daughters, every one having knowledge, and having understanding; (29) They clave to their brethren, their nobles, and entered into a curse, and into an oath, to walk in God's law, which was given by Moses the servant of God, and to observe and do all the commandments of the LORD our Lord, and his judgments and his statutes; (30) And that we would not give our daughters unto the people of the land, nor take their daughters for our sons:</p>	<p>(13) Hodijah, Bani, Beninu. (14) The chief of the people; Parosh, Pahathmoab, Elam, Zatthu, Bani, (15) Bunni, Azgad, Bebai, (16) Adonijah, Bigvai, Adin, (17) Ater, Hizkijah, Azzur, (18) Hodijah, Hashum, Bezai, (19) Hariph, Anathoth, Nebai, (20) Magpiash, Meshullam, Hezir, (21) Meshezabeel, Zadok, Jaddua, (22) Pelatiah, Hanan, Anaiah, (23) Hoshea, Hananiah, Hashub, (24) Hallohesh, Pileha, Shobek, (25) Rehum, Hashabnah, Maaseiah, (26) And Ahijah, Hanan, Anan, (27) Malluch, Harim, Baanah. (28) And the rest of the people, the priests, the Levites, the porters {gate-keepers}, the singers, the Nethinims {temple servants}^a, and all those who had separated themselves from the people of the lands to the law of God, their wives, their sons, and their daughters, every one having knowledge, and having understanding; (29) They clung to their brothers, their nobles, and entered into a curse, and into an oath, to walk in God's law, which was given by Moses the servant of God, and to observe and do all the commandments of the LORD {Jehovah} our Lord, and His judgments and His laws; (30) And that we would not give our daughters to the people of the land, nor take their daughters for our sons:</p>

10:28a - Nethinims {נְתִינִים} – temple servants - slaves

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(31) And <i>if</i> the people of the land bring ware or any victuals on the sabbath day to sell, <i>that</i> we would not buy it of them on the sabbath, or on the holy day: and <i>that</i> we would leave the seventh year, and the exaction of every debt.</p> <p>(32) Also we made ordinances for us, to charge ourselves yearly with the third part of a shekel for the service of the house of our God;</p> <p>(33) For the shewbread, and for the continual meat offering, and for the continual burnt offering, of the sabbaths, of the new moons, for the set feasts, and for the holy <i>things</i>, and for the sin offerings to make an atonement for Israel, and <i>for</i> all the work of the house of our God.</p> <p>(34) And we cast the lots among the priests, the Levites, and the people, for the wood offering, to bring <i>it</i> into the house of our God, after the houses of our fathers, at times appointed year by year, to burn upon the altar of the LORD our God, as <i>it is</i> written in the law:</p> <p>(35) And to bring the firstfruits of our ground, and the firstfruits of all fruit of all trees, year by year, unto the house of the LORD:</p> <p>(36) Also the firstborn of our sons, and of our cattle, as <i>it is</i> written in the law, and the firstlings of our herds and of our flocks, to bring to the house of our God, unto the priests that minister in the house of our God:</p>	<p>(31) And <i>if</i> the people of the land bring goods or any food on the sabbath day {Saturday} to sell, <i>that</i> we would not buy it from them on the sabbath {Saturday}, or on the holy day: and <i>that</i> we would leave the seventh year, and the cancellation of every debt.^b</p> <p>(32) Also we made laws for ourselves, to charge ourselves yearly with the third part of a shekel {about 0.133 oz.; 3.8 gm.}^c {of silver} for the service of the house {temple} of our God;^d</p> <p>(33) For the holy-bread, and for the continual meat offering, and for the continual burnt offering, of the sabbaths {Saturdays}, of the new moons, for the set feasts, and for the holy <i>things</i>, and for the sin offerings to make an atonement for Israel, and <i>for</i> all the work of the house {temple} of our God.</p> <p>(34) And we cast the lots among the priests, the Levites, and the people, for the wood offering, to bring <i>it</i> into the house {temple} of our God, after the houses of our fathers, at times appointed year by year, to burn upon the altar of the LORD {Jehovah} our God, as <i>it is</i> written in the law:</p> <p>(35) And to bring the first-fruits of our ground, and the first-fruits of all fruit of all trees, year by year, to the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}:</p> <p>(36) Also the firstborn of our sons, and of our cattle, as <i>it is</i> written in the law, and the first born of our herds and of our flocks, to bring to the house {temple} of our God, to the priests who minister in the house {temple} of our God:</p>

10:31b – cancellation of debt - Lev. 25:1-55
10:32c - a shekel = 0.4 ounces = 11.4 grams – see [Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures](#)
10:32d – for the service of the temple – see Ex. 30:13-16

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(37) And <i>that</i> we should bring the firstfruits of our dough, and our offerings, and the fruit of all manner of trees, of wine and of oil, unto the priests, to the chambers of the house of our God; and the tithes of our ground unto the Levites, that the same Levites might have the tithes in all the cities of our tillage.</p> <p>(38) And the priest the son of Aaron shall be with the Levites, when the Levites take tithes: and the Levites shall bring up the tithe of the tithes unto the house of our God, to the chambers, into the treasure house.</p> <p>(39) For the children of Israel and the children of Levi shall bring the offering of the corn, of the new wine, and the oil, unto the chambers, where <i>are</i> the vessels of the sanctuary, and the priests that minister, and the porters, and the singers: and we will not forsake the house of our God.</p> <p>Chapter 11</p> <p>(1) And the rulers of the people dwelt at Jerusalem: the rest of the people also cast lots, to bring one of ten to dwell in Jerusalem the holy city, and nine parts <i>to dwell</i> in <i>other</i> cities.</p> <p>(2) And the people blessed all the men, that willingly offered themselves to dwell at Jerusalem.</p> <p>(3) Now these <i>are</i> the chief of the province that dwelt in Jerusalem: but in the cities of Judah dwelt every one in his possession in their cities, <i>to wit</i>, Israel, the priests, and the Levites, and the Nethinims, and the children of Solomon's servants.</p>	<p>(37) And <i>that</i> we should bring the first-fruits of our dough, and our offerings, and the fruit of all manner of trees, of wine and of oil, to the priests, to the chambers of the house {temple} of our God; and the tithes {10%}^e of our ground to the Levites, that the same Levites might have the tithes {10%} in all the cities of our plowed fields.</p> <p>(38) And the priest the son of Aaron shall be with the Levites, when the Levites take tithes {10%}: and the Levites shall bring up the tithe {10%} of the tithes {10%} to the house {temple} of our God, to the chambers, into the treasure house.</p> <p>(39) Because the children of Israel and the children of Levi shall bring the offering of the corn, of the new wine, and the oil, to the chambers, where the vessels of the sanctuary <i>are</i>, and the priests who minister, and the porters {gate-keepers}, and the singers: and we will not forsake the house {temple} of our God.</p> <p>Chapter 11</p> <p>(1) And the rulers of the people lived at Jerusalem: the rest of the people also cast lots, to bring one of ten to live in Jerusalem the holy city, and nine parts <i>to live</i> in <i>other</i> cities.</p> <p>(2) And the people blessed all the men, who willingly offered themselves to live at Jerusalem.</p> <p>(3) Now these <i>are</i> the chief of the province who lived in Jerusalem: but in the cities of Judah every one lived in his possession in their cities, <i>including</i>, Israel, the priests, and the Levites, and the Nethinims {temple servants}, and the children of Solomon's servants.</p>
<p>10:37e - tithes - ten percent of all income - Lev. 27:30-32</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;">16.037 Nehemiah Chapter 10-11 (Page 1601)</p>	

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(4) And at Jerusalem dwelt <i>certain</i> of the children of Judah, and of the children of Benjamin. Of the children of Judah; Athaiah the son of Uziah, the son of Zechariah, the son of Amariah, the son of Shephatiah, the son of Mahalaleel, of the children of Perez;</p> <p>(5) And Maaseiah the son of Baruch, the son of Colhozeh, the son of Hazaiah, the son of Adaiah, the son of Joiarib, the son of Zechariah, the son of Shiloni.</p> <p>(6) All the sons of Perez that dwelt at Jerusalem <i>were</i> four hundred threescore and eight valiant men.</p> <p>(7) And these <i>are</i> the sons of Benjamin; Sallu the son of Meshullam, the son of Joed, the son of Pedaiah, the son of Kolaiah, the son of Maaseiah, the son of Ithiel, the son of Jesaiah.</p> <p>(8) And after him Gabbai, Sallai, nine hundred twenty and eight.</p> <p>(9) And Joel the son of Zichri <i>was</i> their overseer: and Judah the son of Senuah <i>was</i> second over the city.</p> <p>(10) Of the priests: Jedaiah the son of Joiarib, Jachin.</p> <p>(11) Seraiah the son of Hilkiah, the son of Meshullam, the son of Zadok, the son of Meraioth, the son of Ahitub, <i>was</i> the ruler of the house of God.</p>	<p>(4) And at Jerusalem <i>certain</i> of the children of Judah, and of the children of Benjamin lived. Of the children of Judah; Athaiah the son of Uziah, the son of Zechariah, the son of Amariah, the son of Shephatiah, the son of Mahalaleel, of the children of Perez;</p> <p>(5) And Maaseiah the son of Baruch, the son of Colhozeh, the son of Hazaiah, the son of Adaiah, the son of Joiarib, the son of Zechariah, the son of Shiloni.</p> <p>(6) All the sons of Perez who lived at Jerusalem <i>were</i> four hundred sixty-eight valiant men.</p> <p>(7) And these <i>are</i> the sons of Benjamin; Sallu the son of Meshullam, the son of Joed, the son of Pedaiah, the son of Kolaiah, the son of Maaseiah, the son of Ithiel, the son of Jesaiah.</p> <p>(8) And after him Gabbai, Sallai, nine hundred twenty-eight.</p> <p>(9) And Joel the son of Zichri <i>was</i> their overseer: and Judah the son of Senuah <i>was</i> second over the city.</p> <p>(10) Of the priests: Jedaiah the son of Joiarib, Jachin.</p> <p>(11) Seraiah the son of Hilkiah, the son of Meshullam, the son of Zadok, the son of Meraioth, the son of Ahitub, <i>was</i> the ruler of the house {temple} of God.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(12) And their brethren that did the work of the house <i>were</i> eight hundred twenty and two: and Adaiah the son of Jeroham, the son of Pelaliah, the son of Amzi, the son of Zechariah, the son of Pashur, the son of Malchiah,</p> <p>(13) And his brethren, chief of the fathers, two hundred forty and two: and Amashai the son of Azareel, the son of Ahasai, the son of Meshillemoth, the son of Immer,</p> <p>(14) And their brethren, mighty men of valour, an hundred twenty and eight: and their overseer <i>was</i> Zabdiel, the son of <i>one of</i> the great men.</p> <p>(15) Also of the Levites: Shemaiah the son of Hashub, the son of Azrikam, the son of Hashabiah, the son of Bunni;</p> <p>(16) And Shabbethai and Jozabad, of the chief of the Levites, <i>had</i> the oversight of the outward business of the house of God.</p> <p>(17) And Mattaniah the son of Micha, the son of Zabdi, the son of Asaph, <i>was</i> the principal to begin the thanksgiving in prayer: and Bakbukiah the second among his brethren, and Abda the son of Shammua, the son of Galal, the son of Jeduthun.</p> <p>(18) All the Levites in the holy city <i>were</i> two hundred fourscore and four.</p>	<p>(12) And their brothers who did the work of the house {temple} <i>were</i> eight hundred twenty-two: and Adaiah the son of Jeroham, the son of Pelaliah, the son of Amzi, the son of Zechariah, the son of Pashur, the son of Malchiah,</p> <p>(13) And his brothers, chief of the fathers, two hundred forty-two: and Amashai the son of Azareel, the son of Ahasai, the son of Meshillemoth, the son of Immer,</p> <p>(14) And their brothers, mighty men of valour, an hundred twenty-eight: and their overseer <i>was</i> Zabdiel, the son of <i>one of</i> the great men.</p> <p>(15) Also of the Levites: Shemaiah the son of Hashub, the son of Azrikam, the son of Hashabiah, the son of Bunni;</p> <p>(16) And Shabbethai and Jozabad, of the chief of the Levites, <i>had</i> the oversight of the outward business of the house {temple} of God.</p> <p>(17) And Mattaniah the son of Micha, the son of Zabdi, the son of Asaph, <i>was</i> the principal {one} to begin the thanksgiving in prayer: and Bakbukiah the second among his brothers, and Abda the son of Shammua, the son of Galal, the son of Jeduthun.</p> <p>(18) All the Levites in the holy city <i>were</i> two hundred eighty-four.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(19) Moreover the porters, Akkub, Talmon, and their brethren that kept the gates, <i>were</i> an hundred seventy and two.</p> <p>(20) And the residue of Israel, of the priests, <i>and</i> the Levites, <i>were</i> in all the cities of Judah, every one in his inheritance.</p> <p>(21) But the Nethinims dwelt in Ophel: and Ziha and Gispa <i>were</i> over the Nethinims.</p> <p>(22) The overseer also of the Levites at Jerusalem <i>was</i> Uzzi the son of Bani, the son of Hashabiah, the son of Mattaniah, the son of Micha. Of the sons of Asaph, the singers <i>were</i> over the business of the house of God.</p> <p>(23) For <i>it was</i> the king's commandment concerning them, that a certain portion should be for the singers, due for every day.</p> <p>(24) And Pethahiah the son of Meshezabeel, of the children of Zerah the son of Judah, <i>was</i> at the king's hand in all matters concerning the people.</p> <p>(25) And for the villages, with their fields, <i>some</i> of the children of Judah dwelt at Kirjatharba, and <i>in</i> the villages thereof, and at Dibon, and <i>in</i> the villages thereof, and at Jekabzeel, and <i>in</i> the villages thereof,</p> <p>(26) And at Jeshua, and at Moladah, and at Bethphelet,</p> <p>(27) And at Hazarshual, and at Beersheba, and <i>in</i> the villages thereof,</p> <p>(28) And at Ziklag, and at Mekonah, and in the villages thereof,</p>	<p>(19) Furthermore the porters {gate-keepers}, Akkub, Talmon, and their brothers who kept the gates, <i>were</i> an hundred seventy-two.</p> <p>(20) And the remainder of Israel, of the priests, <i>and</i> the Levites, <i>were</i> in all the cities of Judah, everyone in his inheritance.</p> <p>(21) But the Nethinims {temple servants} lived in Ophel: and Ziha and Gispa <i>were</i> over the Nethinims {temple servants}.</p> <p>(22) The overseer also of the Levites at Jerusalem <i>was</i> Uzzi the son of Bani, the son of Hashabiah, the son of Mattaniah, the son of Micha. Of the sons of Asaph, the singers <i>were</i> over the business of the house {temple} of God.</p> <p>(23) Because <i>it was</i> the king's commandment concerning them, that a certain portion should be for the singers, due for every day.</p> <p>(24) And Pethahiah the son of Meshezabeel, of the children of Zerah the son of Judah, <i>was</i> at the king's hand in all matters concerning the people.</p> <p>(25) And for the villages, with their fields, <i>some</i> of the children of Judah lived at Kirjatharba, and <i>in</i> its villages, and at Dibon, and <i>in</i> its villages, and at Jekabzeel, and <i>in</i> its villages,</p> <p>(26) And at Jeshua, and at Moladah, and at Bethphelet,</p> <p>(27) And at Hazarshual, and at Beersheba, and <i>in</i> its villages,</p> <p>(28) And at Ziklag, and at Mekonah, and in its villages,</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(29) And at Enrimmon, and at Zareah, and at Jarmuth, (30) Zanoah, Adullam, and <i>in</i> their villages, at Lachish, and the fields thereof, at Azekah, and <i>in</i> the villages thereof. And they dwelt from Beersheba unto the valley of Hinnom. (31) The children also of Benjamin from Geba <i>dwelt</i> at Michmash, and Aija, and Bethel, and <i>in</i> their villages, (32) <i>And</i> at Anathoth, Nob, Ananiah, (33) Hazor, Ramah, Gittaim, (34) Hadid, Zeboim, Neballat, (35) Lod, and Ono, the valley of craftsmen. (36) And of the Levites <i>were</i> divisions <i>in</i> Judah, <i>and</i> in Benjamin.</p> <p>Chapter 12 (1) Now these <i>are</i> the priests and the Levites that went up with Zerubbabel the son of Shealtiel, and Jeshua: Seraiah, Jeremiah, Ezra, (2) Amariah, Malluch, Hattush, (3) Shechaniah, Rehum, Meremoth, (4) Iddo, Ginnetho, Abijah, (5) Miamin, Maadiah, Bilgah, (6) Shemaiah, and Joiarib, Jedaiah, (7) Sallu, Amok, Hilkiah, Jedaiah. These <i>were</i> the chief of the priests and of their brethren in the days of Jeshua. (8) Moreover the Levites: Jeshua, Binnui, Kadmiel, Sherebiah, Judah, <i>and</i> Mattaniah, <i>which was</i> over the thanksgiving, he and his brethren.</p>	<p>(29) And at Enrimmon, and at Zareah, and at Jarmuth, (30) Zanoah, Adullam, and <i>in</i> their villages, at Lachish, and its fields, at Azekah, and <i>in</i> its villages. And they lived from Beersheba to the valley of Hinnom. (31) The children also of Benjamin from Geba <i>lived</i> at Michmash, and Aija, and Bethel, and <i>in</i> their villages, (32) <i>And</i> at Anathoth, Nob, Ananiah, (33) Hazor, Ramah, Gittaim, (34) Hadid, Zeboim, Neballat, (35) Lod, and Ono, the valley of craftsmen. (36) And of the Levites <i>were</i> divisions <i>in</i> Judah, <i>and</i> in Benjamin.</p> <p>Chapter 12 (1) Now these <i>are</i> the priests and the Levites who went up with Zerubbabel the son of Shealtiel, and Jeshua: Seraiah, Jeremiah, Ezra, (2) Amariah, Malluch, Hattush, (3) Shechaniah, Rehum, Meremoth, (4) Iddo, Ginnetho, Abijah, (5) Miamin, Maadiah, Bilgah, (6) Shemaiah, and Joiarib, Jedaiah, (7) Sallu, Amok, Hilkiah, Jedaiah. These <i>were</i> the chief of the priests and of their brothers in the days of Jeshua. (8) Furthermore the Levites: Jeshua, Binnui, Kadmiel, Sherebiah, Judah, <i>and</i> Mattaniah, <i>who was</i> over the thanksgiving, he and his brothers.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(9) Also Bakkukiah and Unni, their brethren, <i>were</i> over against them in the watches.</p> <p>(10) And Jeshua begat Joiakim, Joiakim also begat Eliashib, and Eliashib begat Joiada,</p> <p>(11) And Joiada begat Jonathan, and Jonathan begat Jaddua.</p> <p>(12) And in the days of Joiakim were priests, the chief of the fathers: of Seraiah, Meraiah; of Jeremiah, Hananiah;</p> <p>(13) Of Ezra, Meshullam; of Amariah, Jehohanan;</p> <p>(14) Of Melicu, Jonathan; of Shebaniah, Joseph;</p> <p>(15) Of Harim, Adna; of Meraioth, Helkai;</p> <p>(16) Of Iddo, Zechariah; of Ginnethon, Meshullam;</p> <p>(17) Of Abijah, Zichri; of Miniamin, of Moadiah, Piltai;</p> <p>(18) Of Bilgah, Shammua; of Shemaiah, Jehonathan;</p> <p>(19) And of Joiarib, Mattenai; of Jedaiah, Uzzi;</p> <p>(20) Of Sallai, Kallai; of Amok, Eber;</p> <p>(21) Of Hilkiah, Hashabiah; of Jedaiah, Nethaneel.</p> <p>(22) The Levites in the days of Eliashib, Joiada, and Johanan, and Jaddua, <i>were</i> recorded chief of the fathers: also the priests, to the reign of Darius the Persian.</p> <p>(23) The sons of Levi, the chief of the fathers, <i>were</i> written in the book of the chronicles, even until the days of Johanan the son of Eliashib.</p>	<p>(9) Also Bakkukiah and Unni, their brothers, <i>were</i> opposite them in the watches.</p> <p>(10) And Jeshua fathered Joiakim, Joiakim also fathered Eliashib, and Eliashib fathered Joiada,</p> <p>(11) And Joiada fathered Jonathan, and Jonathan fathered Jaddua.</p> <p>(12) And in the days of Joiakim were priests, the chief of the fathers: of Seraiah, Meraiah; of Jeremiah, Hananiah;</p> <p>(13) Of Ezra, Meshullam; of Amariah, Jehohanan;</p> <p>(14) Of Melicu, Jonathan; of Shebaniah, Joseph;</p> <p>(15) Of Harim, Adna; of Meraioth, Helkai;</p> <p>(16) Of Iddo, Zechariah; of Ginnethon, Meshullam;</p> <p>(17) Of Abijah, Zichri; of Miniamin, of Moadiah, Piltai;</p> <p>(18) Of Bilgah, Shammua; of Shemaiah, Jehonathan;</p> <p>(19) And of Joiarib, Mattenai; of Jedaiah, Uzzi;</p> <p>(20) Of Sallai, Kallai; of Amok, Eber;</p> <p>(21) Of Hilkiah, Hashabiah; of Jedaiah, Nethaneel.</p> <p>(22) The Levites in the days of Eliashib, Joiada, and Johanan, and Jaddua, <i>were</i> recorded chief of the fathers: also the priests, to the reign of Darius the Persian.</p> <p>(23) The sons of Levi, the chief of the fathers, <i>were</i> written in the book of the chronicles, even until the days of Johanan the son of Eliashib.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(24) And the chief of the Levites: Hashabiah, Sherebiah, and Jeshua the son of Kadmiel, with their brethren over against them, to praise <i>and</i> to give thanks, according to the commandment of David the man of God, ward over against ward.</p> <p>(25) Mattaniah, and Bakbukiah, Obadiah, Meshullam, Talmon, Akkub, <i>were</i> porters keeping the ward at the thresholds of the gates.</p> <p>(26) These <i>were</i> in the days of Joiakim the son of Jeshua, the son of Jozadak, and in the days of Nehemiah the governor, and of Ezra the priest, the scribe.</p> <p>(27) And at the dedication of the wall of Jerusalem they sought the Levites out of all their places, to bring them to Jerusalem, to keep the dedication with gladness, both with thanksgivings, and with singing, <i>with</i> cymbals, psalteries, and with harps.</p> <p>(28) And the sons of the singers gathered themselves together, both out of the plain country round about Jerusalem, and from the villages of Netophathi;</p> <p>(29) Also from the house of Gilgal, and out of the fields of Geba and Azmaveth: for the singers had builded them villages round about Jerusalem.</p> <p>(30) And the priests and the Levites purified themselves, and purified the people, and the gates, and the wall.</p>	<p>(24) And the chief of the Levites: Hashabiah, Sherebiah, and Jeshua the son of Kadmiel, with their brothers opposite them, to praise <i>and</i> to give thanks, according to the commandment of David the man of God, ward opposite ward.</p> <p>(25) Mattaniah, and Bakbukiah, Obadiah, Meshullam, Talmon, Akkub, <i>were</i> porters {gate-keepers} keeping the ward at the thresholds of the gates.</p> <p>(26) These <i>were</i> in the days of Joiakim the son of Jeshua, the son of Jozadak, and in the days of Nehemiah the governor, and of Ezra the priest, the scribe.</p> <p>(27) And at the dedication of the wall of Jerusalem they sought the Levites out of all their places, to bring them to Jerusalem, to keep the dedication with gladness, both with thanksgivings, and with singing, <i>with</i> cymbals, psalteries, and with harps.</p> <p>(28) And the sons of the singers gathered themselves together, both out of the plain country around Jerusalem, and from the villages of Netophathi;</p> <p>(29) Also from the house of Gilgal, and out of the fields of Geba and Azmaveth: because the singers had built for themselves villages all around Jerusalem.</p> <p>(30) And the priests and the Levites purified themselves, and purified the people, and the gates, and the wall.</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(31) Then I brought up the princes of Judah upon the wall, and appointed two great <i>companies of them that gave thanks, whereof one</i> went on the right hand upon the wall toward the dung gate:</p> <p>(32) And after them went Hoshaiah, and half of the princes of Judah,</p> <p>(33) And Azariah, Ezra, and Meshullam,</p> <p>(34) Judah, and Benjamin, and Shemaiah, and Jeremiah,</p> <p>(35) And <i>certain</i> of the priests' sons with trumpets; <i>namely</i>, Zechariah the son of Jonathan, the son of Shemaiah, the son of Mattaniah, the son of Michaiah, the son of Zaccur, the son of Asaph:</p> <p>(36) And his brethren, Shemaiah, and Azarael, Milalai, Gilalai, Maai, Nethaneel, and Judah, Hanani, with the musical instruments of David the man of God, and Ezra the scribe before them.</p> <p>(37) And at the fountain gate, which was over against them, they went up by the stairs of the city of David, at the going up of the wall, above the house of David, even unto the water gate eastward.</p> <p>(38) And the other <i>company of them that gave thanks</i> went over against <i>them</i>, and I after them, and the half of the people upon the wall, from beyond the tower of the furnaces even unto the broad wall;</p>	<p>(31) Then I brought up the princes of Judah upon the wall, and appointed two great <i>companies of those who gave thanks, of which one</i> went on the right hand upon the wall towards the dung gate:</p> <p>(32) And after them Hoshaiah went, and half of the princes of Judah,</p> <p>(33) And Azariah, Ezra, and Meshullam,</p> <p>(34) Judah, and Benjamin, and Shemaiah, and Jeremiah,</p> <p>(35) And <i>certain</i> of the priests' sons with trumpets; <i>namely</i>, Zechariah the son of Jonathan, the son of Shemaiah, the son of Mattaniah, the son of Michaiah, the son of Zaccur, the son of Asaph:</p> <p>(36) And his brothers, Shemaiah, and Azarael, Milalai, Gilalai, Maai, Nethaneel, and Judah, Hanani, with the musical instruments of David the man of God, and Ezra the scribe before them.</p> <p>(37) And at the fountain gate, which was opposite them, they went up by the stairs of the city of David, at the going up of the wall, above the house of David, even to the water gate eastward.</p> <p>(38) And the other <i>company of those who gave thanks</i> went opposite <i>them</i>, and I after them, and the half of the people upon the wall, from beyond the tower of the furnaces even to the broad wall;</p>

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(39) And from above the gate of Ephraim, and above the old gate, and above the fish gate, and the tower of Hananeel, and the tower of Meah, even unto the sheep gate: and they stood still in the prison gate.</p> <p>(40) So stood the two <i>companies of them that gave</i> thanks in the house of God, and I, and the half of the rulers with me:</p> <p>(41) And the priests; Eliakim, Maaseiah, Miniamin, Michaiah, Elioenai, Zechariah, <i>and</i> Hananiah, with trumpets;</p> <p>(42) And Maaseiah, and Shemaiah, and Eleazar, and Uzzi, and Jehohanan, and Malchijah, and Elam, and Ezer. And the singers sang loud, with Jezrahiah <i>their</i> overseer.</p> <p>(43) Also that day they offered great sacrifices, and rejoiced: for God had made them rejoice with great joy: the wives also and the children rejoiced: so that the joy of Jerusalem was heard even afar off.</p> <p>(44) And at that time were some appointed over the chambers for the treasures, for the offerings, for the firstfruits, and for the tithes, to gather into them out of the fields of the cities the portions of the law for the priests and Levites: for Judah rejoiced for the priests and for the Levites that waited.</p> <p>(45) And both the singers and the porters kept the ward of their God, and the ward of the purification, according to the commandment of David, <i>and</i> of Solomon his son.</p>	<p>(39) And from above the gate of Ephraim, and above the old gate, and above the fish gate, and the tower of Hananeel, and the tower of Meah, even to the sheep gate: and they stood still in the prison gate.</p> <p>(40) So stood the two <i>companies of those who gave</i> thanks in the house {temple} of God, and I, and the half of the rulers with me:</p> <p>(41) And the priests; Eliakim, Maaseiah, Miniamin, Michaiah, Elioenai, Zechariah, <i>and</i> Hananiah, with trumpets;</p> <p>(42) And Maaseiah, and Shemaiah, and Eleazar, and Uzzi, and Jehohanan, and Malchijah, and Elam, and Ezer. And the singers sang loud, with Jezrahiah <i>their</i> overseer.</p> <p>(43) Also that day they offered great sacrifices, and rejoiced: because God had caused them to rejoice with great joy: the wives also and the children rejoiced: so that the joy of Jerusalem was heard even afar off.</p> <p>(44) And at that time were some appointed over the chambers for the treasures, for the offerings, for the first-fruits, and for the tithes {10%}, to gather into them out of the fields of the cities the portions of the law for the priests and Levites: because Judah rejoiced for the priests and for the Levites who waited.</p> <p>(45) And both the singers and the porters {gate-keepers} kept the ward of their God, and the ward of the purification, according to the commandment of David, <i>and</i> of Solomon his son.</p>

{16} Nehemiah

King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(46) For in the days of David and Asaph of old <i>there were</i> chief of the singers, and songs of praise and thanksgiving unto God.</p> <p>(47) And all Israel in the days of Zerubbabel, and in the days of Nehemiah, gave the portions of the singers and the porters, every day his portion: and they sanctified <i>holy things</i> unto the Levites; and the Levites sanctified <i>them</i> unto the children of Aaron.</p> <p>Chapter 13</p> <p>(1) On that day they read in the book of Moses in the audience of the people; and therein was found written, that the Ammonite and the Moabite should not come into the congregation of God for ever;</p> <p>(2) Because they met not the children of Israel with bread and with water, but hired Balaam against them, that he should curse them: howbeit our God turned the curse into a blessing.</p> <p>(3) Now it came to pass, when they had heard the law, that they separated from Israel all the mixed multitude.</p> <p>(4) And before this, Eliashib the priest, having the oversight of the chamber of the house of our God, <i>was</i> allied unto Tobiah:</p> <p>(5) And he had prepared for him a great chamber, where aforetime they laid the meat offerings, the frankincense, and the vessels, and the tithes of the corn, the new wine, and the oil, which was commanded <i>to be given</i> to the Levites, and the singers, and the porters; and the offerings of the priests.</p>	<p>(46) Because in the days of David and Asaph of old <i>there were</i> chief of the singers, and songs of praise and thanksgiving to God.</p> <p>(47) And all Israel in the days of Zerubbabel, and in the days of Nehemiah, gave the portions of the singers and the porters {gate-keepers}, every day his portion: and they sanctified <i>holy things</i> to the Levites; and the Levites sanctified <i>them</i> to the children of Aaron.</p> <p>Chapter 13</p> <p>(1) On that day they read in the book of Moses in the hearing of the people; and there was found written in it, that the Ammonite and the Moabite should not come into the congregation of God forever;^a</p> <p>(2) Because they did not meet the children of Israel with bread and with water, but hired Balaam against them, that he should curse them: however our God turned the curse into a blessing.</p> <p>(3) Now it came to pass, when they had heard the law, that they separated from Israel all the mixed multitude.</p> <p>(4) And before this, Eliashib the priest, having the oversight of the chamber of the house {temple} of our God, <i>was</i> allied to Tobiah:</p> <p>(5) And he had prepared for him a great chamber, where before they laid the meat offerings, the frankincense, and the vessels, and the tithes of the corn, the new wine, and the oil, which was commanded <i>to be given</i> to the Levites, and the singers, and the porters {gate-keepers}; and the offerings of the priests.</p>

13:1a – Deut. 23:3

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King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(6) But in all this <i>time</i> was not I at Jerusalem: for in the two and thirtieth year of Artaxerxes king of Babylon came I unto the king, and after certain days obtained I leave of the king:</p> <p>(7) And I came to Jerusalem, and understood of the evil that Eliashib did for Tobiah, in preparing him a chamber in the courts of the house of God.</p> <p>(8) And it grieved me sore: therefore I cast forth all the household stuff of Tobiah out of the chamber.</p> <p>(9) Then I commanded, and they cleansed the chambers: and thither brought I again the vessels of the house of God, with the meat offering and the frankincense.</p> <p>(10) And I perceived that the portions of the Levites had not been given <i>them</i>: for the Levites and the singers, that did the work, were fled every one to his field.</p> <p>(11) Then contended I with the rulers, and said, Why is the house of God forsaken? And I gathered them together, and set them in their place.</p> <p>(12) Then brought all Judah the tithe of the corn and the new wine and the oil unto the treasuries.</p> <p>(13) And I made treasurers over the treasuries, Shelemiah the priest, and Zadok the scribe, and of the Levites, Pedaiah: and next to them <i>was</i> Hanan the son of Zaccur, the son of Mattaniah: for they were counted faithful, and their office <i>was</i> to distribute unto their brethren.</p>	<p>(6) But in all this <i>time</i> I was not at Jerusalem: because in the thirty-second year of Artaxerxes king of Babylon {3635 A.H./C-407 B.C.}* I came to the king, and after certain days I obtained leave of the king:</p> <p>(7) And I came to Jerusalem, and understood of the evil that Eliashib did for Tobiah, in preparing him a chamber in the courts of the house {temple} of God.</p> <p>(8) And it grieved me greatly: therefore I cast forth all the household stuff of Tobiah out of the chamber.</p> <p>(9) Then I commanded, and they cleansed the chambers: and there I brought again the vessels of the house {temple} of God, with the meat offering and the frankincense.</p> <p>(10) And I perceived that the portions of the Levites had not been given <i>them</i>: for the Levites and the singers, who did the work, had fled everyone to his field.</p> <p>(11) Then I contended with the rulers, and said, Why is the house {temple} of God forsaken? And I gathered them together, and set them in their place.</p> <p>(12) Then all Judah brought the tithe {10%} of the corn and the new wine and the oil to the treasuries.</p> <p>(13) And I made treasurers over the treasuries, Shelemiah the priest, and Zadok the scribe, and of the Levites, Pedaiah: and next to them <i>was</i> Hanan the son of Zaccur, the son of Mattaniah: because they were counted faithful, and their office <i>was</i> to distribute to their brothers.</p>

32nd year of Artaxerxes
[*3635 A.H./C- 407 B.C.] - See [Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History](#)

{16} Nehemiah

King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(14) Remember me, O my God, concerning this, and wipe not out my good deeds that I have done for the house of my God, and for the offices thereof.</p> <p>(15) In those days saw I in Judah <i>some</i> treading wine presses on the sabbath, and bringing in sheaves, and lading asses; as also wine, grapes, and figs, and all <i>manner of</i> burdens, which they brought into Jerusalem on the sabbath day: and I testified <i>against them</i> in the day wherein they sold victuals.</p> <p>(16) There dwelt men of Tyre also therein, which brought fish, and all manner of ware, and sold on the sabbath unto the children of Judah, and in Jerusalem.</p> <p>(17) Then I contended with the nobles of Judah, and said unto them, What evil thing is this that ye do, and profane the sabbath day?</p> <p>(18) Did not your fathers thus, and did not our God bring all this evil upon us, and upon this city? yet ye bring more wrath upon Israel by profaning the sabbath.</p> <p>(19) And it came to pass, that when the gates of Jerusalem began to be dark before the sabbath, I commanded that the gates should be shut, and charged that they should not be opened till after the sabbath: and <i>some</i> of my servants set I at the gates, <i>that</i> there should no burden be brought in on the sabbath day.</p> <p>(20) So the merchants and sellers of all kind of ware lodged without Jerusalem once or twice.</p>	<p>(14) Remember me, O my God, concerning this, and do not wipe out my good deeds that I have done for the house {temple} of my God, and for its offices.</p> <p>(15) In those days I saw in Judah <i>some</i> treading wine presses on the sabbath {Saturday}, and bringing in sheaves, and loading donkeys; as also wine, grapes, and figs, and all <i>manner of</i> burdens, which they brought into Jerusalem on the sabbath day {Saturday}: and I testified <i>against them</i> in the day in which they sold food.</p> <p>(16) There lived men of Tyre also in there, who brought fish, and all manner of goods, and sold on the sabbath to the children of Judah, and in Jerusalem.</p> <p>(17) Then I contended with the nobles of Judah, and said to them, What evil thing is this that you do, and profane the sabbath day {Saturday}?</p> <p>(18) Did not your fathers do this, and did not our God bring all this evil upon us, and upon this city? yet you bring more anger upon Israel by profaning the sabbath {Saturday}.</p> <p>(19) And it came to pass, that when the gates of Jerusalem began to be dark before the sabbath {Saturday}, I commanded that the gates should be shut, and charged that they should not be opened until after the sabbath {Saturday}: and <i>some</i> of my servants I set at the gates, <i>that</i> there should be no burden brought in on the sabbath day {Saturday}.</p> <p>(20) So the merchants and sellers of all kind of goods lodged outside of Jerusalem once or twice.</p>

{16} Nehemiah

King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(21) Then I testified against them, and said unto them, Why lodge ye about the wall? if ye do so again, I will lay hands on you. From that time forth came they no <i>more</i> on the sabbath.</p> <p>(22) And I commanded the Levites that they should cleanse themselves, and <i>that</i> they should come <i>and</i> keep the gates, to sanctify the sabbath day. Remember me, O my God, <i>concerning</i> this also, and spare me according to the greatness of thy mercy.</p> <p>(23) In those days also saw I Jews <i>that</i> had married wives of Ashdod, of Ammon, <i>and</i> of Moab:</p> <p>(24) And their children spake half in the speech of Ashdod, and could not speak in the Jews' language, but according to the language of each people.</p> <p>(25) And I contended with them, and cursed them, and smote certain of them, and plucked off their hair, and made them swear by God, <i>saying</i>, Ye shall not give your daughters unto their sons, nor take their daughters unto your sons, or for yourselves.</p> <p>(26) Did not Solomon king of Israel sin by these things? yet among many nations was there no king like him, who was beloved of his God, and God made him king over all Israel: nevertheless even him did outlandish women cause to sin.</p> <p>(27) Shall we then hearken unto you to do all this great evil, to transgress against our God in marrying strange wives?</p>	<p>(21) Then I testified against them, and said to them, Why do you lodge around the wall? if you do so again, I will lay hands on you. From that time forth they did not come on the sabbath {Saturday}.</p> <p>(22) And I commanded the Levites that they should cleanse themselves, and <i>that</i> they should come <i>and</i> keep the gates, to sanctify the sabbath day {Saturday}. Remember me, O my God, <i>concerning</i> this also, and spare me according to the greatness of Your mercy.</p> <p>(23) In those days also I saw Jews <i>who</i> had married wives of Ashdod, of Ammon, <i>and</i> of Moab:</p> <p>(24) And their children spoke half in the speech of Ashdod, and could not speak in the Jews' language, but according to the language of each people.</p> <p>(25) And I contended with them, and cursed them, and struck certain of them, and plucked off their hair, and made them swear by God, <i>saying</i>, You shall not give your daughters to their sons, nor take their daughters to your sons, or for yourselves.</p> <p>(26) Did not Solomon king of Israel sin by these things? yet among many nations there was no king like him, who was beloved of his God, and God made him king over all Israel: nevertheless outlandish women even caused him to sin.</p> <p>(27) Shall we then listen to you to do all this great evil, to sin against our God in marrying strange {unbelieving} wives?</p>

{16} Nehemiah

King James Version	King James Paraphrase
<p>(28) And <i>one</i> of the sons of Joiada, the son of Eliashib the high priest, <i>was</i> son in law to Sanballat the Horonite: therefore I chased him from me.</p> <p>(29) Remember them, O my God, because they have defiled the priesthood, and the covenant of the priesthood, and of the Levites.</p> <p>(30) Thus cleansed I them from all strangers, and appointed the wards of the priests and the Levites, every one in his business;</p> <p>(31) And for the wood offering, at times appointed, and for the firstfruits. Remember me, O my God, for good.</p>	<p>(28) And <i>one</i> of the sons of Joiada, the son of Eliashib the high priest, <i>was</i> son-in-law to Sanballat the Horonite: therefore I chased him from me.</p> <p>(29) Remember them, O my God, because they have defiled the priesthood, and the covenant of the priesthood, and of the Levites.</p> <p>(30) So I cleansed them from all strangers, and appointed the wards of the priests and the Levites, everyone in his business;</p> <p>(31) And for the wood offering, at times appointed, and for the first-fruits. Remember me, O my God, for good.</p>