{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>Chapter 1 <ol> <li>And Solomon the son of David was strengthened in his kingdom, and the LORD his God was with him, and magnified him exceedingly.</li> <li>Then Solomon spake unto all Israel, to the captains of thousands and of hundreds, and to the judges, and to every governor in all Israel, the chief of the fathers.</li> <li>So Solomon, and all the congregation with him, went to the high place that was at Gibeon; for there was the tabernacle of the congregation of God, which Moses the servant of the LORD had made in the wilderness.</li> <li>But the ark of God had David brought up from Kirjathjearim to <i>the place which</i> David had prepared for it: for he had pitched a tent for it at Jerusalem.</li> <li>Moreover the brasen altar, that Bezaleel the son of Uri, the son of Hur, had made, he put before the tabernacle of the LORD: and Solomon and the congregation sought unto it.</li> <li>And Solomon went up thither to the brasen altar before the LORD, which was at the tabernacle of the congregation and sid unto him, Ask what I shall give thee.</li> <li>And Solomon said unto God, Thou hast shewed great mercy unto David my father, and hast made me to reign in his stead.</li> </ol></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Chapter 1 <ol> <li>And Solomon the son of David was strengthened in his kingdom, and the LORD {Jehovah} his God was with him, and magnified him exceedingly.</li> <li>Then Solomon spoke to all Israel, to the captains of thousands and of hundreds, and to the judges, and to every governor in all Israel, the chief of the fathers.</li> <li>So Solomon, and all the congregation with him, went to the high place that was at Gibeon; because the tabernacle of the congregation of God was there, which Moses the servant of the LORD {Jehovah} had made in the wilderness.</li> <li>But the ark of God David had brought up from Kirjathjearim to <i>the place which</i> David had prepared for it: because he had pitched a tent for it at Jerusalem.</li> <li>Furthermore the brass altar, that Bezaleel the son of Uri, the son of Hur, had made,<sup>a</sup> he put before the tabernacle of the congregation came to it.</li> <li>And Solomon went up to the brass altar before the LORD {Jehovah}, which was at the tabernacle of the congregation, and said to him, Ask whatever you would like for Me to give you.</li> <li>And Solomon said to God, You have shown great mercy to my father David, and have caused me to reign in his place.</li> </ol></li></ul>	
14.001/132 II Chronicles Chapter 1 (Page 1505)		

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(9) Now, O LORD God, let thy promise unto David my father be established: for thou hast made me king over a people like the dust of the earth in multitude.</li> <li>(10) Give me now wisdom and knowledge, that I may go out and come in before this people: for who can judge this thy people, that is so great?</li> <li>(11) And God said to Solomon, Because this was in thine heart, and thou hast not asked riches, wealth, or honour, nor the life of thine enemies, neither yet hast asked long life; but hast asked wisdom and knowledge for thyself, that thou mayest judge my people, over whom I have made thee king:</li> <li>(12) Wisdom and knowledge <i>is</i> granted unto thee; and I will give thee riches, and wealth, and honour, such as none of the kings have had that have been before thee, neither shall there any after thee have the like.</li> <li>(13) Then Solomon came from his journey to the high place that was at Gibeon to Jerusalem, from before the tabernacle of the congregation, and reigned over Israel.</li> <li>(14) And Solomon gathered chariots and horsemen: and he had a thousand and four hundred chariots, and twelve thousand horsemen, which he placed in the chariot cities, and with the king at Jerusalem.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(9) Now, O LORD {Jehovah} God, let Your promise to David my father be established: because You have made me king over a people like the dust of the earth in multitude.</li> <li>(10) Give me now wisdom and knowledge, that I may go out and come in before this people: because who can judge this Your people, who are so great?</li> <li>(11) And God said to Solomon, Because this was in your heart, and you have not asked for riches, wealth, or honor, nor the life of your enemies, neither yet have asked long life; but have asked wisdom and knowledge for yourself, that you may judge My people, over whom I have made you king:</li> <li>(12) Wisdom and knowledge <i>is</i> granted to you; and I will give you riches, and wealth, and honor, such as none of the kings have had who <i>have been</i> before you, neither shall any after you have the like.</li> <li>(13) Then Solomon came <i>from his journey</i> to the high place that <i>was</i> at Gibeon to Jerusalem, from before the tabernacle of the congregation, and reigned over Israel.</li> <li>(14) And Solomon gathered chariots and horsemen: and he had a thousand four hundred chariots, and twelve thousand horsemen, which he placed in the chariot</li> </ul>	
14.002/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 1 (Page 1506)	

14.002/132 II Chronicles Chapter 1 (Page 1506)

{14} II Chronicles		
<ul> <li>King James 1769 Version</li> <li>(15) And the king made silver and gold at Jerusalem as plenteous as stones, and cedar trees made he as the sycomore trees that are in the vale for abundance.</li> <li>(16) And Solomon had horses brought out of Egypt, and linen yarn: the king's merchants received the linen yarn at a price.</li> <li>(17) And they fetched up, and brought forth out of Egypt a chariot for six hundred shekels of silver, and an horse for an hundred and fifty: and so brought they out horses for all the kings of the Hittites, and for the kings of Syria, by their means.</li> <li>Chapter 2</li> <li>(1) And Solomon told out threescore and ten thousand men to bear burdens, and fourscore thousand to hew in the mountain, and three thousand and six hundred to oversee them.</li> <li>(3) And Solomon sent to Huram the king of Tyre, saying, As thou didst deal with David my father, and didst send him cedars to build him an house to dwell therein, even so deal with me.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(15) And the king made silver and gold at Jerusalem as plenteous as stones, and cedar trees he made as the sycamore trees that are in the valley for abundance.</li> <li>(16) And Solomon had horses brought out of Egypt, and linen yarn: the king's merchants received the linen yarn at a price.</li> <li>(17) And they fetched up, and brought forth out of Egypt a chariot for six hundred shekels of silver {about 15 lbs.;</li> <li>6.8 kg.},<sup>b</sup> and a horse for one hundred fifty {about 3.75 lbs; 1.7 kg}: and so they brought out horses for all the kings of the Hittites, and for the kings of Syria, by their means.</li> <li>Chapter 2</li> <li>(1) And Solomon determined to build a house {temple} for the Name of the LORD {Jehovah}, and a house {palace} for His kingdom.</li> <li>(2) And Solomon drafted seventy thousand men to carry burdens, and eighty thousand to cut in the mountain, and three thousand six hundred to oversee them.</li> <li>(3) And Solomon sent to Huram the king of Tyre, saying, As you dealt with David my father, and sent him cedars to build him a house to live in, even so deal with me.</li> </ul>	
1:17b - shekel - 0.4 ounces; 11.4 grams – see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</u>		
14.003/132 II Chronicles (	Chapter 1-2 (Page 1507)	

{14} II Chronicles		
<b>[14]</b> II C         King James 1769 Version         (4) Behold, I build an house to the name of the LORD my God, to dedicate <i>it</i> to him, and to burn before him sweet incense, and for the continual shewbread, and for the burnt offerings morning and evening, on the sabbaths, and on the new moons, and on the solemn feasts of the LORD our God. This <i>is an ordinance</i> for ever to Israel.         (5) And the house which I build <i>is</i> great: for great <i>is</i> our God above all gods.         (6) But who is able to build him an house, seeing the heaven and heaven of heavens cannot contain him? who am I then, that I should build him an house, save only to burn sacrifice before him?         (7) Send me now therefore a man cunning to work in gold, and in silver, and in brass, and in iron, and in purple, and crimson, and blue, and that can skill to grave with the cunning men that <i>are</i> with me in Judah and in Jerusalem, whom David my father did provide.         (8) Send me also cedar trees, fir trees, and algum trees, out of Lebanon: for I know that thy servants can skill to cut timber in Lebanon; and, behold, my servants <i>shall be</i> with thy servants,         (9) Even to prepare me timber in abundance: for the house which I am about to build <i>shall be</i> wonderful great.	<ul> <li>Chronicles</li> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(4) Look, I build a house {temple} to the Name of the LORD {Jehovah} my God, to dedicate <i>it</i> to Him, <i>and</i> to burn before Him sweet incense, and for the continual holy bread, and for the burnt offerings morning and evening, on the Sabbaths {Saturdays}, and on the new moons, and on the solemn feasts of the LORD {Jehovah} our God. This <i>is an</i> <i>ordinance</i> forever to Israel.</li> <li>(5) And the house {temple} which I build <i>is</i> great: because great <i>is</i> our God above all gods.</li> <li>(6) But who is able to build Him a house {temple}, since the heaven and heaven of heavens cannot contain Him? Who <i>am</i> I then, that I should build Him a house {temple}, except only to burn sacrifices before Him?</li> <li>(7) Send me now therefore a man skilled to work in gold, and in silver, and in brass, and in iron, and in purple, and crimson, and blue, and who can skillfully engrave with the skilled men who <i>are</i> with me in Judah and in Jerusalem, whom David my father provided.</li> <li>(8) Send me also cedar trees, fir trees, and algum trees, out of Lebanon: because I know that your servants can skillfully cut timber in Lebanon; and, indeed, my servants <i>shall be</i> with your servants,</li> <li>(9) Even to prepare for me timber in abundance: because the house {temple} which I am about to build <i>shall be</i> wonderfully great.</li> </ul>	
14.004/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 2 (Page 1508)	

{14} II C	hronicles
<ul> <li>King James 1769 Version</li> <li>(10) And, behold, I will give to thy servants, the hewers that cut timber, twenty thousand measures of beaten wheat, and twenty thousand baths of wine, and twenty thousand baths of oil.</li> <li>(11) Then Huram the king of Tyre answered in writing, which he sent to Solomon, Because the LORD hath loved his people, he hath made thee king over them.</li> <li>(12) Huram said moreover, Blessed <i>be</i> the LORD God of Israel, that made heaven and earth, who hath given to David the king a wise son, endued with prudence and understanding, that might build an house for the LORD, and an house for his kingdom.</li> <li>(13) And now I have sent a cunning man, endued with understanding, of Huram my father's,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(10) And, indeed, I will give to your servants, the cutters who cut timber, twenty thousand measures of beaten wheat {about 1,117,000 gal; 4,229 kL.},<sup>a</sup> and twenty thousand measures of barley {about 1,117,000 gal; 4,229 kL.}, and twenty thousand baths of wine {about 116,000 gal.; 439 kL.},<sup>b</sup> and twenty thousand baths of oil {about 116,000 gal.; 439 kL.}.</li> <li>(11) Then Huram the king of Tyre answered in writing, which he sent to Solomon, It is because the LORD {Jehovah} has loved His people, He has made you king over them.</li> <li>(12) Furthermore Huram said, Blessed <i>is</i> the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel, Who made heaven and earth, Who has given to David the king a wise son, endued with prudence and understanding, who might build a house {temple} for the LORD {Jehovah}, and a house {palace} for His kingdom.</li> <li>(13) And now I have sent a skilled man, endued with understanding, of Huram my father's,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>2:10a - measure - cor - homer - about 58 gallons or 220 liters 20,000 measures would be about 1,117,000 gallons or 149,321 ft<sup>3</sup> or 5530 yd<sup>3</sup> or 4,229 m<sup>3</sup> - see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</u></li> <li>2:10b - bath - about 5.8 gallons or 21.95 Liters or 0.02185 kiloliters 20,000 baths would be about 116,000 gallons or 439 kiloliters</li> </ul>	
14.005/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 2 (Page 1509)

{14} II Chronicles		
	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(14) The son of a woman of the daughters of Dan, and his father <i>was</i> a man of Tyre, skilful to work in gold, and in silver, in brass, in iron, in stone, and in timber, in purple, in blue, and in fine linen, and in crimson; also to grave any manner of graving, and to find out every device which shall be put to him, with thy cunning men, and with the cunning men of my lord David thy father.</li> <li>(15) Now therefore the wheat, and the barley, the oil, and the wine, which my lord hath spoken of, let him send unto his servants:</li> <li>(16) And we will cut wood out of Lebanon, as much as thou shalt need: and we will bring it to thee in floats by sea to Joppa; and thou shalt carry it up to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(17) And Solomon numbered all the strangers that <i>were</i> in the land of Israel, after the numbering wherewith David his father had numbered them; and they were found an hundred and fifty thousand and three thousand and six hundred.</li> <li>(18) And he set threescore and ten thousand of them <i>to be</i> bearers of burdens, and fourscore thousand <i>to be</i> hewers in the mountain, and three thousand and six hundred overseers to set the people a work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(14) The son of a woman of the daughters of Dan, and his father <i>was</i> a man of Tyre, skillful to work in gold, and in silver, in brass, in iron, in stone, and in timber, in purple, in blue, and in fine linen, and in crimson; also to engrave any manner of engraving, and to find out every device which shall be put to him, with your skilled men, and with the skilled men of my lord David your father.</li> <li>(15) Now therefore the wheat, and the barley, the oil, and the wine, which my lord has spoken of, let him send to his servants:</li> <li>(16) And we will cut wood out of Lebanon, as much as you shall need: and we will bring it to you in floats by {Mediterranean} Sea to Joppa; and you shall carry it up to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(17) And Solomon numbered all the strangers who <i>were</i> in the land of Israel, after the numbering with which David his father had numbered them; and they numbered one hundred fifty-three thousand six hundred.</li> <li>(18) And he set seventy thousand of them <i>to be</i> carriers of burdens, and eighty thousand <i>to be</i> cutters in the mountain, and three thousand six hundred overseers to set the people at work.</li> </ul>	
14.006/132 II Chronicles Chapter 2 (Page 1510)		

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
Chapter 3	Chapter 3	
<ul> <li>(1) Then Solomon began to build the house of the LORD at Jerusalem in mount Moriah, where the LORD appeared unto David his father, in the place that David had prepared in the threshingfloor of Ornan the Jebusite.</li> <li>(2) And he began to build in the second day of the second month, in the fourth year of his reign.</li> <li>(3) Now these are the things wherein Solomon was instructed for the building of the house of God. The length by cubits after the first measure was threescore cubits, and the breadth twenty cubits.</li> <li>(4) And the porch that was in the front of the house, the length of it was according to the breadth of the house, twenty cubits, and the height was an hundred and twenty: and he overlaid it within with pure gold.</li> <li>(5) And the greater house he cieled with fir tree, which he overlaid with fine gold, and set thereon palm trees and chains.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) Then Solomon began to build the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} at Jerusalem in mount Moriah,<sup>a</sup> where <i>the LORD {Jehovah}</i> appeared to David his father, in the place that David had prepared in the threshing-floor of Ornan the Jebusite.</li> <li>(2) And he began to build in the second <i>day</i> of the second month {Iyar [Apr./May]}, in the fourth year of his reign {2/2/3107 A.H./C- 935 B.C.}.<sup>b*</sup></li> <li>(3) Now these <i>are the things in which</i> Solomon was instructed for the building of the house {temple} of God. The length by cubits after the first measure <i>was</i> sixty cubits<sup>c</sup> {about 90 ft.; 27.4 m}, and the width twenty cubits {about 30 ft.; 9.1 m.}.</li> <li>(4) And the porch that <i>was</i> in the front <i>of the house {temple}</i>, the length <i>of it was</i> according to the width of the house {temple}, the length <i>of</i> it.; 9.1 m.}, and the height <i>was</i> one hundred twenty {about 180 ft.; 54.8 m.}: and he overlaid it inside with pure gold.</li> <li>(5) And in the larger house he made a ceiling of fir trees, which he overlaid with fine gold, and set on it palm trees and chains.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>3:1a - mount Moriah - the same location where Abraham was to offer his son Isaac - Gen. 22:2; II Sam. 24:18-25; I Chr. 21:15; Ps. 76:2</li> <li>3:2b - See <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and</u> <u>Holy Days</u>. See also <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u></li> <li>3:3c - cubit - about 1.5 ft. or 0.457 meters 60 cubits would be about 90 feet or 27.4 meters - see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</u></li> </ul>		
4 <sup>th</sup> year of Solomon's reign; 450 years [plus 114 years of oppression] since Joshua crossed the Jordan River [*3107 A.H./C- 935 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>		
14.007/132 II Chronicles Chapter 3 (Page 1511)		

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(6) And he garnished the house with precious stones for beauty: and the gold was gold of Parvaim.</li> <li>(7) He overlaid also the house, the beams, the posts, and the walls thereof, and the doors thereof, with gold; and graved cherubims on the walls.</li> <li>(8) And he made the most holy house, the length whereof was according to the breadth of the house, twenty cubits; and the breadth thereof twenty cubits: and he overlaid it with fine gold, amounting to six hundred talents.</li> <li>(9) And the weight of the nails was fifty shekels of gold. And he overlaid the upper chambers with gold.</li> <li>(10) And in the most holy house he made two cherubims of image work, and overlaid them with gold.</li> <li>(11) And the wings of the cherubims were twenty cubits long: one wing of the one cherub was five cubits, reaching to the wall of the house: and the other wing was likewise five cubits, reaching to the wing of the other cherub.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) And he decorated the house with precious stones for beauty: and the gold <i>was</i> gold of Parvaim.</li> <li>(7) He overlaid also the house {temple}, the beams, the posts, and its walls, and its doors, with gold; and engraved cherubims on the walls.</li> <li>(8) And he made the most holy house {Holy of Holies}, the length of which <i>was</i> according to the width of the house, twenty cubits {about 30 ft.; 9.1 m.}, and its width twenty cubits: and he overlaid it with fine gold, <i>amounting</i> to six hundred talents {about 45,360 lbs.; 20,580 kg}.<sup>d</sup></li> <li>(9) And the weight of the nails <i>was</i> fifty shekels of gold {about 20 oz.; 570 gm.}.<sup>e</sup> And he overlaid the upper chambers with gold.</li> <li>(10) And in the most holy house {Holy of Holies} he made two cherubims of sculpture work, and overlaid them with gold.</li> <li>(11) And the wings of the cherubims <i>were</i> twenty cubits long {about 30 ft.; 9.1 m.}: one wing <i>of the one cherub was</i> five cubits {about 7.5 ft.; 2.23 m.}, reaching to the wing of the other wing <i>was likewise</i> five cubits {about 7.5 ft.; 2.23 m.}, reaching to the wing of the other wing of</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>3:8d - talent- about 75.6 pounds or 34.3 kilograms 600 talents would be about 45,360 pounds or 20,580 kilograms - see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</u></li> <li>3:9e - shekel = 0.4 ounces = 11.4 grams</li> </ul>		
14.008/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 3 (Page 1512)	

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(12) And <i>one</i> wing of the other cherub <i>was</i> five cubits, reaching to the wall of the house: and the other wing <i>was</i> five cubits <i>also</i>, joining to the wing of the other cherub.</li> <li>(13) The wings of these cherubims spread themselves forth twenty cubits: and they stood on their feet, and their faces <i>were</i> inward.</li> <li>(14) And he made the vail <i>of</i> blue, and purple, and crimson, and fine linen, and wrought cherubims thereon.</li> <li>(15) Also he made before the house two pillars of thirty and five cubits high, and the chapiter that <i>was</i> on the top of each of them <i>was</i> five cubits.</li> <li>(16) And he made chains, <i>as</i> in the oracle, and put <i>them</i> on the chains.</li> <li>(17) And he reared up the pillars before the temple, one on the right hand, and the name of that on the left Boaz.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(12) And <i>one</i> wing of the other cherub <i>was</i> five cubits {about 7.5 ft.; 2.23 m.}, reaching to the wall of the house: and the other wing <i>was</i> five cubits <i>also</i> {about 7.5 ft.; 2.23 m.}, joining to the wing of the other cherub.</li> <li>(13) The wings of these cherubims spread themselves forth twenty cubits {about 30 ft.; 9.1 m.}: and they stood on their feet, and their faces <i>were</i> inward.</li> <li>(14) And he made the curtain <i>of</i> blue, and purple, and crimson, and fine linen, and made the cherubims on it.</li> <li>(15) Also he made in front of the house {temple} two pillars of thirty-five cubits high {about 52.5 ft.; 16.0 m.}, and the cap that <i>was</i> on the top of each of them <i>was</i> five cubits {about 7.5 ft.; 2.23 m.}.</li> <li>(16) And he made chains, <i>as</i> in the Holy of Holies, and put <i>them</i> on the heads of the pillars; and made one hundred pomegranates, and put <i>them</i> on the chains.</li> <li>(17) And he raised up the pillars in front of the temple, one on the right hand, and the other on the left; and called the name of the one on the right hand "Jachin" {will establish}, f and the name of the one on the left "Boaz" {in Him is strength}.g</li> </ul>	
3:17f - Jachin {יכין} - will establish 3:17g - Boaz {כעז} – in Him is strength - the great grandfather of David – Ruth 4:21-22		
14.009/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 3 (Page 1513)	

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>Chapter 4 <ol> <li>Moreover he made an altar of brass, twenty cubits the length thereof, and twenty cubits the breadth thereof, and ten cubits the height thereof.</li> <li>Also he made a molten sea of ten cubits from brim to brim, round in compass, and five cubits the height thereof; and a line of thirty cubits did compass it round about.</li> <li>And under it was the similitude of oxen, which did compass it round about:</li> <li>and cubit, compassing the sea round about. Two rows of oxen were cast, when it was cast.</li> <li>It stood upon twelve oxen, three looking toward the west, and three looking toward the south, and three looking toward the sea was set above upon them, and all their hinder parts were inward.</li> <li>And the thickness of it was an handbreadth, and the brim of it like the work of the brim of a cup, with flowers of lilies; and it received and held three thousand baths.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chapter 4 <ol> <li>Furthermore he made an altar of brass, its length twenty cubits {about 30 ft.; 9.1 m.}, and its width twenty cubits {about 30 ft.; 9.1 m.}, and its height ten cubits {about 15 ft.; 4.5 m.}.</li> <li>Also he made a molten sea {great bowl; bath tub}<sup>a</sup> of ten cubits {about 15 ft.; 4.5 m.} ft.; 4.5 m.} from brim to brim {its diameter}, round in shape, and its height five cubits {about 7.5 ft.; 2.23 m.}; and a line of thirty cubits {about 45 ft.; 13.7 m.}</li> </ol></li></ul>	
4:2a – molten sea – great bowl {bath tub} 4:5b - bath - about 5.8 gallons or 22 liters <u>Measures</u>		
14.010/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 4 (Page 1514)	

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(6) He made also ten lavers, and put five on the right hand, and five on the left, to wash in them: such things as they offered for the burnt offering they washed in them; but the sea <i>was</i> for the priests to wash in.</li> <li>(7) And he made ten candlesticks of gold according to their form, and set <i>them</i> in the temple, five on the right hand, and five on the left.</li> <li>(8) He made also ten tables, and placed <i>them</i> in the temple, five on the right side, and five on the left. And he made an hundred basons of gold.</li> <li>(9) Furthermore he made the court of the priests, and the great court, and doors for the court, and overlaid the doors of them with brass.</li> <li>(10) And he set the sea on the right side of the east end, over against the south.</li> <li>(11) And Huram made the pots, and the shovels, and the basons. And Huram finished the work that he was to make for king Solomon for the house of God;</li> <li>(12) To wit, the two pillars, and the two wreaths to cover the two pommels of the chapiters which <i>were</i> on the top of the two pillars;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) He made also ten bowls, and put five on the right hand, and five on the left, to wash in: such things as they offered for the burnt offering they washed in them; but the sea {great bowl; bath tub} was for the priests to wash in.</li> <li>(7) And he made ten candlesticks of gold according to their form, and set <i>them</i> in the temple, five on the right hand, and five on the left.</li> <li>(8) He made also ten tables, and placed <i>them</i> in the temple, five on the right side, and five on the left. And he made an hundred bowls of gold.</li> <li>(9) Furthermore he made the court of the priests, and the large court, and doors for the court, and overlaid their doors with brass.</li> <li>(10) And he set the sea {great bowl; bath tub} on the right side.</li> <li>(11) And Huram made the pots, and the shovels, and the bowls. And Huram finished the work that he was to make for king Solomon for the house {temple} of God;</li> <li>(12) In this manner, the two pillars, and the bowls, and the caps which were on the top of the pillars;</li> </ul>	
14.011/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 4 (Page 1515)	
14.011/132 II Chronicles Chapter 4 (Page 1515)		

{14} II Chronicles	
	King James Paraphrase
(13) And four hundred pomegranates on	(13) And four hundred pomegranates on
the two wreaths; two rows of	the two wreaths; two rows of
pomegranates on each wreath, to cover the	pomegranates on each wreath, to cover the
two pommels of the chapiters which <i>were</i>	two bowls of the caps which <i>were</i> upon the
upon the pillars.	pillars.
(14) He made also bases, and lavers made	(14) He also made bases, and he made
he upon the bases;	bowls upon the bases;
(15) One sea, and twelve oxen under it.	(15) One sea {great bowl; bath tub}, and
(16) The pots also, and the shovels, and	twelve oxen under it.
the fleshhooks, and all their instruments,	(16) The pots also, and the shovels, and
did Huram his father make to king	the meat-hooks, and all their instruments,
Solomon for the house of the LORD of	Huram his father made for king Solomon
bright brass.	for the house {temple} of the LORD
(17) In the plain of Jordan did the king	{Jehovah} of bright brass.
cast them, in the clay ground between	(17) In the plain of Jordan the king cast
Succoth and Zeredathah.	them, in the clay ground between Succoth
(18) Thus Solomon made all these vessels	and Zeredathah.
in great abundance: for the weight of the	(18) So Solomon made all these vessels in
brass could not be found out.	great abundance: because the weight of
(19) And Solomon made all the vessels that <i>were for</i> the house of God, the golden	the brass could not be determined. (19) And Solomon made all the vessels
altar also, and the tables whereon the	that were for the house {temple} of God,
shewbread <i>was set;</i>	the golden altar also, and the tables on
(20) Moreover the candlesticks with their	which the holy bread <i>was set;</i>
lamps, that they should burn after the	(20) Furthermore the candlesticks with
manner before the oracle, of pure gold;	their lamps, that they should burn after
(21) And the flowers, and the lamps, and	their manner in front of the Holy of
the tongs, made he of gold, and that	Holies, of pure gold;
perfect gold;	(21) And the flowers, and the lamps, and
(22) And the snuffers, and the basons,	the tongs, he made of gold, and that
and the spoons, and the censers, of pure	perfect gold;
gold: and the entry of the house, the inner	(22) And the snuffers, and the bowls, and
doors thereof for the most holy <i>place</i> , and	the spoons, and the censers, of pure gold:
the doors of the house of the temple, were	and the entrance of the house {temple}, its
of gold.	inner doors for the most holy place {Holy
	of Holies}, and the doors of the house of
	the temple, <i>were of</i> gold.
14.012/132 II Chronicles Chapter 4 (Page 1516)	
14.012/132 11 Onronneies Onapter 4 (Page 1510)	

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase		
Chapter 5 (1) Thus all the work that Solomon made for the house of the LORD was finished: and Solomon brought in <i>all</i> the things that David his father had dedicated; and the silver, and the gold, and all the instruments, put he among the treasures of the house of God. (2) Then Solomon assembled the elders of Israel, and all the heads of the tribes, the chief of the fathers of the children of Israel, unto Jerusalem, to bring up the ark of the covenant of the LORD out of the city of David, which <i>is</i> Zion. (3) Wherefore all the men of Israel assembled themselves unto the king in the feast which <i>was</i> in the seventh month. (4) And all the elders of Israel came; and the Levites took up the ark. (5) And they brought up the ark, and the tabernacle of the congregation, and all the holy vessels that <i>were</i> in the tabernacle, these did the priests <i>and</i> the Levites bring up. (6) Also king Solomon, and all the congregation of Israel that were assembled unto him before the ark, sacrificed sheep and oxen, which could not be told nor numbered for multitude.	<ul> <li>Chapter 5 <ul> <li>(1) So all the work that Solomon made for the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} was finished: and Solomon brought in <i>all</i> the things that David his father had dedicated; and the silver, and the gold, and all the instruments, he put among the treasures of the house {temple} of God.</li> <li>(2) Then Solomon assembled the elders of Israel, and all the heads of the tribes, the chief of the fathers of the children of Israel, to Jerusalem, to bring up the ark of the covenant of the LORD {Jehovah} out of the city of David, which <i>is</i> Zion.</li> <li>(3) Therefore all the men of Israel assembled themselves to the king in the feast {Feast of Tabernacles} which <i>was</i> in the seventh month {Tishri [Sept./Oct.]} {7/15/3107 A.H./C- 935 B.C.}.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(4) And all the elders of Israel came; and the Levites took up the ark.</li> <li>(5) And they brought up the ark, and the tabernacle of the congregation, and all the holy vessels that <i>were</i> in the tabernacle, these the priests <i>and</i> the Levites brought up.</li> <li>(6) Also king Solomon, and all the congregation of Israel who were assembled to him in front of the ark, sacrificed sheep and oxen, which could not be told nor numbered for multitude.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
5:3a – I Ki. 8:2f – Feast of Tabernacles – Lev. 23:34 - See <u>Appendix L: The Modern</u> <u>Jewish Calendar and Holy Days</u> . See also <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u>		
14.013/132 II Chronicles Chapter 5 (Page 1517)		

14.014/132 II Chronicles Chapter 5 (Page 1518)

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase		
<ul> <li>(13) It came even to pass, as the trumpeters and singers were as one, to make one sound to be heard in praising and thanking the LORD; and when they lifted up <i>their</i> voice with the trumpets and cymbals and instruments of musick, and praised the LORD, <i>saying</i>, For <i>he is</i> good; for his mercy <i>endureth</i> for ever: that <i>then</i> the house was filled with a cloud, <i>even</i> the house of the LORD;</li> <li>(14) So that the priests could not stand to minister by reason of the cloud: for the glory of the LORD had filled the house of God.</li> </ul>	(13) It came to pass, as the trumpeters and singers were as one, to make one sound to be heard in praising and thanking the LORD {Jehovah}; and when they lifted up their voice with the trumpets and cymbals and instruments of music, and praised the LORD {Jehovah}, saying, Because He is good; because His mercy endures forever: then the house {temple} was filled with a cloud, even the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}; (14) So that the priests could not stand to minister because of the cloud: because the glory of the LORD {Jehovah} had filled the house {temple} of God.	
<b>Chapter 6</b> (1) Then said Solomon, The LORD hath said that he would dwell in the thick darkness. (2) But I have built an house of habitation for thee, and a place for thy dwelling for ever. (3) And the king turned his face, and blessed the whole congregation of Israel: and all the congregation of Israel stood. (4) And he said, Blessed <i>be</i> the LORD God of Israel, who hath with his hands fulfilled <i>that</i> which he spake with his mouth to my father David, saying, (5) Since the day that I brought forth my people out of the land of Egypt I chose no city among all the tribes of Israel to build an house in, that my name might be there; neither chose I any man to be a ruler over my people Israel:	<ul> <li>Chapter 6 <ol> <li>Then Solomon said, The LORD</li> <li>Jehovah has said that He would live in the thick darkness.</li> <li>But I have built a house {temple} for You to live, and a place for Your home forever.</li> <li>And the king turned his face, and blessed the whole congregation of Israel: and all the congregation of Israel stood.</li> <li>And he said, Blessed <i>is</i> the LORD</li> <li>And he said, Blessed <i>is</i> the LORD</li> <li>Fehovah God of Israel, Who has with His hands fulfilled <i>that</i> which He spoke with His mouth to my father David, saying,</li> <li>Since the day that I brought forth My people out of the land of Egypt I chose no city among all the tribes of Israel to build a house {temple} in, that My Name might be there; neither did I choose any man to be a ruler over My people Israel:<sup>a</sup></li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
6:5a – 1 Kl. 8:16I		
6:5a – I Ki. 8:16f		

14.015/132 II Chronicles Chapter 5-6 (Page 1519)

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase		
<ul> <li>(6) But I have chosen Jerusalem, that my Name might be there; and have chosen David to be over My people Israel.</li> <li>(7) Now it was in the heart of David my father to build a house {temple} for the Name of the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel.</li> <li>(8) But the LORD {Jehovah} said to David my father, Since it was in your heart to build a house {temple} for My Name, you did well since it was in your heart:</li> <li>(9) Nevertheless you shall not build the house {temple}; but your son who shall come forth out of your body, he shall build the house {temple} for My Name.</li> <li>(10) Therefore LORD {Jehovah} has performed His word which He has spoken: because I have risen up in the place of David my father, and been set upon the throne of Israel, as the LORD {Jehovah} promised, and have built the house {temple} for the Name of the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel.</li> <li>(11) And in it I have put the ark, in which <i>is</i> the covenant of the LORD {Jehovah}, that He made with the children of Israel.</li> <li>(12) And he stood before the altar of the LORD {Jehovah} in the presence of all the congregation of Israel, and spread forth his hands:</li> </ul>		
Chapter 6 (Page 1520)		

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version (13) For Solomon had made a brasen scaffold, of five cubits long, and five cubits broad, and three cubits high, and had set it in the midst of the court: and upon it he stood, and kneeled down upon his knees before all the congregation of Israel, and spread forth his hands toward heaven, (14) And said, O LORD God of Israel, <i>there is</i> no God like thee in the heaven, nor in the earth; which keepest covenant, and <i>shewest</i> mercy unto thy servants, that walk before thee with all their hearts: (15) Thou which hast kept with thy servant David my father that which thou hast promised him; and spakest with thy mouth, and hast fulfilled <i>it</i> with thine hand, as <i>it is</i> this day. (16) Now therefore, O LORD God of Israel, keep with thy servant David my father that which thou hast promised him, saying, There shall not fail thee a man in my sight to sit upon the throne of Israel; yet so that thy children take heed to their way to walk in my law, as thou hast walked before me. (17) Now then, O LORD God of Israel, let thy word be verified, which thou hast spoken unto thy servant David.	<ul> <li>[King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(13) Because Solomon had made a brass scaffold, of five cubits long {about 7.5 ft.; 2.3 m.},<sup>b</sup> and five cubits wide {about 7.5 ft.; 2.3 m.}, and three cubits high {about 4.5 ft.; 1.4 m.}, and had set it in the midst of the court: and he stood upon it, and knelt down upon his knees before all the congregation of Israel, and spread forth his hands towards heaven,</li> <li>(14) And said,</li> <li>O LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel, <i>there is</i> no God like You in the heaven, nor in the earth; Who keeps covenant, and <i>shows</i> mercy to Your servants, who walk before You with all their hearts:</li> <li>(15) You have kept with Your servant David my father that which You have promised him; and spoke with Your hand, as <i>it is</i> this day.</li> <li>(16) Now therefore, O LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel, keep with Your servant David my father that which You have promised him, saying, There shall not fail of you a man in My sight to sit upon the throne of Israel; but let your children take heed to their ways to walk in My law, as you have walked before Me.c</li> <li>(17) Now then, O LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel, let Your word be verified, which You have spoken to Your servant David.</li> </ul>	
6:13b - cubit - about 1.5 ft. or 0.457 meters <u>Measures</u> 6:16c – I Ki. 8:25	s - see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and</u>	
14.017/132 II Chronicles Chapter 6 (Page 1521)		

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version (24) And if thy people Israel be put to the worse before the enemy, because they have sinned against thee; and shall return and confess thy name, and pray and make supplication before thee in this house; (25) Then hear thou from the heavens, and forgive the sin of thy people Israel, and bring them again unto the land which thou gavest to them and to their fathers. (26) When the heaven is shut up, and there is no rain, because they have sinned against thee; <i>yet</i> if they pray toward this place, and confess thy name, and turn from their sin, when thou dost afflict them; (27) Then hear thou from heaven, and forgive the sin of thy servants, and of thy people Israel, when thou hast taught them the good way, wherein they should walk; and send rain upon thy land, which thou hast given unto thy people for an inheritance. (28) If there be dearth in the land, if there be pestilence, if there be blasting, or mildew, locusts, or caterpillers; if their enemies besiege them in the cities of their land; whatsoever sore or whatsoever sickness <i>there be</i> :	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(24) And if Your people Israel are put to the worse before the enemy, because they have sinned against You; and shall return and confess Your Name, and pray and make requests before You in this house {temple};</li> <li>(25) Then hear from the heavens, and forgive the sin of Your people Israel, and bring them again to the land which You gave to them and to their forefathers.</li> <li>(26) When the heaven is shut up, and there is no rain, because they have sinned against You; <i>yet</i> if they pray towards this place, and confess Your Name, and turn from their sin, when You afflict them;<sup>d</sup></li> <li>(27) Then hear from heaven, and forgive the sin of Your servants, and of Your people Israel, when You have taught them the good way, in which they should walk; and send rain upon Your land, which You have given to Your people for an inheritance.</li> <li>(28) If there is a drought in the land, if there is pestilence, if there is blasting {hot wind; judgment}, or mildew, locusts, or caterpillars; if their enemies besiege them in the cities of their land; whatever sore or whatsoever sickness <i>there is:</i></li> </ul>	
6:26d – I Ki. 8:35f		
14.019/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 6 (Page 1523)	

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase		
<ul> <li>(29) Then what prayer or what supplication soever shall be made of any man, or of all thy people Israel, when every one shall know his own sore and his own grief, and shall spread forth his hands in this house:</li> <li>(30) Then hear thou from heaven thy dwelling place, and forgive, and render unto every man according unto all his ways, whose heart thou knowest; (for thou only knowest the hearts of the children of men:)</li> <li>(31) That they may fear thee, to walk in thy ways, so long as they live in the land which thou gavest unto our fathers.</li> <li>(32) Moreover concerning the stranger, which is not of thy people Israel, but is come from a far country for thy great name's sake, and thy mighty hand, and thy stretched out arm; if they come and pray in this house;</li> <li>(33) Then hear thou from the heavens, even from thy dwelling place, and do according to all that the stranger calleth to thee for; that all people of the earth may know thy name, and fear thee, as doth thy people Israel, and may know that this house which I have built is called by thy name.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(29) <i>Then</i> what prayer <i>or</i> what request shall be made of any man, or of all Your people Israel, when everyone shall know his own sore and his own grief, and shall spread forth his hands in this house {temple}:</li> <li>(30) Then hear from heaven Your home, and forgive, and give to every man according to all his deeds, whose heart You know; (because only You know the hearts of the children of men:)</li> <li>(31) That they may fear You, to walk in Your ways, so long as they live in the land which You gave to our forefathers.</li> <li>(32) Futhermore concerning the stranger, who is not of Your people Israel, but has come from a far country for Your great Name's sake, and Your mighty hand, and Your out stretched arm; if they come and pray in this house {temple};e</li> <li>(33) Then hear from the heavens, <i>even</i> from Your home, and do according to all that the stranger calls to You for; that all people of the earth may know Your Name, and fear You, as Your people Israel <i>do</i>, and may know that this house {temple} which I have built is called by Your Name.</li> </ul>	
6:32e – I Ki. 8:41f		
14.020/132 II Chronicles Chapter 6 (Page 1524)		

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(36) If they sin against thee, (for <i>there is</i> no man which sinneth not,) and thou be angry with them, and deliver them over before <i>their</i> enemies, and they carry them away captives unto a land far off or near;</li> <li>(37) Yet <i>if</i> they bethink themselves in the land whither they are carried captive, and turn and pray unto thee in the land of their captivity, saying, We have sinned, we have done amiss, and have dealt wickedly;</li> <li>(38) If they return to thee with all their heart and with all their soul in the land of their captivity, whither they have carried them captives, and pray toward their land, which thou gavest unto their fathers, and <i>toward</i> the city which thou hast chosen, and toward the house which I have built for thy name:</li> <li>(39) Then hear thou from the heavens, <i>even</i> from thy dwelling place, their prayer and their supplications, and maintain their cause, and forgive thy people which have sinned against thee.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(34) If Your people go out to war against their enemies by the way that You shall send them, and they pray to You towards this city which You have chosen, and the house {temple} which I have built for Your Name;</li> <li>(35) Then hear from the heavens their prayer and their requests, and maintain their cause.</li> <li>(36) If they sin against You, (because <i>there is</i> no man who does not sin,) and You are angry with them, and deliver them over before <i>their</i> enemies, and they carry them away captives to a land far off or near;</li> <li>(37) Yet <i>if</i> they reconsider in the land where they are carried captive, and turn and pray to You in the land of their captivity, saying, We have sinned, we have done wrong, and have dealt wickedly;</li> <li>(38) If they return to You with all their heart and with all their soul in the land of their captivity, where they have carried them captives, and pray towards their land, which You gave to their forefathers, and <i>towards</i> the city which You have chosen, and towards the house {temple} which I have built for Your Name:</li> <li>(39) Then hear from the heavens, <i>even</i> from Your home, their prayer and their cause, and forgive Your people who have sinned against You.</li> </ul>	
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24<sup>th</sup> year of Solomon's reign, the 20 years of building the temple and the palace were completed

[\*3127 A.H./C- 915 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14.026/132 II Chronicles Chapter 8 (Page 1530)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(9) But of the children of Israel did Solomon make no servants for his work; but they <i>were</i> men of war, and chief of his captains, and captains of his chariots and horsemen.</li> <li>(10) And these <i>were</i> the chief of king Solomon's officers, <i>even</i> two hundred and fifty, that bare rule over the people.</li> <li>(11) And Solomon brought up the daughter of Pharaoh out of the city of David unto the house that he had built for her: for he said, My wife shall not dwell in the house of David king of Israel, because <i>the places</i> <i>are</i> holy, whereunto the ark of the LORD hath come.</li> <li>(12) Then Solomon offered burnt offerings unto the LORD on the altar of the LORD, which he had built before the porch,</li> <li>(13) Even after a certain rate every day, offering according to the commandment of Moses, on the sabbaths, and on the new moons, and on the solemn feasts, three times in the year, <i>even</i> in the feast of unleavened bread, and in the feast of weeks, and in the feast of tabernacles.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(9) But of the children of Israel Solomon did not make servants for his work; but they <i>were</i> men of war, and chief of his captains, and captains of his chariots and horsemen.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(10) And these <i>were</i> the chief of king Solomon's officers, <i>even</i> two hundred fifty, who ruled over the people.</li> <li>(11) And Solomon brought up the daughter of Pharaoh out of the city of David to the house that he had built for her: because he said, My wife shall not live in the house of David king of Israel, because <i>the places are</i> holy, where the ark of the LORD {Jehovah} has come.<sup>c</sup></li> <li>(12) Then Solomon offered burnt offerings to the LORD {Jehovah} on the altar of the LORD {Jehovah}, which he had built before the porch,</li> <li>(13) Even after a certain rate every day, offering according to the commandment of Moses, on the sabbaths {Saturdays}, and on the new moons, and on the solemn feasts, three times in the year, <i>even</i> in the Feast of Weeks, and in the Feast of Tabernacles.<sup>d</sup></li> </ul>
<ul> <li>8:9b – I Ki. 9:22</li> <li>8:11c – I Ki. 9:24</li> <li>8:13d - Feast of Unleavened Bread - the seven days following the Passover {Nisan [Mar./Apr.]}; Feast of Weeks {Pentecost} - fifty days {Sivan [May/June]} after the sabbath {Saturday} following the Passover; Feast of Tabernacles - the fifteenth day of the seventh month {Tishri [Sept./Oct.]} see Lev. 23 - See <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days</u>. See also <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u></li> <li>14.027/132 II Chronicles Chapter 8 (Page 1531)</li> </ul>	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(14) And he appointed, according to the order of David his father, the courses of the priests to their service, and the Levites to their charges, to praise and minister before the priests, as the duty of every day required: the porters also by their courses at every gate: for so had David the man of God commanded.</li> <li>(15) And they departed not from the commandment of the king unto the priests and Levites concerning any matter, or concerning the treasures.</li> <li>(16) Now all the work of Solomon was prepared unto the day of the foundation of the house of the LORD, and until it was finished. So the house of the LORD was perfected.</li> <li>(17) Then went Solomon to Eziongeber, and to Eloth, at the sea side in the land of Edom.</li> <li>(18) And Huram sent him by the hands of his servants ships, and servants that had knowledge of the sea; and they went with the servants of Solomon to Ophir, and took thence four hundred and fifty talents of gold, and brought <i>them</i> to king Solomon.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(14) And he appointed, according to the order of David his father, the courses of the priests to their service,<sup>e</sup> and the Levites to their charges, to praise and minister before the priests, as the duty of every day required: the gatekeepers also by their courses at every gate: because David the man of God had so commanded.</li> <li>(15) And they did not depart from the commandment of the king to the priests and Levites concerning any matter, or concerning the treasures.</li> <li>(16) Now all the work of Solomon was prepared to the day of the foundation of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and until it was finished. <i>So</i> the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} was completed.</li> <li>(17) Then Solomon went to Eziongeber, and to Eloth, at the sea side in the land of Edom.</li> <li>(18) And Huram sent him by the hands of his servants ships, and servants who had knowledge of the sea; and they went with the servants of Solomon to Ophir {India}, and took from there four hundred fifty talents of gold {about 34,020 lbs.; 15,431 kg.}, f and brought <i>them</i> to king Solomon.</li> </ul>
8:14e – I Chr. 23:6 8:18f - a talent of gold - about 75.6 lbs; 34.3 kilograms - see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</u> 14.028/132 II Chronicles Chapter 8 (Page 1532)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
Chapter 9 (1) And when the queen of Sheba heard of the fame of Solomon, she came to prove Solomon with hard questions at Jerusalem, with a very great company, and camels that bare spices, and gold in abundance, and precious stones: and when she was come to Solomon, she communed with him of all that was in her heart. (2) And Solomon told her all her questions: and there was nothing hid from Solomon which he told her not. (3) And when the queen of Sheba had seen the wisdom of Solomon, and the house that he had built, (4) And the meat of his table, and the sitting of his servants, and the attendance of his ministers, and their apparel; and his ascent by which he went up into the house of the LORD; there was no more spirit in her. (5) And she said to the king, <i>It was</i> a true report which I heard in mine own land of thine acts, and of thy wisdom: (6) Howbeit I believed not their words, until I came, and mine eyes had seen <i>it</i> : and, behold, the one half of the greatness of thy wisdom was not told me: <i>for</i> thou exceedest the fame that I heard. (7) Happy <i>are</i> thy men, and happy <i>are</i> these thy servants, which stand continually before thee, and hear thy wisdom. 9:1a – I Ki. 10:1f; Mat. 12:42; Lk. 11:31	<ul> <li><b>Chapter 9</b></li> <li>(1) And when the queen of Sheba heard of the fame of Solomon, she came to test Solomon with hard questions at Jerusalem, with a very great company, and camels that carried spices, and gold in abundance, and precious stones: and when she had come to Solomon, she communed with him of all that was in her heart.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(2) And Solomon answered all her questions: and there was nothing hidden from Solomon which he did not tell her.</li> <li>(3) And when the queen of Sheba had seen the wisdom of Solomon, and the house {palace} that he had built,</li> <li>(4) And the meat of his table, and the seating of his servants, and the attendance of his ministers, and their clothing; his cup-bearers also, and their clothing; and his steps by which he went up into the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}; there was no more spirit in her.</li> <li>(5) And she said to the king, <i>It was</i> a true report which I heard in my own land of your acts, and of your wisdom:</li> <li>(6) However I did not believe their words, until I came, and my own eyes have seen <i>it:</i> and, indeed, the half of the greatness of your wisdom was not told me: <i>because</i> you exceed the fame that I heard.</li> <li>(7) Happy <i>are</i> your men, and happy <i>are</i> these your servants, who stand continually before you, and hear your wisdom.</li> </ul>
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{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(8) Blessed be the LORD thy God, which delighted in thee to set thee on his throne, to be king for the LORD thy God: because thy God loved Israel, to establish them for ever, therefore made he thee king over them, to do judgment and justice.</li> <li>(9) And she gave the king an hundred and twenty talents of gold, and of spices great abundance, and precious stones: neither was there any such spice as the queen of Sheba gave king Solomon.</li> <li>(10) And the servants also of Huram, and the servants of Solomon, which brought gold from Ophir, brought algum trees and precious stones.</li> <li>(11) And the king made of the algum trees terraces to the house of the LORD, and to the king's palace, and harps and psalteries for singers: and there were none such seen before in the land of Judah.</li> <li>(12) And king Solomon gave to the queen of Sheba all her desire, whatsoever she asked, beside that which she had brought unto the king. So she turned, and went away to her own land, she and her servants.</li> <li>(13) Now the weight of gold that came to Solomon in one year was six hundred and threescore and six talents of gold;</li> <li>(14) Beside that which chapmen and merchants brought. And all the kings of Arabia and governors of the country brought gold and silver to Solomon.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(8) Blessed is the LORD {Jehovah} your God, Who delights in you to set you on His throne, <i>to be</i> king for the LORD {Jehovah} your God: because your God loved Israel, to establish them forever, therefore He made you king over them, to do judgment and justice.</li> <li>(9) And she gave the king one hundred twenty talents of gold {about 9,072 lbs.; 4,115 kg.},<sup>b</sup> and a great abundance of spices, and precious stones: neither was there any such spice as the queen of Sheba gave king Solomon.</li> <li>(10) And also the servants of Huram, and the servants of Solomon, who brought gold from Ophir {India}, brought algum trees and precious stones.</li> <li>(11) And the king made <i>of</i> the algum trees terraces to the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and to the king's palace, and harps and lyres for singers: and there was not seen such before in the land of Judah.</li> <li>(12) And king Solomon gave to the queen of Sheba all her desire, whatever she asked, besides <i>that</i> which she had brought to the king. So she turned, and went away to her own land, she and her servants.</li> <li>(13) Now the weight of gold that came to Solomon in one year was six hundred sixty-six talents of gold {about 50,350 lbs.; 22,838 kg.};<sup>c</sup></li> <li>(14) Besides <i>that which</i> traders and merchants brought. And all the kings of Arabia and governors of the country brought gold and silver to Solomon.</li> </ul>
9:9b – talent- about 75.6 lbs; 34.3 kilograms – see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and</u> <u>Measures</u>	
9:13c – 666 – I Ki. 10:14; Ezra 2:13; Rev. 13:18 – see: " <u>Use of Numbers in Scripture</u> " at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u>	
14.000/100 II Chronislas Charter o (Desertant)	
14.030/132 II Chronicles Chapter 9 (Page 1534)	

{14} II Chronicles	
<ul> <li>King James 1769 Version</li> <li>(15) And king Solomon made two hundred targets of beaten gold: six hundred shekels of beaten gold went to one target.</li> <li>(16) And three hundred shields made he of beaten gold: three hundred shekels of gold went to one shield. And the king put them in the house of the forest of Lebanon.</li> <li>(17) Moreover the king made a great throne of ivory, and overlaid it with pure gold.</li> <li>(18) And there were six steps to the throne, with a footstool of gold, which were fastened to the throne, and stays on each side of the sitting place, and two lions standing by the stays:</li> <li>(19) And twelve lions stood there on the one side and on the other upon the six steps. There was not the like made in any kingdom.</li> <li>(20) And all the drinking vessels of king Solomon were of gold, and all the vessels of the house of the forest of Lebanon were of pure gold: none were of silver; it was not any thing accounted of in the days of Solomon.</li> <li>(21) For the king's ships went to Tarshish with the servants of Huram: every three years once came the ships of Tarshish bringing gold, and silver, ivory, and apes, and peacocks.</li> <li>(22) And king Solomon passed all the kings of the earth in riches and wisdom.</li> <li>(23) And all the kings of the earth sought the presence of Solomon, to hear his wisdom, that God had put in his heart.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(15) And king Solomon made two hundred shields of beaten gold: six hundred shekels of beaten gold {about 15 lbs; 6.8 kg.}<sup>d</sup> went to one shield.</li> <li>(16) And he made three hundred shields of beaten gold:<sup>e</sup> three hundred shekels of gold {about 7.5 lbs.; 3.4 kg.} went to one shield. And the king put them in the house of the forest of Lebanon.</li> <li>(17) Furthermore the king made a great throne of ivory,<sup>f</sup> and overlaid it with pure gold.</li> <li>(18) And there were six steps to the throne, with a footstool of gold, which were fastened to the throne, and stays on each side of the sitting place, and two lions standing by the stays:</li> <li>(19) And twelve lions stood there on the one side and on the other upon the six steps. There was nothing like it made in any kingdom.</li> <li>(20) And all the drinking vessels of king Solomon were of gold, and all the vessels of the house of the forest of Lebanon were of pure gold: none were of silver; it {silver} was not accounted of any value in the days of Solomon.</li> <li>(21) Because the king's ships went to Tarshish with the servants of Huram: once every three years the ships came from Tarshish bringing gold, and silver, ivory, and apes, and peacocks.</li> <li>(22) And king Solomon passed all the kings of the earth in riches and wisdom.</li> <li>(23) And all the kings of the earth sought the presence of Solomon, to hear his wisdom, that God had put in his heart.</li> </ul>
9:15d - shekel - about 0.4 ounces; 11.4 grams - see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and</u>	
Measures	
9:16e – shields of gold – I Ki. 10:16f	
9:17f – ivory throne – I Ki. 10:18	
14.031/132 II Chronicles Chapter 9 (Page 1535)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(24) And every man brought his present, vessels of silver, and vessels of gold, and clothing, harness, and spices, horses, and mules, a rate year by year.</li> <li>(25) And Solomon had four thousand stalls for horses and chariots, and twelve thousand horsemen; whom he placed in the chariot cities, and with the king at Jerusalem.</li> <li>(26) And he reigned over all the kings from the river {Euphrates} even to the land of the Philistines, and to the border of Egypt.</li> <li>(27) And the king made silver in Jerusalem as stones, and cedar trees he made as the sycamore trees that <i>are</i> in the low plains in abundance.</li> <li>(28) And they brought to Solomon horses out of Egypt, and out of all lands.</li> <li>(29) Now the rest of the acts of Solomon, first and last, <i>are</i> they not written in the book of Nathan the prophet,<sup>g</sup> and in the prophecy of Ahijah the Shilonite, and in the visions of Iddo the prophet against Jeroboam the son of Nebat?</li> <li>(30) And Solomon reigned in Jerusalem over all Israel forty years.</li> </ul>	
9:29g – the book of Nathan the prophet – a book unknown to us today – see Josh. 10:13; II Sam. 1:18; I Chr. 29:29 14.032/132 II Chronicles Chapter 9 (Page 1536)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase	
(31) And Solomon slept with his fathers, and he was buried in the city of David his father: and Rehoboam his son reigned in his stead.	(31) And Solomon slept with his fathers, and he was buried in the city of David his
<ul> <li>Chapter 10 <ol> <li>And Rehoboam went to Shechem: for to Shechem were all Israel come to make him king.</li> <li>And it came to pass, when Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who was in Egypt, whither he had fled from the presence of Solomon the king, heard <i>it</i>, that Jeroboam returned out of Egypt.</li> <li>And they sent and called him. So Jeroboam and all Israel came and spake to Rehoboam, saying,</li> <li>Thy father made our yoke grievous: now therefore ease thou somewhat the grievous servitude of thy father, and his heavy yoke that he put upon us, and we will serve thee.</li> <li>And he said unto them, Come again unto me after three days. And the people departed.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>because all Israel came to Shechem to make him king.</li> <li>(2) And it came to pass, when Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who <i>was</i> in Egypt, where he had fled from the presence of Solomon the king, heard <i>it</i>, that Jeroboam returned out of Egypt.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(3) And they sent and called him. So Jeroboam and all Israel came and spoke to Rehoboam, saying,</li> <li>(4) Your father made our yoke grievous: now therefore ease somewhat the grievous servitude of your father, and his heavy yoke that he put upon us, and we will serve you.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(5) And he said to them, Come again to me</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>9:31h – Solomon's death after 40 years – I Ki. 11:43 Kingdom of Israel split into two parts: Northern Kingdom consists of 10 tribes and is called Israel Jeroboam begins reign over the northern kingdom of Israel Southern Kingdom consists of the tribes of Judah and Benjamin and is called Judah. Rehoboam, Solomon's son, begins reign over southern kingdom of Judah</li> <li>10:2a – I Ki. 11:28-40; I Ki. 12:1</li> <li>10:4b – I Ki. 12:4f</li> <li>40<sup>th</sup> year of Solomon, Solomon's death, Rehoboam begins reign over Judah, Jeroboam begins reign over Israel</li> <li>[*3143 A.H./C- 899 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u></li> <li>14.033/132 II Chronicles Chapter 9-10 (Page 1537)</li> </ul>	

{14} II Chronicles	
	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(6) And king Rehoboam took counsel with the old men that had stood before Solomon his father while he yet lived, saying, What counsel give ye me to return answer to this people?</li> <li>(7) And they spake unto him, saying, If thou be kind to this people, and please them, and speak good words to them, they will be thy servants for ever.</li> <li>(8) But he forsook the counsel which the old men gave him, and took counsel with the young men that were brought up with him, that stood before him.</li> <li>(9) And he said unto them, What advice give ye that we may return answer to this people, which have spoken to me, saying, Ease somewhat the yoke that thy father did put upon us?</li> <li>(10) And the young men that were brought up with him spake unto him, saying, Thus shalt thou answer the people that spake unto thee, saying, Thy father made our yoke heavy, but make thou <i>it</i> somewhat lighter for us; thus shalt thou say unto them, My little <i>finger</i> shall be thicker than my father's loins.</li> <li>(11) For whereas my father put a heavy yoke upon you, I will put more to your yoke: my father chastised you with whips, but I <i>will chastise you</i> with scorpions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) And king Rehoboam took counsel with the old men who had stood before Solomon his father while he yet lived, saying, What counsel do you give to <i>me</i> to return answer to this people?</li> <li>(7) And they spoke to him, saying, If you are kind to this people, and please them, and speak good words to them, they will be your servants forever.</li> <li>(8) But he forsook the counsel which the old men gave him, and took counsel with the young men who were brought up with him, who stood before him.</li> <li>(9) And he said to them, What advice do you give that we may return answer to this people, who have spoken to me, saying, Ease somewhat the yoke that your father put upon us?</li> <li>(10) And the young men who were brought up with him spoke to him, saying, This is what you should answer the people who spoke to you, saying, Your father made our yoke heavy, but you make <i>it</i> somewhat lighter for us; this is what you should say to them, My little <i>finger</i> will be thicker than my father's thighs.</li> <li>(11) Because my father put a heavy yoke upon you, I will put more on your yoke: my father chastised you with whips, but I <i>will chastise you</i> with scorpions.</li> </ul>

14.034/132 II Chronicles Chapter 10 (Page 1538)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(12) So Jeroboam and all the people came to Rehoboam on the third day, as the king bade, saying, Come again to me on the third day.</li> <li>(13) And the king answered them roughly; and king Rehoboam forsook the counsel of the old men,</li> <li>(14) And answered them after the advice of the young men, saying, My father made your yoke heavy, but I will add thereto: my father chastised you with whips, but I <i>will chastise you</i> with scorpions.</li> <li>(15) So the king hearkened not unto the people: for the cause was of God, that the LORD might perform his word, which he spake by the hand of Ahijah the Shilonite to Jeroboam the son of Nebat.</li> <li>(16) And when all Israel <i>saw</i> that the king would not hearken unto them, the people answered the king, saying, What portion have we in David? and <i>we have</i> none inheritance in the son of Jesse: every man to your tents, O Israel: <i>and</i> now, David, see to thine own house. So all Israel that dwelt in the cities of Judah, Rehoboam reigned over them.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(12) So Jeroboam and all the people came to Rehoboam on the third day, as the king commanded, saying, Come again to me on the third day.</li> <li>(13) And the king answered them roughly; and king Rehoboam forsook the counsel of the old men,</li> <li>(14) And answered them after the advice of the young men, saying, My father made your yoke heavy, but I will add to it: my father chastised you with whips, but I <i>will chastise you</i> with scorpions.</li> <li>(15) So the king did not listen to the people: because the cause was of God, that the LORD {Jehovah} might perform His word, which He spoke by the hand of Ahijah the Shilonite to Jeroboam the son of Nebat.<sup>c</sup></li> <li>(16) And when all Israel <i>saw</i> that the king would not listen to them, the people answered the king, saying, What portion do we have in David? and <i>we have</i> no inheritance in the son of Jesse: every man to your tents, O Israel: <i>and</i> now, David, see to your own house. So all Israel went to their tents.</li> <li>(17) But <i>as for</i> the children of Israel who lived in the cities of Judah, Rehoboam to some over them.</li> </ul>
10:15c – I Ki. 11:31	
14.035/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 10 (Page 1539)

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
(8) And Gath, and Mareshah, and Ziph,	(8) And Gath, and Mareshah, and Ziph,	
(9) And Adoraim, and Lachish, and	(9) And Adoraim, and Lachish, and	
Azekah,	Azekah,	
(10) And Zorah, and Aijalon, and Hebron,	(10) And Zorah, and Aijalon, and Hebron,	
which <i>are</i> in Judah and in Benjamin	which <i>are</i> in Judah and in Benjamin	
fenced cities.	fenced cities.	
(11) And he fortified the strong holds, and	(11) And he fortified the strongholds, and	
put captains in them, and store of victual,	put captains in them, and store of food,	
and of oil and wine.	and of oil and wine.	
(12) And in every several city he put	(12) And in every several city $he put$	
shields and spears, and made them	shields and spears, and made them	
<b>–</b> 1	exceedingly strong, having Judah and	
exceeding strong, having Judah and Benjamin on his side.	Benjamin on his side.	
(13) And the priests and the Levites that	(13) And the priests and the Levites who	
<i>were</i> in all Israel resorted to him out of all	<i>were</i> in all Israel came to him out of all	
their coasts.	their coasts.	
(14) For the Levites left their suburbs and	(14) Because the Levites left their suburbs	
their possession, and came to Judah and	and their possession, and came to Judah	
Jerusalem: for Jeroboam and his sons had	and Jerusalem: because Jeroboam and his	
cast them off from executing the priest's	sons had cast them off from executing the	
office unto the LORD:	priest's office to the LORD {Jehovah}:	
(15) And he ordained him priests for the	(15) And he ordained for himself priests	
high places, and for the devils, and for the	for the high places, and for the demons,	
calves which he had made.	and for the calves which he had made.	
(16) And after them out of all the tribes of		
	(16) And after them out of all the tribes of	
Israel such as set their hearts to seek the	Israel who set their hearts to seek the	
LORD God of Israel came to Jerusalem, to	LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel came to	
sacrifice unto the LORD God of their	Jerusalem, to sacrifice to the LORD	
fathers.	{Jehovah} God of their forefathers.	
(17) So they strengthened the kingdom of	(17) So they strengthened the kingdom of	
Judah, and made Rehoboam the son of	Judah, and made Rehoboam the son of	
Solomon strong, three years: for three	Solomon strong, three years: for three	
years they walked in the way of David and	years they walked in the way of David and	
Solomon.	Solomon.	
14.037/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 11 (Page 1541)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(18) And Rehoboam took him Mahalath	(18) And Rehoboam took for himself
the daughter of Jerimoth the son of David	Mahalath the daughter of Jerimoth the
to wife, and Abihail the daughter of Eliab	son of David to be his wife, and Abihail the
the son of Jesse;	daughter of Eliab the son of Jesse;
(19) Which bare him children; Jeush, and	0
Shamariah, and Zaham.	Shamariah, and Zaham.
(20) And after her he took Maachah the	(20) And after her he took Maachah the
daughter of Absalom; which bare him	daughter of Absalom; who bore him
Abijah, and Attai, and Ziza, and	Abijah, and Attai, and Ziza, and
Shelomith.	Shelomith.
(21) And Rehoboam loved Maachah the	(21) And Rehoboam loved Maachah the
daughter of Absalom above all his wives	
and his concubines: (for he took eighteen	and his concubines: (because he took
wives, and threescore concubines; and	
begat twenty and eight sons, and	fathered twenty-eight sons, and sixty
threescore daughters.)	daughters.)
(22) And Rehoboam made Abijah the son	(22) And Rehoboam made Abijah the son
of Maachah the chief, to be ruler among	of Maachah the chief, to be ruler among
his brethren: for <i>he thought</i> to make him	his brothers: because <i>he thought</i> to make
king.	him king.
(23) And he dealt wisely, and dispersed of	8
all his children throughout all the	all his children throughout all the
countries of Judah and Benjamin, unto	countries of Judah and Benjamin, to every
every fenced city: and he gave them victual	fenced city: and he gave them food in
in abundance. And he desired many wives.	abundance. And he desired many wives.
Chapter 12	Chapter 12
(1) And it came to pass, when Rehoboam	(1) And it came to pass, when Rehoboam
had established the kingdom, and had	had established the kingdom, and had
strengthened himself, he forsook the law	strengthened himself, he forsook the law
of the LORD, and all Israel with him.	of the LORD {Jehovah}, and all Israel with
	him.

14.038/132 II Chronicles Chapter 11-12 (Page 1542)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(2) And it came to pass, <i>that</i> in the fifth year of king Rehoboam Shishak king of Egypt came up against Jerusalem, because they had transgressed against the LORD,</li> <li>(3) With twelve hundred chariots, and threescore thousand horsemen: and the people <i>were</i> without number that came with him out of Egypt; the Lubims, the Sukkiims, and the Ethiopians.</li> <li>(4) And he took the fenced cities which <i>pertained</i> to Judah, and came to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(5) Then came Shemaiah the prophet to Rehoboam, and <i>to</i> the princes of Judah, that were gathered together to Jerusalem because of Shishak, and said unto them, Thus saith the LORD, Ye have forsaken me, and therefore have I also left you in the hand of Shishak.</li> <li>(6) Whereupon the princes of Israel and the king humbled themselves; and they said, The LORD <i>is</i> righteous.</li> <li>(7) And when the LORD saw that they humbled themselves, the word of the LORD came to Shemaiah, saying, They have humbled themselves; <i>therefore</i> I will not destroy them, but I will grant them some deliverance; and my wrath shall not be poured out upon Jerusalem by the hand of Shishak.</li> <li>(8) Nevertheless they shall be his servants; that they may know my service, and the service of the kingdoms of the countries.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(2) And it came to pass, <i>that</i> in the fifth year of king Rehoboam {3148 A.H./C- 894 B.C.}* Shishak king of Egypt came up against Jerusalem, because they had sinned against the LORD {Jehovah},<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(3) With twelve hundred chariots, and sixty thousand horsemen: and the people <i>were</i> without number who came with him out of Egypt; the Lubims, the Sukkiims, and the Ethiopians.</li> <li>(4) And he took the fenced cities which <i>belonged</i> to Judah, and came to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(5) Then Shemaiah the prophet came to Rehoboam, and <i>to</i> the princes of Judah, who were gathered together to Jerusalem because of Shishak, and said to them, This is what the LORD {Jehovah} says, You have forsaken Me, and therefore I have also left you in the hand of Shishak.</li> <li>(6) Upon which the princes of Israel and the king humbled themselves; and they said, The LORD {Jehovah} is righteous.</li> <li>(7) And when the LORD {Jehovah} saw that they humbled themselves; therefore I will not destroy them, but I will grant them some deliverance; and My wrath {anger; judgment} shall not be poured out upon Jerusalem by the hand of Shishak.</li> </ul>
12:2a – I Ki. 14:25	

5<sup>th</sup> year of Rehoboam's reign over southern kingdom of Judah [\*3148 A.H./C- 894 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14.039/132 II Chronicles Chapter 12 (Page 1543)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(9) So Shishak king of Egypt came up against Jerusalem, and took away the treasures of the house of the LORD, and the treasures of the king's house; he took all: he carried away also the shields of gold which Solomon had made.</li> <li>(10) Instead of which king Rehoboam made shields of brass, and committed <i>them</i> to the hands of the chief of the guard, that kept the entrance of the king's house.</li> <li>(11) And when the king entered into the house of the LORD, the guard came and fetched them, and brought them again into the guard chamber.</li> <li>(12) And when he humbled himself, the wrath of the LORD turned from him, that he would not destroy <i>him</i> altogether: and also in Judah things went well.</li> <li>(13) So king Rehoboam strengthened himself in Jerusalem, and reigned: for Rehoboam <i>was</i> one and forty years old when he began to reign, and he reigned seventeen years in Jerusalem, the city which the LORD had chosen out of all the tribes of Israel, to put his name there. And his mother's name <i>was</i> Naamah an Ammonitess.</li> <li>(14) And he did evil, because he prepared not his heart to seek the LORD.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(9) So Shishak king of Egypt came up against Jerusalem, and took away the treasures of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and the treasures of the king's house {palace}; he took all: he also carried away the shields of gold which Solomon had made.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(10) In their place king Rehoboam made shields of brass, and committed <i>them</i> to the hands of the chief of the guard, who kept the entrance of the king's house.</li> <li>(11) And when the king entered into the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, the guard came and fetched them, and brought them again into the guard chamber.</li> <li>(12) And when he humbled himself, the wrath {anger; judgment} of the LORD {Jehovah} turned from him, that He would not destroy <i>him</i> altogether: and also in Judah things went well.</li> <li>(13) So king Rehoboam strengthened himself in Jerusalem, and reigned: because Rehoboam <i>was</i> forty-one years old when he began to reign, and he reigned seventeen years in Jerusalem, the city which the LORD {Jehovah} had chosen out of all the tribes of Israel, to put His Name there. And his mother's name <i>was</i> Naamah an Ammonitess.</li> <li>(14) And he did evil, because he did not prepare his heart to seek the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>
12:9b – I Ki. 14:26	
14.040/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 12 (Page 1544)
14.040/132 II Ontoliteres	······································

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(15) Now the acts of Rehoboam, first and last, <i>are</i> they not written in the book of Shemaiah the prophet, and of Iddo the seer concerning genealogies? And <i>there were</i> wars between Rehoboam and Jeroboam continually.</li> <li>(16) And Rehoboam slept with his fathers, and was buried in the city of David: and Abijah his son reigned in his stead.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(15) Now the acts of Rehoboam, first and last, <i>are</i> they not written in the book of Shemaiah the prophet,<sup>c</sup> and of Iddo the prophet concerning genealogies? And <i>there were</i> wars between Rehoboam and Jeroboam continually.</li> <li>(16) And Rehoboam slept with his fathers, and was buried in the city of David: and Abijah his son reigned in his place {3160 A.H./C- 882 B.C.}.<sup>d*</sup></li> </ul>	
Chapter 13		
<ol> <li>Now in the eighteenth year of king Jeroboam began Abijah to reign over Judah.</li> <li>He reigned three years in Jerusalem.</li> <li>His mother's name also was Michaiah the daughter of Uriel of Gibeah. And there was war between Abijah and Jeroboam.</li> <li>And Abijah set the battle in array with an army of valiant men of war, even four hundred thousand chosen men: Jeroboam also set the battle in array against him with eight hundred thousand chosen men, being mighty men of valour.</li> <li>And Abijah stood up upon mount Zemaraim, which is in mount Ephraim, and said, Hear me, thou Jeroboam, and all Israel;</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Chapter 13 <ul> <li>Now in the eighteenth year of king Jeroboam {3160 A.H./C- 882 B.C.}a*</li> <li>Abijah began to reign over Judah.</li> <li>He reigned three years in Jerusalem.</li> <li>His mother's name also was Michaiah the daughter of Uriel of Gibeah. And there was war between Abijah and Jeroboam.</li> <li>And Abijah set the battle in array with an army of valiant men of war, even four hundred thousand chosen men: Jeroboam also set the battle in array against him with eight hundred thousand chosen men, who were mighty men of valor.</li> <li>And Abijah stood up upon mount Zemaraim, which <i>is</i> in mount Ephraim, and said, Hear me, Jeroboam, and all Israel;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
12:15c – the book of Shemaiah the prophet – a book unknown to us today - See Josh. 10:13; II Sam. 1:18; I Chr. 29:29; II Chr. 9:29 12:16d I Ki. 14:31 13:1a - I Ki. 14:21,31; I Ki. 15:1,2		
18 <sup>th</sup> year of Jeroboam, king of northern kingdom of Israel, 1 <sup>st</sup> year of Abijah king of Judah [*3160 A.H./C- 882 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>		
14.041/132 II Chronicles Chapter 12-13 (Page 1545)		

{1 <i>A</i> } II (	Chronicles
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(5) Ought ye not to know that the LORD	(5) Do you not know that the LORD
God of Israel gave the kingdom over Israel	
to David for ever, even to him and to his	over Israel to David forever, even to him
sons by a covenant of salt?	and to his sons by a covenant of salt?
(6) Yet Jeroboam the son of Nebat, the servant of Solomon the son of David, is risen up, and hath rebelled against his lord.	<ul><li>(6) Yet Jeroboam the son of Nebat, the servant of Solomon the son of David, has risen up, and has rebelled against his lord.</li><li>(7) And there are gathered to him vain</li></ul>
(7) And there are gathered unto him vain men, the children of Belial, and have	men, the children of Belial {wickedness}, <sup>b</sup> and have strengthened themselves against Rehoboam the son of Solomon, when
strengthened themselves against Rehoboam the son of Solomon, when Rehoboam was young and tenderhearted,	Rehoboam was young and tenderhearted, and could not withstand them.
and could not withstand them. (8) And now ye think to withstand the	(8) And now do you think to withstand the kingdom of the LORD {Jehovah} in
kingdom of the LORD in the hand of the sons of David; and ye <i>be</i> a great multitude, and <i>there are</i> with you golden calves, which Jeroboam made you for gods.	the hand of the sons of David; and you are a great multitude, and <i>there are</i> with you golden calves, which Jeroboam made you for gods.
(9) Have ye not cast out the priests of the LORD, the sons of Aaron, and the Levites, and have made you priests after the manner of the nations of <i>other</i> lands? so	(9) Have you not cast out the priests of the LORD {Jehovah}, the sons of Aaron, and the Levites, <sup>c</sup> and have made for yourselves priests after the manner of the
that whosoever cometh to consecrate himself with a young bullock and seven rams, <i>the same</i> may be a priest of <i>them</i>	other nations? so that whoever comes to consecrate himself with a young bull and seven rams, <i>the same</i> may be a priest of
<i>that are</i> no gods. (10) But as for us, the LORD <i>is</i> our God,	<i>those who are</i> no gods. (10) But as for us, the LORD {Jehovah} <i>is</i>
and we have not forsaken him; and the priests, which minister unto the LORD,	our God, and we have not forsaken Him; and the priests, who minister to the LORD
<i>are</i> the sons of Aaron, and the Levites <i>wait</i> upon <i>their</i> business:	
-	Lettes wait upon their business.
13:7b - Belial - worthlessness; wickedness 13:9c – II Chr. 11:14	

14.042/132 II Chronicles Chapter 13 (Page 1546)

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(11) And they burn unto the LORD every morning and every evening burnt sacrifices and sweet incense: the shewbread also <i>set they in order</i> upon the pure table; and the candlestick of gold with the lamps thereof, to burn every evening: for we keep the charge of the LORD our God; but ye have forsaken him.</li> <li>(12) And, behold, God himself <i>is</i> with us for <i>our</i> captain, and his priests with sounding trumpets to cry alarm against you. O children of Israel, fight ye not against the LORD God of your fathers; for ye shall not prosper.</li> <li>(13) But Jeroboam caused an ambushment to come about behind them: so they were before Judah, and the ambushment <i>was</i> behind them.</li> <li>(14) And when Judah looked back, behold, the battle <i>was</i> before and behind: and they cried unto the LORD, and the priests sounded with the trumpets.</li> <li>(15) Then the men of Judah gave a shout: and as the men of Judah shouted, it came to pass, that God smote Jeroboam and all Israel before Abijah and Judah.</li> <li>(16) And the children of Israel fled before Judah: and God delivered them into their hand.</li> <li>(17) And Abijah and his people slew them with a great slaughter: so there fell down slain of Israel five hundred thousand chosen men.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(11) And they burn to the LORD {Jehovah} every morning and every evening burnt sacrifices and sweet incense: the holy bread <i>they</i> also <i>set in order</i> upon the pure table; and the candlestick of gold with its lamps, to burn every evening: because we keep the charge of the LORD {Jehovah} our God; but you have forsaken Him.</li> <li>(12) And, indeed, God Himself <i>is</i> with us for <i>our</i> captain, and His priests with sounding trumpets to cry alarm against you. O children of Israel, do not fight against the LORD {Jehovah} God of your forefathers; because you shall not prosper.</li> <li>(13) But Jeroboam set an ambush to come about behind them: so they were before Judah, and the ambush <i>was</i> behind them.</li> <li>(14) And when Judah looked back, indeed, the battle <i>was</i> before and behind: and they cried to the LORD {Jehovah}, and the priests sounded with the trumpets.</li> <li>(15) Then the men of Judah gave a shout: and as the men of Judah shouted, it came to pass, that God struck Jeroboam and all Israel before Abijah and Judah.</li> <li>(16) And the children of Israel fled before Judah: and God delivered them into their hand.</li> <li>(17) And Abijah and his people killed them with a great slaughter: so there fell down dead of Israel five hundred thousand chosen men.</li> </ul>	
14.043/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 13 (Page 1547)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(18) Thus the children of Israel were brought under at that time, and the children of Judah prevailed, because they relied upon the LORD God of their fathers.</li> <li>(19) And Abijah pursued after Jeroboam, and took cities from him, Bethel with the towns thereof, and Jeshanah with the towns thereof, and Ephrain with the towns thereof.</li> <li>(20) Neither did Jeroboam recover strength again in the days of Abijah: and the LORD struck him, and he died.</li> <li>(21) But Abijah waxed mighty, and married fourteen wives, and begat twenty and two sons, and sixteen daughters.</li> <li>(22) And the rest of the acts of Abijah, and his ways, and his sayings, <i>are</i> written in the story of the prophet Iddo.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(18) So the children of Israel were brought under at that time, and the children of Judah prevailed, because they relied upon the LORD {Jehovah} God of their fathers.</li> <li>(19) And Abijah pursued after Jeroboam, and took cities from him, Bethel with its towns, and Jeshanah with its towns, and Ephrain with its towns.</li> <li>(20) Neither did Jeroboam recover strength again in the days of Abijah: and the LORD {Jehovah} struck him, and he died.</li> <li>(21) But Abijah grew mighty, and married fourteen wives, and fathered twenty-two sons, and sixteen daughters.</li> <li>(22) And the rest of the acts of Abijah, and his deeds, and his sayings, <i>are</i> written in the story of the prophet Iddo.<sup>d</sup></li> </ul>
Chapter 14 (1) So Abijah slept with his fathers, and they buried him in the city of David: and Asa his son reigned in his stead. In his days the land was quiet ten years. (2) And Asa did <i>that which was</i> good and right in the eyes of the LORD his God: (3) For he took away the altars of the strange <i>gods</i> , and the high places, and brake down the images, and cut down the groves:	<ul> <li>Chapter 14 <ol> <li>So Abijah slept with his fathers, and they buried him in the city of David: and Asa his son reigned in his place {3162</li> <li>A.H./C- 880 B.C.}.<sup>a*</sup> In his days the land was quiet ten years.</li> <li>And Asa did <i>that which was</i> good and right in the eyes of the LORD {Jehovah} his God:</li> <li>Because he took away the altars of the strange <i>gods</i>, and the high places, and broke down the images, and cut down the groves:</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
13:22d – the story of the prophet Iddo – a – see II Chr. 12:15 14:1a – I Ki. 15:1-2, 8-10	book unknown to us today

Abijah's reign over Judah ends in 3<sup>rd</sup> year; Asa, his son, begins reign over Judah [\*3162 A.H./C- 880 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14.044/132 II Chronicles Chapter 13-14 (Page 1548)

{14} II Chronicles		
<ul> <li>King James 1769 Version</li> <li>(4) And commanded Judah to seek the LORD God of their fathers, and to do the law and the commandment.</li> <li>(5) Also he took away out of all the cities of Judah the high places and the images: and the kingdom was quiet before him.</li> <li>(6) And he built fenced cities in Judah: for the land had rest, and he had no war in those years; because the LORD had given him rest.</li> <li>(7) Therefore he said unto Judah, Let us build these cities, and make about <i>them</i> walls, and towers, gates, and bars, <i>while</i> the land <i>is</i> yet before us; because we have sought the LORD our God, we have sought <i>him</i>, and he hath given us rest on every side. So they built and prospered.</li> <li>(8) And Asa had an army of men that bare targets and spears, out of Judah three hundred thousand; and out of Benjamin, that bare shields and drew bows, two hundred and fourscore thousand: all these <i>were</i> mighty men of valour.</li> <li>(9) And there came out against them Zerah the Ethiopian with an host of a thousand thousand, and three hundred chariots; and came unto Mareshah.</li> <li>(10) Then Asa went out against him, and they set the battle in array in the valley of Zephathah at Mareshah.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(4) And commanded Judah to seek the LORD {Jehovah} God of their forefathers, and to do the law and the commandment.</li> <li>(5) Also he took away out of all the cities of Judah the high places and the images: and the kingdom was quiet before him.</li> <li>(6) And he built fenced cities in Judah: because the land had rest, and he had no war in those years; because the LORD {Jehovah} had given him rest.</li> <li>(7) Therefore he said to Judah, Let us build these cities, and make walls around <i>them</i>, and towers, gates, and bars, <i>while</i> the land <i>is</i> yet before us; because we have sought the LORD {Jehovah} our God, we have sought <i>Him</i>, and He has given us rest on every side. So they built and prospered.</li> <li>(8) And Asa had an army of men who carried shields and spears, out of Judah three hundred thousand; and out of Benjamin, who carried shields and drew bows, two hundred eighty thousand: all these <i>were</i> mighty men of valor.</li> <li>(9) And there came out against them Zerah the Ethiopian with an army of one million, and three hundred chariots; and came to Mareshah.</li> <li>(10) Then Asa went out against him, and they set the battle in array in the valley of Zephathah at Mareshah.</li> </ul>	
14.045/132 II Chronicles (	Chapter 14 (Page 1549)	

{14} II C	hronicles
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(11) And Asa cried unto the LORD his God, and said, LORD, <i>it is</i> nothing with thee to help, whether with many, or with them that have no power: help us, O LORD our God; for we rest on thee, and in thy name we go against this multitude. O LORD, thou <i>art</i> our God; let not man prevail against thee.</li> <li>(12) So the LORD smote the Ethiopians before Asa, and before Judah; and the Ethiopians fled.</li> <li>(13) And Asa and the people that <i>were</i> with him pursued them unto Gerar: and the Ethiopians were overthrown, that they could not recover themselves; for they were destroyed before the LORD, and before his host; and they carried away very much spoil.</li> <li>(14) And they smote all the cities round about Gerar; for the fear of the LORD came upon them: and they spoiled all the cities; for there was exceeding much spoil in them.</li> <li>(15) They smote also the tents of cattle, and carried away sheep and camels in abundance, and returned to Jerusalem.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(11) And Asa cried to the LORD {Jehovah} his God, and said, LORD {Jehovah}, <i>it is</i> nothing with You to help, whether with many, or with those who have no power: help us, O LORD {Jehovah} our God; because we rest on You, and in Your Name we go against this multitude. O LORD {Jehovah}, You <i>are</i> our God; let not man prevail against You.</li> <li>(12) So the LORD {Jehovah} struck the Ethiopians before Asa, and before Judah; and the Ethiopians fled.</li> <li>(13) And Asa and the people who <i>were</i> with him pursued them to Gerar: and the Ethiopians were overthrown, that they could not recover themselves; because they were destroyed before the LORD {Jehovah}, and before His army; and they carried away very much spoil.</li> <li>(14) And they struck all the cities all around Gerar; because the fear of the LORD {Jehovah} came upon them: and they spoiled all the cities; because there was exceedingly much spoil in them.</li> <li>(15) They struck also the tents of cattle, and carried away sheep and camels in abundance, and returned to Jerusalem.</li> </ul>

14.046/132 II Chronicles Chapter 14 (Page 1550)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
Chapter 15	Chapter 15
(1) And the Spirit of God came upon	(1) And the Spirit of God came upon
Azariah the son of Oded:	Azariah the son of Oded:
(2) And he went out to meet Asa, and said	(2) And he went out to meet Asa, and said
unto him, Hear ye me, Asa, and all Judah	to him, Hear me, Asa, and all Judah and
and Benjamin; The LORD is with you,	Benjamin; The LORD {Jehovah} is with
while ye be with him; and if ye seek him,	you, while you are with Him; and if you
he will be found of you; but if ye forsake	seek Him, He will be found by you; but if
him, he will forsake you.	you forsake Him, He will forsake you.
(3) Now for a long season Israel hath been	(3) Now for a long season Israel has been
without the true God, and without a	without the true God, and without a
teaching priest, and without law.	teaching priest, and without law.
(4) But when they in their trouble did turn	(4) But when they in their trouble turned
unto the LORD God of Israel, and sought	to the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel, and
him, he was found of them.	sought Him, He was found by them.
(5) And in those times <i>there was</i> no peace	(5) And in those times <i>there was</i> no peace
to him that went out, nor to him that came	to him who went out, nor to him who came
in, but great vexations were upon all the	in, but great troubles were upon all those
inhabitants of the countries.	who live in the countries.
(6) And nation was destroyed of nation,	(6) And nation was destroyed by nation,
and city of city: for God did vex them with	and city of city: because God troubled
all adversity.	them with all adversity.
(7) Be ye strong therefore, and let not your	(7) Be strong therefore, and do not let
hands be weak: for your work shall be	your hands be weak: because your work
rewarded.	shall be rewarded.
(8) And when Asa heard these words, and	(8) And when Asa heard these words, and
the prophecy of Oded the prophet, he took	the prophecy of Oded the prophet, he took
courage, and put away the abominable idols out of all the land of Judah and	courage, and put away the abominable idols out of all the land of Judah and
	Benjamin, and out of the cities which he
Benjamin, and out of the cities which he had taken from mount Ephraim, and	had taken from mount Ephraim, and
renewed the altar of the LORD, that was	renewed the altar of the LORD {Jehovah},
before the porch of the LORD.	that was before the porch of the LORD
before the poren of the LORD.	{Jehovah}.
	-1
14.047/132 II Chronicles Chapter 15 (Page 1551)	

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(9) And he gathered all Judah and Benjamin, and the strangers with them out of Ephraim and Manasseh, and out of Simeon: for they fell to him out of Israel in abundance, when they saw that the LORD his God <i>was</i> with him.</li> <li>(10) So they gathered themselves together at Jerusalem in the third month, in the fifteenth year of the reign of Asa.</li> <li>(11) And they offered unto the LORD the same time, of the spoil <i>which</i> they had brought, seven hundred oxen and seven thousand sheep.</li> <li>(12) And they entered into a covenant to seek the LORD God of their fathers with all their heart and with all their soul;</li> <li>(13) That whosoever would not seek the LORD God of Israel should be put to death, whether small or great, whether man or woman.</li> <li>(14) And they sware unto the LORD with a loud voice, and with shouting, and with trumpets, and with cornets.</li> <li>(15) And all Judah rejoiced at the oath: for they had sworn with all their heart, and sought him with their whole desire; and he was found of them: and the LORD gave them rest round about.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(9) And he gathered all Judah and Benjamin, and the strangers with them out of Ephraim and Manasseh, and out of Simeon: because they fell to him out of Israel in abundance, when they saw that the LORD {Jehovah} his God <i>was</i> with him.</li> <li>(10) So they gathered themselves together at Jerusalem in the third month {Sivan [May/June]},<sup>a</sup> in the fifteenth year of the reign of Asa {3177 A.H./C- 865 B.C.}*</li> <li>(11) And they offered to the LORD {Jehovah} the same time, of the spoil <i>which</i> they had brought, seven hundred oxen and seven thousand sheep.</li> <li>(12) And they entered into a covenant to seek the LORD {Jehovah} God of their forefathers with all their heart and with all their soul;</li> <li>(13) That whoever would not seek the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel should be put to death, whether small or great, whether man or woman.</li> <li>(14) And they swore to the LORD {Jehovah} with a loud voice, and with shouting, and with trumpets, and with cornets.</li> <li>(15) And all Judah rejoiced at the oath: because they had sworn with all their whole desire; and He was found by them: and the LORD {Jehovah} gave them rest all around.</li> </ul>	
15:10a - third month - Sivan [May/June] - the month for the feast of weeks - Pentecost - see Lev. 23 - See <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days</u> . See also <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u>		
15 <sup>th</sup> year of Asa king of Judah [*3177 A.H./C- 865 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>		
14.048/132 II Chronicles Chapter 15 (Page 1552)		

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>King James 1769 Version</li> <li>(16) And also concerning Maachah the mother of Asa the king, he removed her from being queen, because she had made an idol in a grove: and Asa cut down her idol, and stamped <i>it</i>, and burnt <i>it</i> at the brook Kidron.</li> <li>(17) But the high places were not taken away out of Israel: nevertheless the heart of Asa was perfect all his days.</li> <li>(18) And he brought into the house of God the things that his father had dedicated, and that he himself had dedicated, silver, and gold, and vessels.</li> <li>(19) And there was no more war unto the five and thirtieth year of the reign of Asa.</li> <li>Chapter 16</li> <li>(1) In the six and thirtieth year of the reign of Asa Baasha king of Israel came up against Judah, and built Ramah, to the intent that he might let none go out or come in to Asa brought out silver and gold out of the treasures of the house of the LORD and of the king's house, and sent to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(16) And also <i>concerning</i> Maachah the mother of Asa the king, he removed her from <i>being</i> queen, because she had made an idol in a grove: and Asa cut down her idol, and stamped <i>it</i>, and burnt <i>it</i> at the brook Kidron.</li> <li>(17) But the high places were not taken away out of Israel: nevertheless the heart of Asa was perfect all his days.</li> <li>(18) And he brought into the house {temple} of God the things that his father had dedicated, and that he himself had dedicated, silver, and gold, and vessels.</li> <li>(19) And there was no <i>more</i> war until the thirty-fifth year of the reign of Asa {3197 A.H./C-845 B.C.}.</li> <li>Chapter 16 <ul> <li>(1) In the thirty-sixth year of the reign of Asa {3198 A.H./C-844 B.C.} Baasha king of Israel came up against Judah, and built Ramah, intending that he might let no one go out or come in to Asa king of Judah.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(2) Then Asa brought out silver and gold out of the treasures of the house {temple}</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Benhadad king of Syria, that dwelt at Damascus, saying,	of the LORD {Jehovah} and of the king's house {palace}, and sent to Benhadad king of Syria, who lived at Damascus, saying, <sup>b</sup>	
16.10 LV: 15.15f		
16:1a – I Ki. 15:17f 16:2b – I Ki. 15:18		
14.049/132 II Chronicles Chapter 15-16 (Page 1553)		

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(3) There is a league between me and thee, as there was between my father and thy father: behold, I have sent thee silver and gold; go, break thy league with Baasha king of Israel, that he may depart from me.</li> <li>(4) And Benhadad hearkened unto king Asa, and sent the captains of his armies against the cities of Israel; and they smote Ijon, and Dan, and Abelmaim, and all the store cities of Naphtali.</li> <li>(5) And it came to pass, when Baasha heard <i>it</i>, that he left off building of Ramah, and let his work cease.</li> <li>(6) Then Asa the king took all Judah; and they carried away the stones of Ramah, and the timber thereof, wherewith Baasha was building; and he built therewith Geba and Mizpah.</li> <li>(7) And at that time Hanani the seer came to Asa king of Judah, and said unto him, Because thou hast relied on the king of Syria, and not relied on the LORD thy God, therefore is the host of the king of Syria escaped out of thine hand.</li> <li>(8) Were not the Ethiopians and the Lubims a huge host, with very many chariots and horsemen? yet, because thou didst rely on the LORD, he delivered them into thine hand.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(3) <i>There is</i> an alliance between me and you, as <i>there was</i> between my father and your father: look, I have sent you silver and gold; go, break your league {alliance} with Baasha king of Israel, that he may depart from me.</li> <li>(4) And Benhadad listened to king Asa, and sent the captains of his armies against the cities of Israel; and they struck Ijon, and Dan, and Abelmaim, and all the store cities of Naphtali.</li> <li>(5) And it came to pass, when Baasha heard <i>it</i>, that he left off building of Ramah, and let his work cease.</li> <li>(6) Then Asa the king took all Judah; and they carried away the stones of Ramah, and its timber, with which Baasha was building; and he built Geba and Mizpah with it.</li> <li>(7) And at that time Hanani the prophet came to Asa king of Judah, and said to him, Because you have relied on the king of Syria, and not relied on the LORD {Jehovah} your God, therefore the army of the king of Syria has escaped out of your hand.</li> <li>(8) Were not the Ethiopians and the Lubims a huge army, with very many chariots and horsemen? yet, because you relied on the LORD {Jehovah}, He delivered them into your hand.<sup>c</sup></li> </ul>
16:8c – II Chr. 14:-15	
14.050/132 II Chronicles Chapter 16 (Page 1554)	

{14} II C	hronicles
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(9) For the eyes of the LORD run to and fro throughout the whole earth, to shew himself strong in the behalf of <i>them</i> whose heart <i>is</i> perfect toward him. Herein thou hast done foolishly: therefore from henceforth thou shalt have wars.</li> <li>(10) Then Asa was wroth with the seer, and put him in a prison house; for <i>he was</i> in a rage with him because of this <i>thing</i>. And Asa oppressed <i>some</i> of the people the same time.</li> <li>(11) And, behold, the acts of Asa, first and last, lo, they <i>are</i> written in the book of the kings of Judah and Israel.</li> <li>(12) And Asa in the thirty and ninth year of his reign {3201 A.H./C-841 B.C.} was diseased in his feet, until his disease <i>was</i> exceeding <i>great:</i> yet in his disease he sought not to the LORD, but to the physicians.</li> <li>(13) And Asa slept with his fathers, and died in the one and fortieth year of his reign.</li> <li>(14) And they buried him in his own sepulchres, which he had made for himself in the city of David, and laid him in the bed which was filled with sweet odours and divers kinds <i>of spices</i> prepared by the apothecaries' art: and they made a very great burning for him.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(9) Because the eyes of the LORD {Jehovah} run to and fro throughout the whole earth, to show Himself strong in the behalf of <i>those</i> whose heart <i>is</i> perfect towards Him. In this you have done foolishly: therefore from this time forth you shall have wars.</li> <li>(10) Then Asa was angry with the prophet, and put him in a prison house; because <i>he was angry</i> with him because of this prophecy. And Asa oppressed <i>some</i> of the people at the same time.</li> <li>(11) And, indeed, the acts of Asa, first and last, indeed, they <i>are</i> written in the book of the kings of Judah and Israel.</li> <li>(12) And Asa in the thirty-ninth year of his reign {3201 A.H./C-841 B.C.} was diseased in his feet, until his disease <i>was</i> exceedingly <i>great:</i> yet in his disease he did not seek the LORD {Jehovah}, but turned to the physicians.</li> <li>(13) And Asa slept with his fathers, and died in the forty-first year of his reign {3203 A.H./C-839 B.C.}.</li> <li>(14) And they buried him in his own tombs, which he had made for himself in the city of David, and laid him in the bed which was filled with sweet aromas and various kinds <i>of spices</i> prepared by the perfumers' art: and they made a very great burning for him.</li> </ul>
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{14} II C	Chronicles
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
Chapter 17 (1) And Jehoshaphat his son reigned in his stead, and strengthened himself against Israel. (2) And he placed forces in all the fenced cities of Judah, and set garrisons in the land of Judah, and in the cities of Ephraim, which Asa his father had taken. (3) And the LORD was with Jehoshaphat, because he walked in the first ways of his father David, and sought not unto Baalim; (4) But sought to the <i>LORD</i> God of his father, and walked in his commandments, and not after the doings of Israel. (5) Therefore the LORD stablished the kingdom in his hand; and all Judah brought to Jehoshaphat presents; and he had riches and honour in abundance. (6) And his heart was lifted up in the ways of the LORD: moreover he took away the high places and groves out of Judah. (7) Also in the third year of his reign he sent to his princes, <i>even</i> to Benhail, and to Obadiah, and to Zechariah, and to Nethaneel, and to Michaiah, to teach in the cities of Judah.	<ul> <li>Chapter 17</li> <li>(1) And Jehoshaphat his son reigned in his place {3204 A.H./C- 838 B.C.},<sup>a*</sup> and strengthened himself against Israel.</li> <li>(2) And he placed forces in all the fenced cities of Judah, and set garrisons in the land of Judah, and set garrisons in the land of Judah, and in the cities of Ephraim, which Asa his father had taken.</li> <li>(3) And the LORD {Jehovah} was with Jehoshaphat, because he walked in the first ways of his father David, and did not seek after Baalim;</li> <li>(4) But sought after the LORD {Jehovah} God of his father, and walked in his commandments, and not after the deeds of Israel.</li> <li>(5) Therefore the LORD {Jehovah} established the kingdom in his hand; and all Judah brought to Jehoshaphat presents; and he had riches and honor in abundance.</li> <li>(6) And his heart was lifted up in the ways of the LORD {Jehovah}: furthermore he took away the high places and groves out of Judah.</li> <li>(7) Also in the third year of his reign {3206 A.H./C-836 B.C.} he sent to his princes, even to Benhail, and to Obadiah, and to Zechariah, and to Nethaneel, and to Michaiah, to teach in the cities of Judah.</li> </ul>

41<sup>st</sup> year of Asa; Asa dies; Jehoshaphat, his son begins reign over Judah [\*3204 A.H./C- 838 B.C.] See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

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ronicles <u>Fing James Paraphrase</u> (8) And with them <i>he sent</i> Levites, <i>even</i> Shemaiah, and Nethaniah, and Zebadiah, and Asahel, and Shemiramoth, and Jehonathan, and Adonijah, and Tobijah, and Tobadonijah, Levites; and with them Elishama and Jehoram, priests.
(8) And with them <i>he sent</i> Levites, <i>even</i> Shemaiah, and Nethaniah, and Zebadiah, and Asahel, and Shemiramoth, and Jehonathan, and Adonijah, and Tobijah, and Tobadonijah, Levites; and with them
<ul> <li>(9) And they taught in Judah, and had the book of the law of the LORD {Jehovah} with them, and went about throughout all the cities of Judah, and taught the people.</li> <li>(10) And the fear of the LORD {Jehovah} fell upon all the kingdoms of the lands that were all around Judah, so that they made no war against Jehoshaphat.</li> <li>(11) Also some of the Philistines brought Jehoshaphat presents, and tribute silver; and the Arabians brought him flocks, seven thousand seven hundred rams, and seven thousand seven hundred male goats.</li> <li>(12) And Jehoshaphat grew exceedingly great; and he built in Judah castles, and cities of store.</li> <li>(13) And he had much business in the cities of Judah: and the men of war, mighty men of valor, were in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(14) And these are their numbers according to the house of their fathers: Of Judah, the captains of thousands; Adnah the chief, and with him mighty men of valor three hundred thousand.</li> <li>(15) And next to him was Jehohanan the captain, and with him two hundred eighty thousand.</li> </ul>
(byt)(fun(Jass) gc(cn(aJty))

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{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(16) And next him <i>was</i> Amasiah the son of Zichri, who willingly offered himself unto the LORD; and with him two hundred thousand mighty men of valour.</li> <li>(17) And of Benjamin; Eliada a mighty man of valour, and with him armed men with bow and shield two hundred thousand.</li> <li>(18) And next him <i>was</i> Jehozabad, and with him an hundred and fourscore thousand ready prepared for the war.</li> <li>(19) These waited on the king, beside <i>those</i> whom the king put in the fenced cities throughout all Judah.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(16) And next him <i>was</i> Amasiah the son of Zichri, who willingly offered himself to the LORD {Jehovah}; and with him two hundred thousand mighty men of valor.</li> <li>(17) And of Benjamin; Eliada a mighty man of valor, and with him armed men with bow and shield two hundred thousand.</li> <li>(18) And next him <i>was</i> Jehozabad, and with him one hundred eighty thousand ready prepared for the war.</li> <li>(19) These waited on the king, besides <i>those</i> whom the king put in the fenced cities throughout all Judah.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Chapter 18 <ol> <li>Now Jehoshaphat had riches and honor in abundance, and joined affinity with Ahab.</li> <li>And after <i>certain</i> years he went down to Ahab to Samaria. And Ahab killed sheep and oxen for him in abundance, and for the people that <i>he had</i> with him, and persuaded him to go up with him to Ramothgilead.</li> <li>And Ahab king of Israel said unto Jehoshaphat king of Judah, Wilt thou go with me to Ramothgilead? And he answered him, I am as thou art, and my people as thy people; and we will be with thee in the war.</li> <li>And Jehoshaphat said unto the king of Israel, Enquire, I pray thee, at the word of the LORD to day.</li> </ol> </li> <li>18:1a – Ahab's reign over Israel began in 3200 A.H./C-842 B.C. in Asa's 38<sup>th</sup> year [3 years before Asa died and Jehoshaphat became king over Judah.] <ul> <li>See Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
14.054/100 II Chronicles Chapter 17.10 (Decenter 20)	
14.054/132 II Chronicles Chapter 17-18 (Page 1558)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(5) Therefore the king of Israel gathered together of prophets four hundred men, and said unto them, Shall we go to Ramothgilead to battle, or shall I forbear? And they said, Go up; for God will deliver <i>it</i> into the king's hand.</li> <li>(6) But Jehoshaphat said, <i>Is there</i> not here a prophet of the LORD besides, that we might enquire of him?</li> <li>(7) And the king of Israel said unto Jehoshaphat, <i>There is</i> yet one man, by whom we may enquire of the LORD: but I hate him; for he never prophesied good unto me, but always evil: the same <i>is</i> Micaiah the son of Imla. And Jehoshaphat said, Let not the king say so.</li> <li>(8) And the king of Israel called for one <i>of his</i> officers, and said, Fetch quickly Micaiah the son of Imla.</li> <li>(9) And the king of Israel and Jehoshaphat king of Judah sat either of them on his throne, clothed in <i>their</i> robes, and they sat in a void place at the entering in of the gate of Samaria; and all the prophets prophesied before them.</li> <li>(10) And Zedekiah the son of Chenaanah had made him horns of iron, and said, Thus saith the LORD, With these thou shalt push Syria until they be consumed.</li> <li>(11) And all the prophets prophesied so, saying, Go up to Ramothgilead, and prosper: for the LORD shall deliver <i>it</i> into the hand of the king.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(5) Therefore the king of Israel gathered together of prophets four hundred men, and said to them, Shall we go to Ramothgilead to battle, or shall I forbear? And they said, Go up; because God will deliver <i>it</i> into the king's hand.</li> <li>(6) But Jehoshaphat said, <i>Is there</i> not here a prophet of the LORD {Jehovah} besides <i>these</i>, that we might inquire of Him?</li> <li>(7) And the king of Israel said to Jehoshaphat, <i>There is</i> yet one man, by whom we may inquire of the LORD {Jehovah}: but I hate him; because he never prophesied good to me, but always evil: the same <i>is</i> Micaiah the son of Imla. And Jehoshaphat said, Do not let the king say so.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(8) And the king of Israel called for one <i>of his</i> officers, and said, Fetch quickly Micaiah the son of Imla.</li> <li>(9) And the king of Israel and Jehoshaphat king of Israel and Jehoshaphat king of Israel and Jehoshaphat hat he prophets prophesied before them.</li> <li>(10) And Zedekiah the son of Chenaanah had made him horns of iron, and said, This is what the LORD {Jehovah} says, With these you shall push Syria until they are consumed.</li> <li>(11) And all the prophets prophesied so, saying, Go up to Ramothgilead, and prosper: because the LORD {Jehovah} shall deliver <i>it</i> into the hand of the king.</li> </ul>
14.055/132 II Chronicles Chapter 18 (Page 1559)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(12) And the messenger that went to call Micaiah spake to him, saying, Behold, the words of the prophets <i>declare</i> good to the king with one assent; let thy word therefore, I pray thee, be like one of theirs, and speak thou good.</li> <li>(13) And Micaiah said, As the LORD liveth, even what my God saith, that will I speak.</li> <li>(14) And when he was come to the king, the king said unto him, Micaiah, shall we go to Ramothgilead to battle, or shall I forbear? And he said, Go ye up, and prosper, and they shall be delivered into your hand.</li> <li>(15) And the king said to him, How many times shall I adjure thee that thou say nothing but the truth to me in the name of the LORD?</li> <li>(16) Then he said, I did see all Israel scattered upon the mountains, as sheep that have no shepherd: and the LORD said, These have no master; let them return <i>therefore</i> every man to his house in peace.</li> <li>(17) And the king of Israel said to Jehoshaphat, Did I not tell thee <i>that</i> he would not prophesy good unto me, but evil?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(12) And the messenger who went to call Micaiah spoke to him, saying, Indeed, the words of the prophets <i>declare</i> good to the king with one assent; I urge you to let your word therefore, be like one of theirs, and you also speak good.</li> <li>(13) And Micaiah said, As the LORD {Jehovah} lives, even what my God says, that I will speak.</li> <li>(14) And when he had come to the king, the king said to him, Micaiah, shall we go to Ramothgilead to battle, or shall I forbear? And he said, Go up, and prosper, and they shall be delivered into your hand.</li> <li>(15) And the king said to him, How many times shall I command you that you say nothing but the truth to me in the Name of the LORD {Jehovah}?</li> <li>(16) Then he said, I saw all Israel scattered upon the mountains, as sheep that have no shepherd: and the LORD {Jehovah} said, These have no master; let them return <i>therefore</i> every man to his house in peace.<sup>c</sup></li> <li>(17) And the king of Israel said to Jehoshaphat, Did I not tell you <i>that</i> he would not prophesy good towards me, but evil?</li> </ul>
18:16c – I Ki. 22:17	
14.056/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 18 (Page 1560)

King James 1769 VersionKing James Paraphrase(25) Then the king of Israel said, Take ye(25) Then the king of Israel said, Take yeMicaiah, and carry him back to Amon the governor of the city, and to Joash the king's son;(26) And say, Thus saith the king, Put this preventor of the city, and to Joash the king's son;(26) And say, Thus saith the king, Put this fellow in the prison, and feed him with bread of affliction and with water of affliction, until I return in peace.(27) And Micaiah said, If thou certainly return in peace, then hath not the LORD spoken by me. And he said, Hearken, all ye people.(28) So the king of Israel and Jehoshaphat the king of Judah went up to Ramothgilead.(29) And the king of Israel said unto Jehoshaphat, I will disguise myself, and will go to the battle; but put thou on thy robes. So the king of Israel disguised himself; and they went to the battle.(29) And the king of Israel disguised himself; and they went to the battle.(29) And the king of Israel disguised himself; and they went to the battle.(29) And the king of Israel disguised himself; and they went to the battle.(29) And the king of Israel disguised himself; and they went to the battle.(29) Now the king of Syria had commanded the captains of the chariots saw Jehoshaphat, that they said, It is the king of Israel.(31) And it came to pass, when the captains of the chariots perceived that the to depart from him.(32) For it came to pass, that, when the captains of the chariots perceived that the the captains of the chariots perceived that the captains of the	{14} II Chronicles	
<ul> <li>(25) Then the king of Israel said, Take ye Micaiah, and carry him back to Amon the governor of the city, and to Joash the king's son;</li> <li>(26) And say, Thus saith the king, Put this <i>fellow</i> in the prison, and feed him with bread of affliction and with water of affliction, until I return in peace.</li> <li>(27) And Micaiah said, If thou certainly return in peace, <i>then</i> hath not the LORD spoken by me. And he said, Hearken, all ye people.</li> <li>(28) So the king of Israel and Jehoshaphat the king of Judah went up to Ramothgilead.</li> <li>(29) And the king of Israel asid unto Jehoshaphat, I will disguise myself, and they went to the battle.</li> <li>(30) Now the king of Israel disguised himself; and they went to the battle.</li> <li>(31) And it came to pass, when the captains of the chariots saw Jehoshaphat, that they said, It <i>is</i> the king of Israel.</li> <li>(31) And it came to pass, when the captains of the chariots saw Jehoshaphat, that they said, It <i>is</i> the king of Israel.</li> <li>(31) And it came to pass, that, when the captains of the chariots perceived that <i>to depart</i> from him.</li> <li>(32) For it came to pass, that, when the captains of the chariots perceived that it was not the king of Israel, they turned back again from pursuing him.</li> </ul>		
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King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(33) And a <i>certain</i> man drew a bow at a venture, and smote the king of Israel between the joints of the harness: therefore he said to his chariot man, Turn thine hand, that thou mayest carry me out of the host; for I am wounded. (34) And the battle increased that day: howbeit the king of Israel stayed <i>himself</i> up in <i>his</i> chariot against the Syrians until the even: and about the time of the sun going down he died.	<ul> <li>(33) And a <i>certain</i> man drew a bow at a venture, and struck the king of Israel between the joints of the harness: therefore he said to his chariot man, Turn your hand, that you may carry me out of the army; because I am wounded.</li> <li>(34) And the battle increased that day: however the king of Israel propped <i>himself</i> up in <i>his</i> chariot against the Syrians until the evening: and about the time of the sun going down he died.<sup>f</sup></li> </ul>
Chapter 19 (1) And Jehoshaphat the king of Judah returned to his house in peace to Jerusalem. (2) And Jehu the son of Hanani the seer went out to meet him, and said to king Jehoshaphat, Shouldest thou help the ungodly, and love them that hate the LORD? therefore <i>is</i> wrath upon thee from before the LORD. (3) Nevertheless there are good things found in thee, in that thou hast taken away the groves out of the land, and hast prepared thine heart to seek God. (4) And Jehoshaphat dwelt at Jerusalem: and he went out again through the people from Beersheba to mount Ephraim, and brought them back unto the LORD God of their fathers. (5) And he set judges in the land throughout all the fenced cities of Judah, city by city, 18:34f – I Ki. 22:35	<ul> <li>Chapter 19</li> <li>(1) And Jehoshaphat the king of Judah returned to his house in peace to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(2) And Jehu the son of Hanani the prophet went out to meet him, and said to king Jehoshaphat, Should you help the ungodly, and love those who hate the LORD {Jehovah}? therefore wrath {anger; judgment} <i>is</i> upon you from before the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(3) Nevertheless there are good things found in you, in that you have taken away the groves out of the land, and have prepared your heart to seek God.</li> <li>(4) And Jehoshaphat lived at Jerusalem: and he went out again through the people from Beersheba to mount Ephraim, and brought them back to the LORD {Jehovah} God of their forefathers.</li> <li>(5) And he set judges in the land throughout all the fenced cities of Judah, city by city,</li> </ul>
14.059/132 II Chronicles Chapter 18-19 (Page 1563)	

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<b>{14} II C</b> King James 1769 Version         (6) And said to the judges, Take heed what ye do: for ye judge not for man, but for the LORD, who <i>is</i> with you in the judgment.         (7) Wherefore now let the fear of the LORD be upon you; take heed and do <i>it</i> : for <i>there is</i> no iniquity with the LORD our God, nor respect of persons, nor taking of gifts.         (8) Moreover in Jerusalem did Jehoshaphat set of the Levites, and <i>of</i> the priests, and of the chief of the fathers of Israel, for the judgment of the LORD, and for controversies, when they returned to Jerusalem.         (9) And he charged them, saying, Thus shall ye do in the fear of the LORD, faithfully, and with a perfect heart.         (10) And what cause soever shall come to you of your brethren that dwell in their cities, between blood and blood, between law and commandment, statutes and judgments, ye shall even warn them that they trespass not against the LORD, and so wrath come upon you, and upon your brethren: this do, and ye shall not trespass.         (11) And, behold, Amariah the chief priest <i>is</i> over you in all matters of the LORD; and Zebadiah the son of Ishmael, the ruler of the house of Judah, for all the king's matters: also the Levites <i>shall be</i> officers before you. Deal courageously, and the LORD shall be with the good.	<ul> <li>hronicles</li> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(6) And said to the judges, Take heed what you do: because you judge not for man, but for the LORD {Jehovah}, Who is with you in the judgment.</li> <li>(7) Therefore now let the fear of the LORD {Jehovah} be upon you; take heed and do it: because there is no sin with the LORD {Jehovah} our God, nor respect of persons, nor taking of gifts.</li> <li>(8) Moreover in Jerusalem Jehoshaphat set of the Levites, and of the priests, and of the chief of the fathers of Israel, for the judgment of the LORD {Jehovah}, and for controversies, when they returned to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(9) And he charged them, saying, This you shall do in the fear of the LORD {Jehovah}, faithfully, and with a perfect heart.</li> <li>(10) And whatever cause shall come to you of your brothers who live in their cities, between blood and blood, between law and commandment, laws and judgments, you shall even warn them that they not sin against the LORD {Jehovah}, so that wrath {anger; judgment} comes upon you, and upon your brothers: do this, and you shall not sin.</li> <li>(11) And, indeed, Amariah the chief priest is over you in all matters of the LORD {Jehovah}; and Zebadiah the son of Ishmael, the ruler of the house of Judah, for all the king's matters: also the Levites shall be officers before you. Deal courageously, and the LORD {Jehovah} shall be with the good.</li> </ul>	
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<ul> <li><b>Chapter 20</b></li> <li>(1) It came to pass after this also, <i>that</i> the children of Moab, and the children of Ammon, and with them <i>other</i> beside the Ammonites, came against Jehoshaphat to battle.</li> <li>(2) Then there came some that told Jehoshaphat, saying, There cometh a great multitude against thee from beyond the sea on this side Syria; and, behold, they <i>be</i> in Hazazontamar, which <i>is</i> Engedi.</li> <li>(3) And Jehoshaphat feared, and set himself to seek the LORD, and proclaimed a fast throughout all Judah.</li> <li>(4) And Judah gathered themselves together, to ask <i>help</i> of the LORD: even out of all the cities of Judah they came to seek the LORD.</li> <li>(5) And Jehoshaphat stood in the congregation of Judah and Jerusalem, in the house of the LORD, before the new court,</li> <li>(6) And said, O LORD God of our fathers, <i>art</i> not thou God in heaven? and rulest <i>not</i> thou over all the kingdoms of the heathen? and in thine hand <i>is there not</i> power and might, so that none is able to withstand thee?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chapter 20 <ol> <li>It came to pass after this also, <i>that</i> the children of Moab, and the children of Ammon, and with them <i>others</i> besides the Ammonites, came against Jehoshaphat to battle.</li> <li>Then there came some who told Jehoshaphat, saying, There comes a great multitude against you from beyond the sea on this side of Syria; and, look, they <i>are</i> in Hazazontamar, which <i>is</i> Engedi.</li> <li>And Jehoshaphat was afraid, and set himself to seek the LORD {Jehovah}, and proclaimed a fast throughout all Judah.</li> <li>And Judah gathered themselves together, to ask <i>help</i> of the LORD {Jehovah}: even out of all the cities of Judah they came to seek the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>And Jehoshaphat stood in the congregation of Judah and Jerusalem, in the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, before the new court,</li> <li>And said,</li> <li>LORD {Jehovah} God of our forefathers, <i>are</i> You not God in heaven? and do You not rule over all the kingdoms of the heathen {ungodly nations}? and in Your hand <i>is there not</i> power and might, so that no one is able to withstand You?</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
14.061/132 II Chronicles Chapter 20 (Page 1565)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(7) Art not thou our God, who didst drive out the inhabitants of this land before thy people Israel, and gavest it to the seed of Abraham thy friend for ever?</li> <li>(8) And they dwelt therein, and have built thee a sanctuary therein for thy name, saying,</li> <li>(9) If, when evil cometh upon us, as the sword, judgment, or pestilence, or famine, we stand before this house, and in thy presence, (for thy name <i>is</i> in this house,) and cry unto thee in our affliction, then thou wilt hear and help.</li> <li>(10) And now, behold, the children of Ammon and Moab and mount Seir, whom thou wouldest not let Israel invade, when they came out of the land of Egypt, but they turned from them, and destroyed them not;</li> <li>(11) Behold, I say, how they reward us, to come to cast us out of thy possession, which thou hast given us to inherit.</li> <li>(12) O our God, wilt thou not judge them? for we have no might against this great company that cometh against us; neither know we what to do: but our eyes are upon thee.</li> <li>(13) And all Judah stood before the LORD, with their little ones, their wives, and their children.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(7) Are You not our God, Who drove out those who live in this land before Your people Israel, and gave it to the descendants of Abraham Your friend forever?</li> <li>(8) And they lived in it, and have built You a sanctuary in it for Your Name, saying,</li> <li>(9) If, when evil comes upon us, as the sword, judgment, or pestilence, or famine, we stand before this house {temple}, and in Your presence, (because Your Name <i>is</i> in this house {temple},) and cry to You in our affliction, then You will hear and help.</li> <li>(10) And now, indeed, the children of Ammon and Moab and mount Seir, whom You would not let Israel invade, when they came out of the land of Egypt, but they turned from them, and did not destroy them;</li> <li>(11) Look, <i>I say, how</i> they reward us, to come to cast us out of Your possession, which You have given us to inherit.</li> <li>(12) O our God, will You not judge them? Because we have no might against this great company that comes against us neither do we know what to do: but our eyes are upon You.</li> <li>(13) And all Judah stood before the LORD {Jehovah}, with their little ones, their wives, and their children.</li> </ul>
14.062/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 20 (Page 1566)

{14} II (	hronicles
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(14) Then upon Jahaziel the son of Zechariah, the son of Benaiah, the son of Jeiel, the son of Mattaniah, a Levite of the sons of Asaph, came the Spirit of the LORD in the midst of the congregation;</li> <li>(15) And he said, Hearken ye, all Judah, and ye inhabitants of Jerusalem, and thou king Jehoshaphat, Thus saith the LORD unto you, Be not afraid nor dismayed by reason of this great multitude; for the battle <i>is</i> not yours, but God's.</li> <li>(16) To morrow go ye down against them: behold, they come up by the cliff of Ziz; and ye shall find them at the end of the brook, before the wilderness of Jeruel.</li> <li>(17) Ye shall not <i>need</i> to fight in this <i>battle:</i> set yourselves, stand ye <i>still</i>, and see the salvation of the LORD with you, O Judah and Jerusalem: fear not, nor be dismayed; to morrow go out against them: for the LORD <i>will be</i> with you.</li> <li>(18) And Jehoshaphat bowed his head with <i>his</i> face to the ground: and all Judah and the inhabitants of Jerusalem fell before the LORD, worshipping the LORD.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(14) Then upon Jahaziel the son of Zechariah, the son of Benaiah, the son of Jeiel, the son of Mattaniah, a Levite of the sons of Asaph, the Spirit of the LORD {Jehovah} came in the midst of the congregation;</li> <li>(15) And he said, Listen, all Judah, and you who live in Jerusalem, and you king Jehoshaphat, This is what the LORD {Jehovah} says to you, Do not be afraid nor dismayed because of this great multitude; because the battle <i>is</i> not yours, but God's.</li> <li>(16) Tomorrow go down against them: indeed, they come up by the cliff of Ziz; and you will find them at the end of the brook, before the wilderness of Jeruel.</li> <li>(17) You will not <i>need</i> to fight in this <i>battle:</i> set yourselves, you stand <i>still</i>, and see the salvation of the LORD {Jehovah} with you, O Judah and Jerusalem: do not be afraid, nor be dismayed; tomorrow go out against them: because the LORD {Jehovah} with his face to the ground: and all Judah and those who lived in Jerusalem fell before the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>

14.063/132 II Chronicles Chapter 20 (Page 1567)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(19) And the Levites, of the children of the Kohathites, and of the children of the Kohathites, stood up to praise the LORD God of Israel with a loud voice on high.</li> <li>(20) And they rose early in the morning, and went forth into the wilderness of Tekoa: and as they went forth, Jehoshaphat stood and said, Hear me, O Judah, and ye inhabitants of Jerusalem; Believe in the LORD your God, so shall ye be established; believe his prophets, so shall ye prosper.</li> <li>(21) And when he had consulted with the people, he appointed singers unto the LORD, and that should praise the beauty of holiness, as they went out before the army, and to say, Praise the LORD; for his mercy <i>endureth</i> for ever.</li> <li>(22) And when they began to sing and to praise, the LORD set ambushments against the children of Ammon, Moab, and mount Seir, which were come against Judah; and they were smitten.</li> <li>(23) For the children of Ammon and Moab stood up against the inhabitants of mount Seir, utterly to slay and destroy <i>them:</i> and when they had made an end of the inhabitants of Seir, every one helped to destroy another.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(19) And the Levites, of the children of the Kohathites, and of the children of the Kohathites, stood up to praise the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel with a loud voice on high.</li> <li>(20) And they rose up early in the morning, and went forth into the wilderness of Tekoa: and as they went forth, Jehoshaphat stood and said, Hear me, O Judah, and you who live in Jerusalem; Believe in the LORD {Jehovah} your God, so you shall be established; believe His prophets, so you shall prosper.</li> <li>(21) And when he had consulted with the people, he appointed singers to the LORD {Jehovah}, and who should praise the beauty of holiness, as they went out before the army, and to say, Praise the LORD {Jehovah}; because His mercy endures forever.</li> <li>(22) And when they began to sing and to praise, the LORD {Jehovah} set ambushes against the children of Ammon, Moab, and mount Seir, who were come against Judah; and they were defeated.</li> <li>(23) Because the children of Ammon and Moab stood up against the those who lived in mount Seir, to completely kill and destroy <i>them:</i> and when they had made an end of those who lived in Seir, every one helped to destroy another.</li> </ul>
14.064/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 20 (Page 1568)

{14} II Chr	onicles
	ing James Paraphrase
	24) And when Judah came towards the
watch tower in the wilderness, they looked	vatch tower in the wilderness, they looked
unto the multitude, and, behold, they were	o the multitude, and, indeed, they were
dead bodies fallen to the earth, and none d	lead bodies fallen to the earth, and no one
escaped.	escaped.
(25) And when Jehoshaphat and his	25) And when Jehoshaphat and his
people came to take away the spoil of p	people came to take away their spoil, they
them, they found among them in fo	ound among them in abundance both
	iches with the dead bodies, and precious
	ewels, which they stripped off for
stripped off for themselves, more than the	hemselves, more than they could carry
	way: and they were three days in
	athering of the spoil, it was so much.
	26) And on the fourth day they
	ssembled themselves in the valley of
	Berachah; because there they praised the
	ORD {Jehovah}: therefore the name of
	he same place was called, The valley of
	Berachah {Blessing}, <sup>a</sup> to this day.
	27) Then they returned, every man of
	Judah and Jerusalem, and Jehoshaphat in
	he forefront of them, to go again to
	ferusalem with joy; because the LORD
	Jehovah} had caused them to rejoice over
5	heir enemies.
	28) And they came to Jerusalem with osalteries {lyres, stringed instruments}
	and harps and trumpets to the house
	temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}.
	29) And the fear of God was on all the
0	singdoms of <i>those</i> countries, when they
	and heard that the LORD {Jehovah}
	ought against the enemies of Israel.
	0 00
20:26a - The valley of Berachah {ברכה} - the v	valley of blessing
	,

14.065/132 II Chronicles Chapter 20 (Page 1569)

{14} II C	Chronicles
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(30) So the realm of Jehoshaphat was	
quiet: for his God gave him rest round	
about.	around.
(31) And Jehoshaphat reigned over	(31) And Jehoshaphat reigned over
Judah: he was thirty and five years old	Judah: he was thirty-five years old when
when he began to reign, and he reigned	he began to reign, and he reigned twenty-
twenty and five years in Jerusalem. And	five years in Jerusalem. And his mother's
his mother's name was Azubah the	name <i>was</i> Azubah the daughter of Shilhi.
daughter of Shilhi.	(32) And he walked in the ways of Asa his
(32) And he walked in the way of Asa his	father, and did not depart from it, doing
father, and departed not from it, doing	
that which was right in the sight of the	
LORD.	(33) However the high places were not
(33) Howbeit the high places were not	taken away: because as yet the people had
taken away: for as yet the people had not	
prepared their hearts unto the God of their	
fathers.	(34) Now the rest of the acts of
(34) Now the rest of the acts of	Jehoshaphat, first and last, indeed, they
Jehoshaphat, first and last, behold, they	are written in the book of Jehu the son of
are written in the book of Jehu the son of	Hanani, who <i>is</i> mentioned in the book of
Hanani, who <i>is</i> mentioned in the book of	the kings of Israel.
the kings of Israel.	(35) And after this Jehoshaphat king of
(35) And after this did Jehoshaphat king	
of Judah join himself with Ahaziah king of	Israel, who did very wickedly:
Israel, who did very wickedly:	(36) And he joined himself with him to
(36) And he joined himself with him to	
make ships to go to Tarshish: and they	made the ships in Eziongeber. (37) Then Eliezer the son of Dodavah of
made the ships in Eziongeber. (37) Then Eliezer the son of Dodavah of	
Mareshah prophesied against	
Jehoshaphat, saying, Because thou hast	
joined thyself with Ahaziah, the LORD	
hath broken thy works. And the ships were	
broken, that they were not able to go to	
Tarshish.	

14.066/132 II Chronicles Chapter 20 (Page 1570)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase	
Chapter 21	Chapter 21
<ol> <li>(1) Now Jehoshaphat slept with his fathers, and was buried with his fathers in the city of David. And Jehoram his son reigned in his stead.</li> <li>(2) And he had brethren the sons of Jehoshaphat, Azariah, and Jehiel, and Zechariah, and Azariah, and Michael, and Shephatiah: all these <i>were</i> the sons of Jehoshaphat king of Israel.</li> <li>(3) And their father gave them great gifts of silver, and of gold, and of precious things, with fenced cities in Judah: but the kingdom gave he to Jehoram; because he <i>was</i> the firstborn.</li> <li>(4) Now when Jehoram was risen up to the kingdom of his father, he strengthened himself, and slew all his brethren with the sword, and <i>divers</i> also of the princes of Israel.</li> <li>(5) Jehoram <i>was</i> thirty and two years old when he began to reign, and he reigned eight years in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(6) And he walked in the way of the kings of Israel, like as did the house of Ahab: for he had the daughter of Ahab to wife: and he wrought <i>that which was</i> evil in the eyes of the LORD.</li> <li>(7) Howbeit the LORD would not destroy the house of David, because of the covenant that he had made with David, and as he promised to give a light to him and to his sons for ever.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(1) Now Jehoshaphat slept with his fathers, and was buried with his fathers in the city of David. And Jehoram his son reigned in his place {3229 A.H./C- 813 B.C.}.<sup>a*</sup></li> <li>(2) And he had brothers the sons of Jehoshaphat, Azariah, and Jehiel, and Zechariah, and Azariah, and Michael, and Shephatiah: all these <i>were</i> the sons of Jehoshaphat king of Israel.</li> <li>(3) And their father gave them great gifts of silver, and of gold, and of precious things, with fenced cities in Judah: but the kingdom he gave to Jehoram; because he <i>was</i> the firstborn.</li> <li>(4) Now when Jehoram had risen up to the kingdom of his father, he strengthened himself, and killed all his brothers with the sword, and also <i>various others</i> of the princes of Israel.</li> <li>(5) Jehoram <i>was</i> thirty-two years old when he began to reign, and he reigned eight years in Jerusalem.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(6) And he walked in the way of the kings of Israel, as the house of Ahab did: because he had the daughter of Ahab for his wife: and he did <i>that which was</i> evil in the eyes of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(7) However the LORD {Jehovah} would not destroy the house of David, because of the covenant that He had made with David, and as He promised to give a Light to him and to his sons forever.</li> </ul>
21:1a – I Ki. 22:50	-
21:5b – II Ki. 8:17 25 <sup>th</sup> year of Jehoshaphat; Jehoshaphat dies; Jehoram, his son, begins reign over Judah	
[*3229 A.H./C- 813 B.C.] See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>	

14.067/132 II Chronicles Chapter 21 (Page 1571)

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
(8) In his days the Edomites revolted	(8) In his days the Edomites revolted	
from under the dominion of Judah, and	from under the rule of Judah, and made	
made themselves a king.	for themselves a king.	
(9) Then Jehoram went forth with his	(9) Then Jehoram went forth with his	
princes, and all his chariots with him: and	princes, and all his chariots with him: and	
he rose up by night, and smote the	he rose up by night, and struck the	
Edomites which compassed him in, and	Edomites who encircled him, and the	
the captains of the chariots.	captains of the chariots.	
(10) So the Edomites revolted from under	(10) So the Edomites revolted from under	
the hand of Judah unto this day. The same	the hand of Judah to this day. At this same	
time also did Libnah revolt from under his	time Libnah also revolted from under his	
hand; because he had forsaken the LORD	hand; because he had forsaken the LORD	
God of his fathers.	{Jehovah} God of his fathers. <sup>c</sup>	
(11) Moreover he made high places in the	(11) Furthermore he made high places in	
mountains of Judah, and caused the	the mountains of Judah, and caused those	
inhabitants of Jerusalem to commit	who lived in Jerusalem to commit	
fornication, and compelled Judah <i>thereto</i> .	fornication, and compelled Judah to do so.	
(12) And there came a writing to him from	(12) And there came a writing to him from	
Elijah the prophet, saying, Thus saith the	Elijah the prophet, saying, This is what the	
LORD God of David thy father, Because	LORD {Jehovah} God of David your father	
thou hast not walked in the ways of	says, Because you have not walked in the	
Jehoshaphat thy father, nor in the ways of	ways of Jehoshaphat your father, nor in	
Asa king of Judah,	the ways of Asa king of Judah,	
(13) But hast walked in the way of the	(13) But have walked in the way of the	
kings of Israel, and hast made Judah and	kings of Israel, and have caused Judah	
the inhabitants of Jerusalem to go a whoring, like to the whoredoms of the	and those who live in Jerusalem to go	
house of Ahab, and also hast slain thy	prostituting, as the prostitutions of the house of Ahab, and also have killed your	
brethren of thy father's house, which were	brothers of your father's house, <i>who</i>	
better than thyself:	<i>were</i> better than yourself:	
(14) Behold, with a great plague will the	(14) Indeed, with a great plague the LORD	
LORD smite thy people, and thy children,	{Jehovah} will strike your people, and	
and thy wives, and all thy goods:	your children, and your wives, and all	
	your goods:	
21:10c – II Ki. 8:20		
14.068/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 21 (Page 1572)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version (15) And thou <i>shalt have</i> great sickness by disease of thy bowels, until thy bowels fall out by reason of the sickness day by day. (16) Moreover the LORD stirred up against Jehoram the spirit of the Philistines, and of the Arabians, that <i>were</i> near the Ethiopians: (17) And they came up into Judah, and brake into it, and carried away all the substance that was found in the king's house, and his sons also, and his wives; so that there was never a son left him, save Jehoahaz, the youngest of his sons. (18) And after all this the LORD smote him in his bowels with an incurable disease. (19) And it came to pass, that in process of time, after the end of two years, his bowels fell out by reason of his sickness: so he died of sore diseases. And his people made no burning for him, like the burning of his fathers. (20) Thirty and two years old was he when he began to reign, and he reigned in Jerusalem eight years, and departed without being desired. Howbeit they buried him in the city of David, but not in the sepulchres of the kings.	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(15) And you shall have great sickness by disease of your bowels, until your bowels fall out because of the sickness day by day.</li> <li>(16) Furthermore the LORD {Jehovah} stirred up against Jehoram the spirit of the Philistines, and of the Arabians, that were near the Ethiopians:</li> <li>(17) And they came up into Judah, and broke into it, and carried away all the substance that was found in the king's house, and his sons also, and his wives; so that there was not a son left to him, except Jehoahaz, the youngest of his sons.</li> <li>(18) And after all this the LORD {Jehovah} struck him in his bowels with an incurable disease.</li> <li>(19) And it came to pass, that in process of time, after the end of two years, his bowels fell out because of his sickness: so he died of sore diseases. And his people made no burning for him, like the burning of his forefathers.</li> <li>(20) He was thirty-two years old when he began to reign, and he reigned in Jerusalem eight years, and departed without being desired. However they buried him in the city of David, but not in the tombs of the kings.</li> </ul>
14.069/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 21 (Page 1573)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<b>Chapter 22</b> (1) And the inhabitants of Jerusalem made	<b>Chapter 22</b> (1) And those who lived in Jerusalem
<ul> <li>(1) And the inhabitants of Serusalem made Ahaziah his youngest son king in his stead: for the band of men that came with the Arabians to the camp had slain all the eldest. So Ahaziah the son of Jehoram king of Judah reigned.</li> <li>(2) Forty and two years old <i>was</i> Ahaziah when he began to reign, and he reigned one year in Jerusalem. His mother's name also <i>was</i> Athaliah the daughter of Omri.</li> <li>(3) He also walked in the ways of the house of Ahab: for his mother was his counsellor to do wickedly.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>made Ahaziah his youngest son king in his place: because the band of men who came with the Arabians to the camp had killed all the eldest {sons of Jehoram}. So Ahaziah the son of Jehoram king of Judah reigned {3232 A.H./C- 810 B.C.}.<sup>a*</sup></li> <li>(2) Ahaziah was forty-two years old<sup>b*</sup> when he began to reign, and he reigned one year in Jerusalem. His mother's name also was Athaliah the daughter</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>counselor to do wickedly.</li> <li>22:1a - Jehoram dies in the 8<sup>th</sup> year of his reign; Ahaziah's {also called Jehoahaz [II Chr. 21:17]} reign begins over Judah in 12<sup>th</sup> year of Joram king of Israel</li> <li>See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u> [3232 A.H./C- 810 B.C.] - II Ki. 8:25-29</li> <li>22:2b - II Ki. 8:26 says that Ahaziah was twenty-two and II Chr. 22:2 says that he was forty-two. So which is it? The correct answer of course is that both scriptures are true! Ahaziah co-reigned with his father Jehoram at age twenty-two during the last year of Jehoram's reign because Jehoram was very sick. [II Chr. 21:19]. This means that Jehoram was 17 when he fathered Ahaziah [39-22=17]. II Chr. 21:16-17 tells us that the Philistines and Arabians came and took everything from the king's house including his sons and wives and everything in it, so for a period of about twenty years there was no reigning king over Judah since the Philistines and Arabians were in control. II Chr. 22:1-4 tells us that when Ahaziah was forty-two [20 years after his co-reign with his father] the people of Jerusalem made him king once again. Again, because of his wickedness [II Chr. 22:4] he only reigned one year.</li> <li>See <u>Supposed Errors In The Bible</u> at www.TheWordNotes.com</li> <li>22:2c – daughter of Omri – II Chr. 21:6 tells us she was the daughter of Ahab and Jezebel so she was actually the granddaughter of Omri. Grandchildren are often referred to as sons or daughters [descendants]</li> <li>Jehoram dies in the 8<sup>th</sup> year of his reign; Ahaziah's reign begins over Judah in 12<sup>th</sup> year of Joram king of Israel - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u> [*3232 A.H./C- 810 B.C.]</li> </ul>	
14.070/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 22 (Page 1574)

Ahaziah is killed, Athaliah [Ahaziah's mother], begins reign as queen [\*3233 A.H./C- 809 B.C.] - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14.071/132 II Chronicles Chapter 22 (Page 1575)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(10) But when Athaliah the mother of Ahaziah saw that her son was dead, she arose and destroyed all the seed royal of the house of Judah.</li> <li>(11) But Jehoshabeath, the daughter of the king, took Joash the son of Ahaziah, and stole him from among the king's sons that were slain, and put him and his nurse in a bedchamber. So Jehoshabeath, the daughter of king Jehoram, the wife of Jehoiada the priest, (for she was the sister of Ahaziah,) hid him from Athaliah, so that she slew him not.</li> <li>(12) And he was with them hid in the house of God six years: and Athaliah</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(10) But when Athaliah the mother of Ahaziah saw that her son was dead, she arose and destroyed all the royal children of the house of Judah.<sup>e</sup></li> <li>(11) But Jehoshabeath, the daughter of the king, took Joash the son of Ahaziah, and stole him from among the king's sons who were killed, and put him and his nurse in a bedchamber. So Jehoshabeath, the daughter of king Jehoram, the wife of Jehoiada the priest, (because she was the sister of Ahaziah,) hid him from Athaliah, so that she did not kill him.<sup>f</sup></li> <li>(12) And he was with them hidden in the house {temple} of God six years: and</li> </ul>
reigned over the land. <b>Chapter 23</b> (1) And in the seventh year Jehoiada strengthened himself, and took the captains of hundreds, Azariah the son of Jeroham, and Ishmael the son of Jehohanan, and Azariah the son of Obed, and Maaseiah the son of Adaiah, and Elishaphat the son of Zichri, into covenant with him. (2) And they went about in Judah, and gathered the Levites out of all the cities of Judah, and the chief of the fathers of Israel, and they came to Jerusalem.	<ul> <li>Athaliah reigned over the land.</li> <li>Chapter 23 <ul> <li>And in the seventh year {3239</li> <li>A.H./C- 803 B.C.}<sup>a*</sup> Jehoiada</li> </ul> </li> <li>strengthened himself, and took the captains of hundreds, Azariah the son of Jeroham, and Ishmael the son of Jehohanan, and Azariah the son of Obed, and Maaseiah the son of Adaiah, and Elishaphat the son of Zichri, into covenant with him.</li> <li>And they went about in Judah, and gathered the Levites out of all the cities of Judah, and the chief of the fathers of Israel, and they came to Jerusalem.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>22:10e – When Ahaziah was killed, Athaliah, Ahaziah's mother, began reign as queen [3233 A.H./C- 809 B.C.] - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u> - II Ki. 9:27</li> <li>22:11f – II Ki. 11:2</li> <li>23:1a - the seventh year of queen Athaliah – Joash son of Ahaziah begins reign as king over Judah at age 7 – II Ki. 11:2,21; 12:1</li> <li>Athaliah's reign as queen over Judah ends; Joash, son of Ahaziah, begins reign in 7<sup>th</sup> year of Jehu, king of Israel - <u>See Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u> [*3239 A.H./C- 803 B.C.]</li> </ul>	
14.072/132 II Chronicles Ch	napter 22-23 (Page 1576)

14.074/132 II Chronicles Chapter 23 (Page 1578)

<b>{14} II Chronicles</b> King James 1769 VersionKing James Paraphrase(15) So they laid hands on her; and when she was come to the entering of the horse gate by the king's house, they slew her there.(15) So they laid hands on her; and when she had come to the entrance of the horse gate by the king's house, they slew her there.(16) And Jehoiada made a covenant between him, and between all the people, and between the king, that they should be the LORD'S people.(16) And Jehoiada made a covenant between him, and between all the people, and between the king, that they should be the LORD'S people.(17) Then all the people went to the house of Baal, and brake it down, and brake his altars and his images in pieces, and slew Mattan the priest of Baal before the altars. (18) Also Jehoiada appointed the offices of the house of the LORD by the hand of the priests the Levites, whom David had(15) So they laid hands on her; and when she had come to the entrance of the horse gate by the king's house, they killed her there. (16) And Jehoiada made a covenant between him, and between all the people, and between the king, that they should be the LORD's {Jehovah's} people. (17) Then all the people went to the house of Baal, and broke it down, and broke his altars and his images in pieces, and slew Mattan the priest of Baal before the altars. (18) Also Jehoiada appointed the offices of the house of the LORD by the hand of the priests the Levites, whom David had
<ul> <li>(15) So they laid hands on her; and when she was come to the entering of the horse gate by the king's house, they slew her there.</li> <li>(16) And Jehoiada made a covenant between him, and between all the people, and between the king, that they should be the LORD'S people.</li> <li>(17) Then all the people went to the house of Baal, and brake it down, and brake his altars and his images in pieces, and slew Mattan the priest of Baal before the altars.</li> <li>(18) Also Jehoiada appointed the offices of the house of the LORD by the hand of the priests the Levites, whom David had</li> <li>(15) So they laid hands on her; and when she had come to the entrance of the horse gate by the king's house, they killed her there.</li> <li>(16) And Jehoiada made a covenant between him, and between all the people, and between the king, that they should be the LORD's {Jehovah's} people.</li> <li>(17) Then all the people went to the house of Baal before the altars.</li> <li>(18) Also Jehoiada appointed the offices of the house of the LORD by the hand of the priests the Levites, whom David had</li> </ul>
distributed in the house of the LORD, to offer the burnt offerings of the LORD, as it is written in the law of Moses, with rejoicing and with singing, as it was ordained by David. (19) And he set the porters at the gates of the house of the LORD, that none which was unclean in any thing should enter in. (20) And he took the captains of hundreds, and the nobles, and the governors of the people, and all the people of the land, and brought down the king's house, and set the king upon the throne of the kingdom. (20) And set the king upon the throne of the kingdom. (20) And set the king upon the throne of the kingdom.
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24:1a – Joash begins reign over Judah in the 7<sup>th</sup> year of king Jehu's reign over Israel.

Athaliah's reign as queen ends after 6 years; Joash begins reign over Judah [\*3239 A.H./C- 803 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14.076/132 II Chronicles Chapter 23-24 (Page 1580)

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(13) So the workmen wrought, and the work was perfected by them, and they set the house of God in his state, and strengthened it.</li> <li>(14) And when they had finished <i>it</i>, they brought the rest of the money before the king and Jehoiada, whereof were made vessels for the house of the LORD, <i>even</i> vessels to minister, and to offer <i>withal</i>, and spoons, and vessels of gold and silver. And they offered burnt offerings in the house of the LORD continually all the days of Jehoiada.</li> <li>(15) But Jehoiada waxed old, and was full of days when he died; an hundred and thirty years old <i>was he</i> when he died.</li> <li>(16) And they buried him in the city of David among the kings, because he had done good in Israel, both toward God, and toward his house.</li> <li>(17) Now after the death of Jehoiada came the princes of Judah, and made obeisance to the king. Then the king hearkened unto them.</li> <li>(18) And they left the house of the LORD God of their fathers, and served groves and idols: and wrath came upon Judah and Jerusalem for this their trespass.</li> <li>(19) Yet he sent prophets to them, to bring them again unto the LORD; and they testified against them: but they would not give ear.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(13) So the workmen worked, and the work was completed by them, and they set the house {temple} of God in its place, and strengthened it.</li> <li>(14) And when they had finished <i>it</i>, they brought the rest of the money before the king and Jehoiada, of which were made vessels for the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, <i>even</i> vessels to minister, and to offer <i>with</i>, and spoons, and vessels of gold and silver. And they offered burnt offerings in the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} continually all the days of Jehoiada {the high priest}.</li> <li>(15) But Jehoiada grew old, and was full of days when he died; he <i>was</i> one hundred thirty years old when he died.</li> <li>(16) And they buried him in the city of David among the kings, because he had done good in Israel, both towards God, and towards his house.</li> <li>(17) Now after the death of Jehoiada the princes of Judah came, and bowed to the king. Then the king listened to them.</li> <li>(18) And they left the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} God of their forefathers, and served groves and idols: and wrath {anger; judgment} came upon Judah and Jerusalem because of this their sin.</li> <li>(19) Yet He sent prophets to them, to bring them again to the LORD {Jehovah}; and they testified against them: but they would not listen.</li> </ul>	
14.078/122 II Chronicles Chapter 24 (Page 1582)		
14.078/132 II Chronicles Chapter 24 (Page 1582)		

{14} II C	hronicles	
King James 1769 Version (25) And when they were departed from him, (for they left him in great diseases,) his own servants conspired against him for the blood of the sons of Jehoiada the priest, and slew him on his bed, and he died: and they buried him in the city of David, but they buried him not in the sepulchres of the kings. (26) And these are they that conspired against him; Zabad the son of Shimeath an Ammonitess, and Jehozabad the son of Shimrith a Moabitess. (27) Now <i>concerning</i> his sons, and the greatness of the burdens <i>laid</i> upon him, and the repairing of the house of God, behold, they <i>are</i> written in the story of the book of the kings. And Amaziah his son reigned in his stead	King James Paraphrase (25) And when they had departed from him, (because they left him in great diseases,) his own servants conspired against him for the blood of the sons of Jehoiada the priest, and killed him on his bed, and he died: and they buried him in the city of David, but they did not bury him in the tombs of the kings. (26) And these are those who conspired against him; Zabad the son of Shimeath an Ammonitess, and Jehozabad the son of Shimrith a Moabitess. (27) Now <i>concerning</i> his sons, and the greatness of the burdens <i>laid</i> upon him, and the repairing of the house {temple} of God, indeed, they <i>are</i> written in the story of the book of the kings. And Amaziah his son reigned in his place {2270 A H /C-	
<ul> <li>reigned in his stead.</li> <li><b>Chapter 25</b> <ul> <li>(1) Amaziah was twenty and five years old when he began to reign, and he reigned twenty and nine years in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Jehoaddan of Jerusalem.</li> <li>(2) And he did that which was right in the sight of the LORD, but not with a perfect heart.</li> <li>(3) Now it came to pass, when the kingdom was established to him, that he slew his servants that had killed the king his father.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	son reigned in his place {3279 A.H./C- 763 B.C.}. <sup>c*</sup> <b>Chapter 25</b> (1) Amaziah was twenty-five years old when he began to reign {3279 A.H./C- 763 B.C.}, <sup>a*</sup> and he reigned twenty-nine years in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Jehoaddan of Jerusalem. (2) And he did that which was right in the sight of the LORD {Jehovah}, but not with a perfect heart. (3) Now it came to pass, when the kingdom was established to him, that he killed his servants who had killed his father the king.	
24:27c- II Ki. 14:1-2 25:1a - II Ki. 12:1; 14:1-2 40 <sup>th</sup> year of Joash, Joash dies, Amaziah his son reigns over Judah in 2 <sup>nd</sup> year of Jehoash king of Israel		
[*3279 A.H./C- 763 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>		
14.080/132 II Chronicles Chapter 24-25 (Page 1584)		

{14} II Chronicles			
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase		
(4) But he slew not their children, but <i>did</i>	(4) But he did not kill their children, but		
as <i>it is</i> written in the law in the book of	<i>did</i> as <i>it is</i> written in the law in the book of		
Moses, where the LORD commanded,	Moses, where the LORD {Jehovah}		
saying, The fathers shall not die for the	commanded, saying,		
children, neither shall the children die for	The fathers shall not die for the		
the fathers, but every man shall die for his	children, neither shall the		
own sin.	children die for the fathers, but		
(5) Moreover Amaziah gathered Judah	every man shall die for his own		
together, and made them captains over	sin. <sup>b</sup>		
thousands, and captains over hundreds,	(5) Furthermore Amaziah gathered Judah		
according to the houses of <i>their</i> fathers,	together, and made them captains over		
throughout all Judah and Benjamin: and	thousands, and captains over hundreds,		
he numbered them from twenty years old	according to the houses of <i>their</i> fathers,		
and above, and found them three hundred	throughout all Judah and Benjamin: and		
thousand choice men, able to go forth to	he numbered them from twenty years old		
war, that could handle spear and shield.	and above, and found them three hundred		
(6) He hired also an hundred thousand	thousand choice men, able to go forth to		
mighty men of valour out of Israel for an	war, who could handle spear and shield.		
hundred talents of silver.	(6) He also hired one hundred thousand		
(7) But there came a man of God to him,	mighty men of valor out of Israel for one		
saying, O king, let not the army of Israel go	hundred talents of silver {about 7,560 lbs.;		
with thee; for the LORD <i>is</i> not with Israel,	3,429 kg.}.°		
to wit, with all the children of Ephraim.	(7) But there came a man of God to him,		
(8) But if thou wilt go, do <i>it</i> , be strong for	saying, O king, do not let the army of		
the battle: God shall make thee fall before	Israel go with you; because the LORD		
the enemy: for God hath power to help,	{Jehovah} is not with Israel, that is with		
and to cast down.	all the children of Ephraim.		
	(8) But if you will go, do <i>it</i> , be strong for		
	the battle: God shall make you fall before		
	the enemy: because God has power to		
	help, and to cast down.		
	1 /		
25:4b - Deut. 24:16; II Ki. 14:6			
25:6c - a talent = 75.6 lbs = 34.3 kilograms	– see Appendix J: Bible Weights and		
Measures			
14.081/132 II Chronicles (	14.081/132 II Chronicles Chapter 25 (Page 1585)		

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(9) And Amaziah said to the man of God, But what shall we do for the hundred talents {about 7,560 lbs.; 3,429 kg.}<sup>d</sup> which I have given to the army of Israel? And the man of God answered, The LORD {Jehovah} is able to give you much more than this.</li> <li>(10) Then Amaziah separated them, so that, the army that had come to him out of Ephraim, <i>he sent</i> to return home: therefore their anger was greatly kindled against Judah, and they returned home in great anger.</li> <li>(11) And Amaziah strengthened himself, and led forth his people, and went to the valley of salt, and struck of the children of Seir ten thousand.</li> <li>(12) And the children of Judah carried away captive <i>another</i> ten thousand <i>left</i> alive, and brought them to the top of the rock, that they all were broken in pieces.</li> <li>(13) But the soldiers of the army which Amaziah sent back, that they should not go with him to battle, fell upon the cities of Judah, from Samaria even to Bethhoron, and struck three thousand of them, and took much spoil.</li> <li>(14) Now it came to pass, after Amaziah had come from the slaughter of the Edomites, that he brought the gods of the children of Seir, and set them up <i>to be</i> his gods, and bowed down himself before</li> </ul>	
25:9d – talent - about 75.6 lbs; 34.3 kilograms - see Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures		
14.082/132 II Chronicles Chapter 25 (Page 1586)		
14.002/102 11 0110110105 0110/101 20 (1 050 1000)		

{14} II C	hronicles
King James 1769 Version (15) Wherefore the anger of the LORD was kindled against Amaziah, and he sent unto him a prophet, which said unto him, Why hast thou sought after the gods of the people, which could not deliver their own people out of thine hand? (16) And it came to pass, as he talked with him, that <i>the king</i> said unto him, Art thou made of the king's counsel? forbear; why shouldest thou be smitten? Then the prophet forbare, and said, I know that God hath determined to destroy thee, because thou hast done this, and hast not hearkened unto my counsel. (17) Then Amaziah king of Judah took advice, and sent to Joash, the son of Jehoahaz, the son of Jehu, king of Israel, saying, Come, let us see one another in the face. (18) And Joash king of Israel sent to Amaziah king of Judah, saying, The thistle that <i>was</i> in Lebanon sent to the cedar that <i>was</i> in Lebanon, saying, Give thy daughter to my son to wife: and there passed by a wild beast that <i>was</i> in Lebanon, and trode down the thistle. (19) Thou sayest, Lo, thou hast smitten the Edomites; and thine heart lifteth thee up to boast: abide now at home; why shouldest thou meddle to <i>thine</i> hurt, that thou shouldest fall, <i>even</i> thou, and Judah with thee? 25:17e – II Ki. 14:8	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(15) Therefore the anger of the LORD {Jehovah} was kindled against Amaziah, and he sent to him a prophet, who said to him, Why have you sought after the gods of the people, which could not deliver their own people out of your hand?</li> <li>(16) And it came to pass, as he talked with him, that <i>the king</i> said to him, Have you been made a counsel of the king? Counsel me no more; why should you be stricken? Then the prophet counseled him no more but said, I know that God has determined to destroy you, because you have done this, and have not listened to my counsel.</li> <li>(17) Then Amaziah king of Judah took advice, and sent to Joash, the son of Jehoahaz, the son of Jehu, king of Israel, saying, Come, let us see one another face to face.<sup>e</sup></li> <li>(18) And Joash king of Israel sent to Amaziah king of Judah, saying, The thistle that <i>was</i> in Lebanon sent to the cedar that <i>was</i> in Lebanon, saying, Give your daughter to my son to be his wife: and there passed by a wild beast that <i>was</i> in Lebanon, and trampled down the thistle.</li> <li>(19) You say, Look, you have stricken the Edomites; and your heart lifted you up to boast: stay now at home; why should you meddle to <i>your</i> hurt, that you should fall,</li> </ul>
14.090/100 II Chronielos	$(\text{Dece } 1 = 9\pi)$

14.083/132 II Chronicles Chapter 25 (Page 1587)

{14} II Chronicles		
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(20) But Amaziah would not hear; for it <i>came</i> of God, that he might deliver them into the hand <i>of their enemies,</i> because they sought after the gods of Edom.</li> <li>(21) So Joash the king of Israel went up; and they saw one another in the face, <i>both</i> he and Amaziah king of Judah, at Bethshemesh, which <i>belongeth</i> to Judah.</li> <li>(22) And Judah was put to the worse before Israel, and they fled every man to his tent.</li> <li>(23) And Joash the king of Israel took Amaziah king of Judah, the son of Joash, the son of Jehoahaz, at Bethshemesh, and brought him to Jerusalem, and brake down the wall of Jerusalem from the gate of Ephraim to the corner gate, four hundred cubits.</li> <li>(24) And <i>he took</i> all the gold and the silver, and all the vessels that were found in the house of God with Obededom, and the treasures of the king's house, the hostages also, and returned to Samaria.</li> <li>(25) And Amaziah the son of Joash king of Judah lived after the death of Joash son of Jehoahaz king of Israel fifteen years.</li> <li>(26) Now the rest of the acts of Amaziah, first and last, behold, <i>are</i> they not written in the book of the kings of Judah and Israel?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(20) But Amaziah would not listen; because it <i>came</i> from God, that He might deliver them into the hand of their enemies, because they sought after the gods of Edom.</li> <li>(21) So Joash the king of Israel went up; and they saw one another face to face, both he and Amaziah king of Judah, at Bethshemesh, which belongs to Judah.</li> <li>(22) And Judah was put to the worse before Israel, and every man fled to his tent.</li> <li>(23) And Joash the king of Israel took Amaziah king of Judah, the son of Jehoahaz, at Bethshemesh, and brought him to Jerusalem,<sup>f</sup> and broke down the wall of Jerusalem from the gate of Ephraim to the corner gate, four hundred cubits {about 600 ft.; 183 m.}.</li> <li>(24) And he took all the gold and the silver, and all the vessels that were found in the house {temple} of God with Obededom, and the treasures of the king's house {palace}, the hostages also, and returned to Samaria.</li> <li>(25) And Amaziah the son of Joash king of Judah lived after the death of Joash son of Jehoahaz king of Israel fifteen years.</li> <li>(26) Now the rest of the acts of Amaziah, first and last, look, are they not written in the book of the kings of Judah and Israel?</li> </ul>	
25:23f – II Ki. 14:13		

14.084/132 II Chronicles Chapter 25 (Page 1588)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase	
<ul> <li>(27) Now after the time that Amaziah did turn away from following the LORD they made a conspiracy against him in Jerusalem; and he fled to Lachish: but they sent to Lachish after him, and slew him there.</li> <li>(28) And they brought him upon horses, and buried him with his fathers in the city of Judah.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(27) Now after the time that Amaziah turned away from following the LORD {Jehovah} they made a conspiracy against him in Jerusalem; and he fled to Lachish: but they sent to Lachish after him, and killed him there.<sup>g</sup></li> <li>(28) And they brought him upon horses, and buried him with his fathers in the city of Judah {3319 A.H./C- 723 B.C.}.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Chapter 26 <ul> <li>(1) Then all the people of Judah took</li> <li>Uzziah, who was sixteen years old, and made him king in the room of his father</li> <li>Amaziah.</li> <li>(2) He built Eloth, and restored it to Judah, after that the king slept with his fathers.</li> <li>(3) Sixteen years old was Uzziah when he began to reign, and he reigned fifty and two years in Jerusalem. His mother's name also was Jecoliah of Jerusalem.</li> <li>(4) And he did <i>that which was</i> right in the sight of the LORD, according to all that his father Amaziah did.</li> <li>(5) And he sought God in the days of Zechariah, who had understanding in the visions of God: and as long as he sought the LORD, God made him to prosper.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chapter 26 <ol> <li>Then all the people of Judah took</li> <li>Uzziah, who was sixteen years old, and made him king in the place of his father</li> <li>Amaziah {3319 A.H./C- 723 B.C.}.<sup>a*</sup></li> <li>He built Eloth, and restored it to Judah, after that the king slept with his fathers.</li> <li>Uzziah was sixteen years old when he began to reign, and he reigned fifty-two years in Jerusalem. His mother's name also was Jecoliah of Jerusalem.</li> <li>And he did that which was right in the sight of the LORD {Jehovah}, according to all that his father Amaziah did.</li> <li>And he sought God in the days of Zechariah, who had understanding in the visions of God: and as long as he sought the LORD {Jehovah}, God caused him to prosper.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
25:27g – II Ki. 14:19 – Amaziah's reign ends – for 11 years there is no king over Judah 26:1a - II Ki. 15:1 – Uzziah [also called Azariah] age 16 begins reign over Judah in the 27 <sup>th</sup> year of Jeroboam#2 king of Israel	
Uzziah's reign begins over Judah [*3319 A.H./C- 723 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>	
14.085/132 II Chronicles Chapter 25-26 (Page 1589)	

14.086/132 II Chronicles Chapter 26 (Page 1590)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version (13) And under their hand <i>was</i> an army, three hundred thousand and seven thousand and five hundred, that made war with mighty power, to help the king against the enemy. (14) And Uzziah prepared for them throughout all the host shields, and spears, and helmets, and habergeons, and bows, and slings <i>to cast</i> stones. (15) And he made in Jerusalem engines, invented by cunning men, to be on the towers and upon the bulwarks, to shoot arrows and great stones withal. And his name spread far abroad; for he was marvellously helped, till he was strong. (16) But when he was strong, his heart was lifted up to <i>his</i> destruction: for he transgressed against the LORD his God, and went into the temple of the LORD to burn incense upon the altar of incense. (17) And Azariah the priest went in after him, and with him fourscore priests of the LORD, <i>that were</i> valiant men: (18) And they withstood Uzziah the king, and said unto him, <i>It appertaineth</i> not unto thee, Uzziah, to burn incense unto the LORD, but to the priests the sons of Aaron, that are consecrated to burn incense: go out of the sanctuary; for thou hast trespassed; neither <i>shall it be</i> for thine honour from the LORD God.	King James Paraphrase (13) And under their hand <i>was</i> an army, three hundred seven thousand five hundred, who made war with mighty

14.087/132 II Chronicles Chapter 26 (Page 1591)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(19) Then Uzziah was wroth, and had a censer in his hand to burn incense: and while he was wroth with the priests, the leprosy even rose up in his forehead before the priests in the house of the LORD, from beside the incense altar.</li> <li>(20) And Azariah the chief priest, and all the priests, looked upon him, and, behold, he was leprous in his forehead, and they thrust him out from thence; yea, himself hasted also to go out, because the LORD had smitten him.</li> <li>(21) And Uzziah the king was a leper unto the day of his death, and dwelt in a several house, being a leper; for he was cut off from the house of the LORD: and Jotham his son was over the king's house, judging the people of the land.</li> <li>(22) Now the rest of the acts of Uzziah, first and last, did Isaiah the prophet, the son of Amoz, write.</li> <li>(23) So Uzziah slept with his fathers, and they buried him with his fathers in the field of the burial which belonged to the kings; for they said, He <i>is</i> a leper: and Jotham his son reigned in his stead.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(19) Then Uzziah was angry, and had a censer in his hand to burn incense: and while he was angry with the priests, the leprosy even rose up in his forehead before the priests in the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, from beside the incense altar.</li> <li>(20) And Azariah the chief priest, and all the priests, looked upon him, and, indeed, he was leprous in his forehead, and they thrust him out from there; yes, he hurried to go out, because the LORD {Jehovah} had stricken him.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(21) And Uzziah the king was a leper to the day of his death, and lived in a dormatory house {hospital}, being a leper; because he was cut off from the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}: and Jotham his son was over the king's house, judging the people of the land.<sup>c</sup></li> <li>(22) Now the rest of the acts of Uzziah, first and last, Isaiah the prophet, the son of Amoz, wrote down.</li> <li>(23) So Uzziah slept with his fathers, and they buried him with his fathers in the field of the burial which belonged to the kings; because they said, he <i>is</i> a leper: and Jotham his son reigned in his place.</li> </ul>
26:20b – II Ki. 15:5 26:21c – II Ki. 15:5	
14.088/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 26 (Page 1592)

{14} II Chronicles	
<ul> <li>King James 1769 Version</li> <li>Chapter 27 <ol> <li>Jotham was twenty and five years old when he began to reign, and he reigned sixteen years in Jerusalem. His mother's name also was Jerushah, the daughter of Zadok.</li> <li>And he did that which was right in the sight of the LORD, according to all that his father Uzziah did: howbeit he entered not into the temple of the LORD. And the people did yet corruptly.</li> <li>He built the high gate of the house of the LORD, and on the wall of Ophel he built much.</li> <li>Moreover he built cities in the mountains of Judah, and in the forests he built castles and towers.</li> <li>He fought also with the king of the Ammonites, and prevailed against them. And the children of Ammon gave him the same year an hundred talents of silver, and ten thousand measures of wheat, and ten thousand of barley. So much did the children of Ammon pay unto him, both the second year, and the third.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>Chapter 27 <ul> <li>Jotham was twenty-five years old when he began to reign {3371 A.H./C- 671</li> <li>B.C.},<sup>a*</sup> and he reigned sixteen years in Jerusalem. His mother's name also was Jerushah, the daughter of Zadok.</li> <li>And he did that which was right in the sight of the LORD {Jehovah}, according to all that his father Uzziah did: however he did not enter into the temple of the LORD {Jehovah}. And the people continued to act corruptly.</li> <li>He built the high gate of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and on the wall of Ophel he built much.</li> <li>Furthermore he built cities in the mountains of Judah, and in the forests he built castles and towers.</li> <li>He fought also with the king of the Ammonites, and prevailed against them. And the children of Ammon gave him that same year a hundred talents of silver {about 7,560 lbs.; 3,429 kg.}, and ten thousand measures of wheat {about 600,000 gal.; 62,500 bu.; 2,220,000 L.},<sup>b</sup> So much did the children of Ammon pay to</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
him, both the second year, and the third. 27:1a - II Ki. 15:1-2; II Ki. 15:32-33 27:5b - measure - homer {cor} [also spelled kor] = 10 ephahs = 222 liters = 6.25 bushels = 240 quarts = about 60 gallons - see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and</u> <u>Measures</u>	
Uzziah [also called Azariah] dies after 52 years of reign, Jotham, his son begins reign over Judah in 2 <sup>nd</sup> year of Pekah King of Israel [*3371 A.H./C- 671 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u> 14.089/132 II Chronicles Chapter 27 (Page 1593)	

King James 1769 VersionKing James Paraphrase(6) So Jotham became mighty, because he prepared his ways before the LORD his God.(6) So Jotham became mighty, b prepared his ways before th {Jehovah} his God.(7) Now the rest of the acts of Jotham, and all his wars, and his ways, lo, they are written in the book of the kings of Israel and Judah.(6) So Jotham became mighty, b prepared his ways before th {Jehovah} his God.(7) Now the rest of the acts of Jotham, and all his wars, and his ways, lo, they are written in the book of the kings of Israel and Judah.(7) Now the rest of the acts of and all his wars, and his ways, lo are written in the book of the Israel and Judah.(8) He was five and twenty years old when he began to reign, and reigned sixteen years in Jerusalem.(8) He was twenty-five years old began to reign, and reigned sixteen (9) And Jotham slept with his fathers, and they buried him in the city of David: and Ahaz his son reigned in his stead.(9) And Jotham slept with his fathers, and they buried him in the city of D Ahaz his son reigned in his stead.Chapter 28 (1) Ahaz was twenty years old when heChapter 28 Chapter 28
<ul> <li>prepared his ways before the LORD his God.</li> <li>(7) Now the rest of the acts of Jotham, and all his wars, and his ways, lo, they <i>are</i> written in the book of the kings of Israel and Judah.</li> <li>(8) He was five and twenty years old when he began to reign, and reigned sixteen years in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(9) And Jotham slept with his fathers, and they buried him in the city of David: and Ahaz his son reigned in his stead.</li> <li>(7) Now the rest of the acts of and all his wars, and his ways, land all his w</li></ul>
<ul> <li>began to reign, and he reigned sixteen years in Jerusalem: but he did not <i>that which was</i> right in the sight of the LORD, like David his father:</li> <li>(2) For he walked in the ways of the kings of Israel, and made also molten images for Baalim.</li> <li>(3) Moreover he burnt incense in the valley of the son of Hinnom, and burnt his children in the fire, after the abominations of the heathen whom the LORD had cast out before the children of Israel.</li> <li>(1) Ahaz <i>was</i> twenty years old began to reign {3386 A.H./C- 6 and he reigned sixteen years in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(2) For he walked in the ways of the kings of Israel, and also mad images for Baalim.</li> <li>(3) Furthermore he burnt incense in the valley of the son of Hinnom, and burnt his children in the fire, after the abominations of the heathen whom the LORD had cast out before the children of Israel.</li> <li>(3) Furthermore he burnt incense in the toRD had cast othe children of Israel.</li> </ul>

27:8c – II Ki. 15:33

Jotham's reign ends during 16<sup>th</sup> year of reign, Ahaz his son begins reign over Judah in 17<sup>th</sup> year of Pekah king of Israel [\*3386 A.H./C- 656 B.C.] - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14.100/132 II Chronicles Chapter 27-28 (Page 1594)

{14} II Chronicles	
<b>{14} II C</b> King James 1769 Version(4) He sacrificed also and burnt incense in the high places, and on the hills, and under every green tree.(5) Wherefore the LORD his God delivered him into the hand of the king of Syria; and they smote him, and carried away a great multitude of them captives, and brought <i>them</i> to Damascus. And he was also delivered into the hand of the king of Israel, who smote him with a great slaughter.(6) For Pekah the son of Remaliah slew in Judah an hundred and twenty thousand in one day, <i>which were</i> all valiant men; because they had forsaken the LORD God of their fathers.(7) And Zichri, a mighty man of Ephraim, slew Maaseiah the king's son, and Azrikam the governor of the house, and Elkanah <i>that was</i> next to the king.(8) And the children of Israel carried away captive of their brethren two hundred thousand, women, sons, and daughters, and took also away much spoil from them, and brought the spoil to Samaria.(9) But a prophet of the LORD was there, whose name <i>was</i> Oded: and he went out before the host that came to Samaria, and said unto them, Behold, because the LORD God of your fathers was wroth with Judah, he hath delivered them into your hand, and ye have slain them in a rage <i>that</i> reacheth up unto heaven.	HroniclesKing James Paraphrase(4) He sacrificed also and burnt incense in the high places, and on the hills, and under every green tree.(5) Therefore the LORD {Jehovah} his God delivered him into the hand of the king of Syria; and they struck him, and carried away a great multitude of them captives, and brought them to Damascus. And he was also delivered into the hand of the king of Israel, who struck him with a great slaughter.(6) Because Pekah the son of Remaliah killed in Judah one hundred twenty thousand in one day, who were all valiant men; because they had forsaken the LORD {Jehovah} God of their fathers.(7) And Zichri, a mighty man of Ephraim, killed Maaseiah the king's son, and Azrikam the governor of the house, and Elkanah who was next to the king.(8) And the children of Israel carried away captive of their brothers two hundred thousand, women, sons, and daughters, and also took away much spoil from them, and brought the spoil to Samaria.(9) But a prophet of the LORD {Jehovah} was there, whose name was Oded: and he went out before the army which came to Samaria, and said to them, Indeed, because the LORD {Jehovah} God of your fathers was angry with Judah, He has delivered them into your hand, and you have killed them in a rage that reaches up to heaven.
14 101/100 II Chronicles Chapter of (Decederation)	
14.101/132 II Chronicles (	Chapter 28 (Page 1595)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version (15) And the men which were expressed by name rose up, and took the captives, and with the spoil clothed all that were naked among them, and arrayed them, and shod them, and gave them to eat and to drink, and anointed them, and carried all the feeble of them upon asses, and brought them to Jericho, the city of palm trees, to their brethren: then they returned to Samaria. (16) At that time did king Ahaz send unto the kings of Assyria to help him. (17) For again the Edomites had come and smitten Judah, and carried away captives. (18) The Philistines also had invaded the cities of the low country, and of the south of Judah, and had taken Bethshemesh, and Ajalon, and Gederoth, and Shocho with the villages thereof, Gimzo also and the villages thereof: and they dwelt there. (19) For the LORD brought Judah low because of Ahaz king of Israel; for he made Judah naked, and transgressed sore against the LORD. (20) And Tilgathpilneser king of Assyria came unto him, and distressed him, but strengthened him not.	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(15) And the men who were expressed by name rose up, and took the captives, and with the spoil clothed all who were naked among them, and clothed them, and gave them shoes, and gave them to eat and to drink, and anointed them, and carried all their feeble upon donkeys, and brought them to Jericho, the city of palm trees, to their brothers: then they returned to Samaria.</li> <li>(16) At that time king Ahaz sent to the kings of Assyria to help him.</li> <li>(17) Because the Edomites had come again and stricken Judah, and carried away captives.</li> <li>(18) The Philistines also had invaded the cities of the low country, and of the south of Judah, and had taken Bethshemesh, and Ajalon, and Gederoth, and Shocho with its villages, Gimzo also and its villages: and they lived there.</li> <li>(19) Because the LORD {Jehovah} brought Judah low because of Ahaz king of Israel; because he made Judah naked, and sinned greatly against the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(20) And Tilgathpilneser king of Assyria came to him, and distressed him, but did not strengthen him.</li> </ul>
14 102/122 II Chronicles	Chapter 28 (Page 1507)
14.103/132 II Chronicles	Chapter 28 (Page 1597)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(21) For Ahaz took away a portion <i>out</i> of	(21) Because Ahaz took away a portion <i>out</i>
the house of the LORD, and <i>out</i> of the	of the house {temple} of the LORD
house of the king, and of the princes, and	{Jehovah}, and <i>out</i> of the house {palace}
gave <i>it</i> unto the king of Assyria: but he	of the king, and of the princes, and gave <i>it</i>
helped him not.	to the king of Assyria: but he did not help
(22) And in the time of his distress did he	him.
trespass yet more against the LORD: this	
is that king Ahaz.	sinned yet more against the LORD
(23) For he sacrificed unto the gods of	{Jehovah}: this <i>is that</i> same king Ahaz.
Damascus, which smote him: and he said,	(23) Because he sacrificed to the gods of
Because the gods of the kings of Syria help	Damascus, who struck him: and he said,
them, <i>therefore</i> will I sacrifice to them,	Because the gods of the kings of Syria help
that they may help me. But they were the	them, therefore I will sacrifice to them,
ruin of him, and of all Israel.	that they may help me. But they were the
(24) And Ahaz gathered together the	ruin of him, and of all Israel.
vessels of the house of God, and cut in	(24) And Ahaz gathered together the
pieces the vessels of the house of God, and	vessels of the house {temple} of God, and
shut up the doors of the house of the	cut in pieces the vessels of the house
LORD, and he made him altars in every	{temple} of God, and shut up the doors of
corner of Jerusalem.	the house {temple} of the LORD
(25) And in every several city of Judah he	{Jehovah}, and he made for himself altars
made high places to burn incense unto	in every corner of Jerusalem.
other gods, and provoked to anger the	(25) And in every suburb city of Judah he
LORD God of his fathers.	made high places to burn incense to other
(26) Now the rest of his acts and of all his	gods, and provoked the LORD {Jehovah}
ways, first and last, behold, they are	God of his fathers to anger.
written in the book of the kings of Judah	(26) Now the rest of his acts and of all his
and Israel.	ways, first and last, look, they are written
(27) And Ahaz slept with his fathers, and	in the book of the kings of Judah and
they buried him in the city, even in	Israel.
Jerusalem: but they brought him not into	(27) And Ahaz slept with his fathers, and
the sepulchres of the kings of Israel: and	they buried him in the city, even in
Hezekiah his son reigned in his stead.	Jerusalem: but they did not bring him into
	the tombs of the kings of Israel: and
	Hezekiah his son reigned in his place
	{3400 A.H./C- 642 B.C.}.
14.104/132 II Chronicles Chapter 28 (Page 1598)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
Chapter 29	Chapter 29
<ol> <li>(1) Hezekiah began to reign when he was five and twenty years old, and he reigned nine and twenty years in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Abijah, the daughter of Zechariah.</li> <li>(2) And he did that which was right in the sight of the LORD, according to all that David his father had done.</li> <li>(3) He in the first year of his reign, in the first month, opened the doors of the house of the LORD, and repaired them.</li> <li>(4) And he brought in the priests and the Levites, and gathered them together into the east street,</li> <li>(5) And said unto them, Hear me, ye Levites, sanctify now yourselves, and sanctify the house of the LORD God of your fathers, and carry forth the filthiness out of the holy place.</li> <li>(6) For our fathers have trespassed, and done that which was evil in the eyes of the LORD our God, and have forsaken him, and have turned away their faces from the habitation of the LORD, and turned their backs.</li> <li>(7) Also they have shut up the doors of the porch, and put out the lamps, and have not burned incense nor offered burnt offerings in the holy place unto the God of Israel.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Chapter 29</li> <li>(1) Hezekiah began to reign when he was twenty-five years old {3400 A.H./C- 642 B.C.},<sup>a*</sup> and he reigned twenty-nine years in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Abijah, the daughter of Zechariah.</li> <li>(2) And he did <i>that which was</i> right in the sight of the LORD {Jehovah}, according to all that David his forefather had done.</li> <li>(3) He in the first year of his reign, in the first month, opened the doors of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and repaired them.</li> <li>(4) And he brought in the priests and the Levites, and gathered them together into the east street,</li> <li>(5) And said to them, Hear me, you Levites, sanctify now yourselves, and sanctify the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} God of your fathers, and carry forth the filthiness out of the holy <i>place</i>.</li> <li>(6) Because our fathers have sinned, and done <i>that which was</i> evil in the eyes of the LORD {Jehovah} our God, and have forsaken Him, and have turned away their faces from the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and turned <i>their</i> backs.</li> <li>(7) Also they have shut up the doors of the porch, and put out the lamps, and have not burned incense nor offered burnt offerings in the holy <i>place</i> to the God of Israel.</li> </ul>
29:1a - II Ki. 16:2,20; II Ki. 18:1-2	

Ahaz dies after 16 year reign, Hezekiah his son begins reign over Judah [\*3400 A.H./C- 642 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14.105/132 II Chronicles Chapter 29 (Page 1599)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(8) Wherefore the wrath of the LORD was upon Judah and Jerusalem, and he hath delivered them to trouble, to astonishment, and to hissing, as ye see with your eyes.</li> <li>(9) For, lo, our fathers have fallen by the sword, and our sons and our daughters and our wives <i>are</i> in captivity for this.</li> <li>(10) Now <i>it is</i> in mine heart to make a covenant with the LORD God of Israel, that his fierce wrath may turn away from us.</li> <li>(11) My sons, be not now negligent: for the LORD hath chosen you to stand before him, to serve him, and that ye should minister unto him, and burn incense.</li> <li>(12) Then the Levites arose, Mahath the son of Amasai, and Joel the son of Azariah, of the sons of the Kohathites: and of the Gershonites; Joah the son of Zimmah, and Eden the son of Joah:</li> <li>(13) And of the sons of Elizaphan; Shimri, and Jeiel: and of the sons of Heman; Jehiel, and Shimei: and of the sons of Jeduthun; Shemaiah, and Uzziel.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(8) Therefore the wrath {anger; judgment} of the LORD {Jehovah} was upon Judah and Jerusalem, and He has delivered them to trouble, to astonishment, and to hissing, as you see with your eyes.</li> <li>(9) Because, indeed, our fathers have fallen by the sword, and our sons and our daughters and our wives <i>are</i> in captivity for this.</li> <li>(10) Now <i>it is</i> in my heart to make a covenant with the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel, that His fierce anger may turn away from us.</li> <li>(11) My sons, do not now be negligent: because the LORD {Jehovah} has chosen you to stand before Him, to serve Him, and that you should minister to Him, and burn incense.</li> <li>(12) Then the Levites arose, Mahath the son of Amasai, and Joel the son of Azariah, of the sons of the Kohathites: and of the Gershonites; Joah the son of Zimmah, and Eden the son of Joah:</li> <li>(13) And of the sons of Elizaphan; Shimri, and Jeiel: and of the sons of Heman; Jehiel, and Shimei: and of the sons of Jeduthun; Shemaiah, and Uzziel.</li> </ul>
14.106/132 II Chronicles Chapter 29 (Page 1600)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(15) And they gathered their brethren, and sanctified themselves, and came, according to the commandment of the king, by the words of the LORD, to cleanse the house of the LORD.</li> <li>(16) And the priests went into the inner part of the house of the LORD, to cleanse <i>it</i>, and brought out all the uncleanness that they found in the temple of the LORD. And the Levites took <i>it</i>, to carry <i>it</i> out abroad into the brook Kidron.</li> <li>(17) Now they began on the first <i>day</i> of the first month to sanctify, and on the eighth day of the month came they to the porch of the LORD in eight days; and in the sixteenth day of the first month they made an end.</li> <li>(18) Then they went in to Hezekiah the king, and said, We have cleansed all the house of the LORD, and the altar of burnt offering, with all the vessels thereof, and the shewbread table, with all the vessels thereof.</li> <li>(19) Moreover all the vessels, which king Ahaz in his reign did cast away in his transgression, have we prepared and sanctified, and, behold, they <i>are</i> before the altar of the LORD.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(15) And they gathered their brothers, and sanctified themselves, and came, according to the commandment of the king, by the words of the LORD {Jehovah}, to cleanse the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(16) And the priests went into the inner part of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, to cleanse <i>it</i>, and brought out all the uncleanness that they found in the temple of the LORD {Jehovah} into the court of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(17) Now they began on the first <i>day</i> of the first month {Nisan [Mar./Apr.]} {1/1/3400 A.H./C-642 B.C.} to sanctify, and on the eighth day of the month they came to the porch of the LORD {Jehovah}: so they sanctified the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}; and said, We have cleansed all the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}; and the altar of burnt offering, with all its vessels.</li> <li>(19) Furthermore all the vessels, which king Ahaz in his reign cast away in his sin, we have prepared and sanctified, and, indeed, they <i>are</i> before the altar of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>
14.107/132 II Chronicles Chapter 29 (Page 1601)	

14.108/132 II Chronicles Chapter 29 (Page 1602)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(26) And the Levites stood with the	(26) And the Levites stood with the
instruments of David, and the priests with	instruments of David, and the priests with
the trumpets.	the trumpets.
(27) And Hezekiah commanded to offer	(27) And Hezekiah commanded to offer
the burnt offering upon the altar. And	the burnt offering upon the altar. And
when the burnt offering began, the song of	when the burnt offering began, the song of
the LORD began <i>also</i> with the trumpets,	the LORD {Jehovah} began also with the
and with the instruments ordained by	trumpets, and with the instruments
David king of Israel.	ordained by David king of Israel.
(28) And all the congregation worshipped,	(28) And all the congregation worshiped,
and the singers sang, and the trumpeters sounded: <i>and</i> all <i>this continued</i> until the	and the singers sang, and the trumpeters sounded: <i>and</i> all <i>this continued</i> until the
burnt offering was finished.	burnt offering was finished.
(29) And when they had made an end of	(29) And when they had made an end of
offering, the king and all that were present	offering, the king and all who were present
with him bowed themselves, and	with him bowed themselves, and
worshipped.	worshiped.
(30) Moreover Hezekiah the king and the	(30) Furthermore Hezekiah the king and
princes commanded the Levites to sing	the princes commanded the Levites to sing
praise unto the LORD with the words of	praise to the LORD {Jehovah} with the
David, and of Asaph the seer. And they	words of David, and of Asaph the prophet.
sang praises with gladness, and they	And they sang praises with gladness, and
bowed their heads and worshipped.	they bowed their heads and worshiped.
(31) Then Hezekiah answered and said,	(31) Then Hezekiah answered and said,
Now ye have consecrated yourselves unto	Now you have consecrated yourselves to
the LORD, come near and bring sacrifices	the LORD {Jehovah}, come near and bring
and thank offerings into the house of the	sacrifices and thank offerings into the
LORD. And the congregation brought in	house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}.
sacrifices and thank offerings; and as	And the congregation brought in sacrifices
many as were of a free heart burnt	and thank offerings; and as many as were
offerings.	of a free heart burnt offerings.
<u> </u>	

14.109/132 II Chronicles Chapter 29 (Page 1603)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(32) And the number of the burnt offerings, which the congregation brought, was threescore and ten bullocks, an hundred rams, and two hundred lambs: all these were for a burnt offering to the LORD.</li> <li>(33) And the consecrated things were six hundred oxen and three thousand sheep.</li> <li>(34) But the priests were too few, so that they could not flay all the burnt offerings: wherefore their brethren the Levites did help them, till the work was ended, and until the other priests had sanctified themselves: for the Levites were more upright in heart to sanctify themselves than the priests.</li> <li>(35) And also the burnt offerings were in abundance, with the fat of the peace offerings, and the drink offerings for every burnt offering. So the service of the house of the LORD was set in order.</li> <li>(36) And Hezekiah rejoiced, and all the people, that God had prepared the people: for the thing was done suddenly.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(32) And the number of the burnt offerings, which the congregation brought, was seventy bulls, one hundred rams, and two hundred lambs: all these were for a burnt offering to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(33) And the consecrated things were six hundred oxen and three thousand sheep.</li> <li>(34) But the priests were too few, so that they could not flay all the burnt offerings: therefore their brothers the Levites helped them, until the work was ended, and until the other priests had sanctified themselves: because the Levites were more upright in heart to sanctify themselves than the priests.</li> <li>(35) And also the burnt offerings were in abundance, with the fat of the peace offerings, and the drink offerings for every burnt offering. So the service of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} was set in order.</li> <li>(36) And Hezekiah rejoiced, and all the people, that God had prepared the people: because the thing was done quickly.</li> </ul>
<b>Chapter 30</b> (1) And Hezekiah sent to all Israel and Judah, and wrote letters also to Ephraim and Manasseh, that they should come to the house of the LORD at Jerusalem, to keep the passover unto the LORD God of Israel.	Chapter 30 (1) And Hezekiah sent to all Israel and Judah, and wrote letters also to Ephraim and Manasseh, that they should come to the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} at Jerusalem, to keep the Passover to the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel.

14.100/132 II Chronicles Chapter 29-30 (Page 1604)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>King James 1769 Version</li> <li>(2) For the king had taken counsel, and his princes, and all the congregation in Jerusalem, to keep the passover in the second month.</li> <li>(3) For they could not keep it at that time, because the priests had not sanctified themselves sufficiently, neither had the people gathered themselves together to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(4) And the thing pleased the king and all the congregation.</li> <li>(5) So they established a decree to make proclamation throughout all Israel, from Beersheba even to Dan, that they should come to keep the passover unto the LORD God of Israel at Jerusalem: for they had not done <i>it</i> of a long <i>time in such sort</i> as it was written.</li> <li>(6) So the posts went with the letters from the king and his princes throughout all Israel, and Judah, and according to the commandment of the king, saying, Ye children of Israel, turn again unto the LORD God of Abraham, Isaac, and Israel, and he will return to the remnant of you, that are escaped out of the hand of the kings of Assyria.</li> <li>(7) And be not ye like your fathers, and like your brethren, which trespassed against the LORD God of their fathers, <i>who</i> therefore gave them up to desolation,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(2) Because the king had taken counsel, and his princes, and all the congregation in Jerusalem, to keep the Passover in the second month.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(3) Because they could not keep it at the {right} time, because the priests had not sanctified themselves sufficiently, neither had the people gathered themselves together to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(4) And the thing pleased the king and all the congregation.</li> <li>(5) So they established a decree to make proclamation throughout all Israel, from Beersheba even to Dan, that they should come to keep the Passover to the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel at Jerusalem: because they had not done <i>it</i> in a long <i>time in such a way</i> as it was written.</li> <li>(6) So the messengers went with the letters from the king and his princes throughout all Israel and Judah, and according to the commandment of the king, saying, You children of Israel, turn again to the LORD {Jehovah} God of Abraham, Isaac, and Israel, and He will return to the remnant of you, who have escaped out of the hand of the kings of Assyria.</li> <li>(7) And do not be like your fathers, and like your brothers, who did evil deeds</li> </ul>
as ye see.	desolation, as you see.
30:2a - the Passover was required by the Law of Moses {Lev. 23} to be in the first month {Nisan [Mar./Apr.]} on the evening of the 14 <sup>th</sup> day however since everything wasn't ready in time the decision was made to celebrate the Passover in the second month {Iyar [Apr./May]} - See <u>Appendix L: The</u> <u>Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days</u> . See also <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u> - See Num. 9:11	
14.101/132 II Chronicles Chapter 30 (Page 1605)	

<b>[14] II Chronicles</b> King James 1769 VersionKing James Paraphrase(8) Now be ye not stiffnecked, as your fathers were, but yield yourselves unto the LORD, and enter into his sanctuary, which he hath sanctified for ever: and serve the LORD your God, that the fierceness of his sanctuary, which He has sanctified forever: and serve the LORD {Jehovah}, and enter into His sanctuary, which He has sanctified forever: and serve the LORD {Jehovah} your God, that the fierceness of His anger may turn away from you.(9) For if ye turn again unto the LORD, your brethren and your children shall find compassion before them that lead them captive, so that they shall come again into this land: for the LORD your God is gracious and merciful, and will not turn away his face from you, if ye return unto him.(9) Because if you turn again to the LORD {Jehovah}, your brothers and your children shall find compassion before them that lead them captive, so that they shall come again into this land: for the LORD your God is gracious and merciful, and will not turn away his face from you, if ye return unto Him.(9) Because if you turn again to the LORD {Jehovah} your God is gracious and merciful, and will not turn away His face from you, if you return to Him.(10) So the posts passed from city to city through the country of Ephraim and Manasseh even unto Zebulun: but they laughed them to scorn, and mocked them. (11) Nevertheless divers of Asher and Manasseh and of Zebulun humbled themselves, and came to Jerusalem.(12) Also in Judah the hand of God was to give them one heart to do the give those one heart to do the give those one heart to do the	
<ul> <li>(8) Now be ye not stiffnecked, as your fathers were, but yield yourselves unto the LORD, and enter into his sanctuary, which he hath sanctified for ever: and serve the LORD {Jehovah}, and enter into His sanctuary, which He has sanctified forever: and serve the LORD {Jehovah} your God, that the fierceness of his anger may turn away from you.</li> <li>(9) For if ye turn again unto the LORD, your brethren and your children shall find compassion before them that lead them captive, so that they shall come again into this land: for the LORD your God is gracious and merciful, and will not turn away his face from you, if ye return unto him.</li> <li>(10) So the posts passed from city to city through the country of Ephraim and Manasseh even unto Zebulun: but they laughed them to scorn, and mocked them.</li> <li>(11) Nevertheless divers of Asher and Manasseh and of Zebulun humbled themselves, and came to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(12) Also in Judah the hand of God was to give them one heart to do the</li> </ul>	
commandment of the King and of the princes, by the word of the LORD. (13) And there assembled at Jerusalem much people to keep the feast of unleavened bread in the second month, a very great congregation. (13) And there assembled at Jerusalem many people to keep the Feast of Unleavened Bread in the second month {Iyar [Apr./May]}, a very great congregation.	
14.102/132 II Chronicles Chapter 30 (Page 1606)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version (14) And they arose and took away the altars that <i>were</i> in Jerusalem, and all the altars for incense took they away, and cast <i>them</i> into the brook Kidron. (15) Then they killed the passover on the fourteenth <i>day</i> of the second month: and the priests and the Levites were ashamed, and sanctified themselves, and brought in the burnt offerings into the house of the LORD. (16) And they stood in their place after their manner, according to the law of Moses the man of God: the priests sprinkled the blood, <i>which they received</i> of the hand of the Levites. (17) For <i>there were</i> many in the congregation that were not sanctified: therefore the Levites had the charge of the killing of the passovers for every one <i>that</i> <i>was</i> not clean, to sanctify <i>them</i> unto the LORD. (18) For a multitude of the people, <i>even</i> many of Ephraim, and Manasseh, Issachar, and Zebulun, had not cleansed themselves, yet did they eat the passover otherwise than it was written. But Hezekiah prayed for them, saying, The good LORD pardon every one (19) <i>That</i> prepareth his heart to seek God, the LORD God of his fathers, though <i>he be</i> not <i>cleansed</i> according to the purification of the sanctuary. 30:15b – see note on II Chr. 30:2	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(14) And they arose and took away the altars that were in Jerusalem, and all the altars for incense they took away, and cast them into the brook Kidron.</li> <li>(15) Then they killed the Passover on the fourteenth day of the second month {Iyar [Apr./May]} {2/14/3400 A.H./C-642 B.C.}:<sup>b</sup> and the priests and the Levites were ashamed, and sanctified themselves, and brought in the burnt offerings into the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(16) And they stood in their place after their manner, according to the law of Moses the man of God: the priests sprinkled the blood, which they received from the hand of the Levites.</li> <li>(17) Because there were many in the congregation who were not sanctified: therefore the Levites had the charge of the killing of the passovers for everyone who was not clean, to sanctify them to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(18) Because a multitude of the people, even many of Ephraim, and Manasseh, Issachar, and Zebulun, had not cleansed themselves, yet they ate the passover contrary to the law as it was written. But Hezekiah prayed for them, saying, The good LORD {Jehovah} God of his fathers, even though he was not cleansed according to the purification of the sanctuary.</li> </ul>

14. 103/132 II Chronicles Chapter 30 (Page 1607)

14. 104/132 II Chronicles Chapter 30 (Page 1608)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(26) So there was great joy in Jerusalem: for since the time of Solomon the son of David king of Israel <i>there was</i> not the like in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(27) Then the priests the Levites arose and blessed the people: and their voice was heard, and their prayer came <i>up</i> to his holy dwelling place, <i>even</i> unto heaven.</li> <li>Chapter 31</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(26) So there was great joy in Jerusalem: because since the time of Solomon the son of David king of Israel <i>there was</i> nothing like it in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(27) Then the priests the Levites arose and blessed the people: and their voice was heard, and their prayer came <i>up</i> to His holy home place, <i>even</i> to heaven.</li> <li>Chapter 31</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Now when all this was finished, all Israel that were present went out to the cities of Judah, and brake the images in pieces, and cut down the groves, and threw down the high places and the altars out of all Judah and Benjamin, in Ephraim also and Manasseh, until they had utterly destroyed them all. Then all the children of Israel returned, every man to his possession, into their own cities.</li> <li>And Hezekiah appointed the courses of the priests and the Levites after their courses, every man according to his service, the priests and Levites for burnt offerings and for peace offerings, to minister, and to give thanks, and to praise in the gates of the tents of the LORD.</li> <li>He appointed also the king's portion of his substance for the burnt offerings for the sabbaths, and for the new moons, and for the set feasts, as <i>it is</i> written in the law of the LORD.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Now when all this was finished, all Israel who were present went out to the cities of Judah, and broke the images in pieces, and cut down the groves, and threw down the high places and the altars out of all Judah and Benjamin, in Ephraim also and Manasseh, until they had completely destroyed them all. Then all the children of Israel returned, every man to his possession, into their own cities.</li> <li>And Hezekiah appointed the courses of the priests and the Levites after their courses, every man according to his service, the priests and Levites for burnt offerings and for peace offerings, to minister, and to give thanks, and to praise in the gates of the tents of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>He appointed also the king's portion of his substance for the burnt offerings, to provide, for the morning and evening burnt offerings, and the burnt offerings for the sabbaths {Saturdays}, and for the new moons, and for the set feasts, as <i>it is</i> written in the law of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ol>

14. 105/132 II Chronicles Chapter 30-31 (Page 1609)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(4) Moreover he commanded the people that dwelt in Jerusalem to give the portion of the priests and the Levites, that they might be encouraged in the law of the LORD.</li> <li>(5) And as soon as the commandment came abroad, the children of Israel brought in abundance the firstfruits of corn, wine, and oil, and honey, and of all the increase of the field; and the tithe of all <i>things</i> brought they in abundantly.</li> <li>(6) And <i>concerning</i> the children of Israel and Judah, that dwelt in the cities of Judah, they also brought in the tithe of holy things which were consecrated unto the LORD their God, and laid <i>them</i> by heaps.</li> <li>(7) In the third month they began to lay the foundation of the heaps, and finished <i>them</i> in the seventh month.</li> <li>(8) And when Hezekiah and the princes came and saw the heaps, they blessed the LORD, and his people Israel.</li> <li>(9) Then Hezekiah questioned with the priests and the Levites concerning the heaps.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(4) Furthermore he commanded the people who lived in Jerusalem to give the portion of the priests and the Levites, that they might be encouraged in the law of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(5) And as soon as the commandment came abroad, the children of Israel brought in abundance the first-fruits of corn, wine, and oil, and honey, and of all the increase of the field; and the tithe {10%}<sup>a</sup> of all <i>things</i> they brought in abundantly.</li> <li>(6) And <i>concerning</i> the children of Israel and Judah, who lived in the cities of Judah, they also brought in the tithe {10%} of oxen and sheep, and the tithe {10%} of holy things which were consecrated to the LORD {Jehovah} their God, and laid <i>them</i> by heaps.</li> <li>(7) In the third month {Sivan [May/June]}<sup>b</sup> they began to lay the foundation of the heaps, and finished <i>them</i> in the seventh month {[Tishri [Sept./Oct.]}.<sup>c</sup></li> <li>(8) And when Hezekiah and the princes came and saw the heaps, they praised the LORD {Jehovah}, and His people Israel.</li> <li>(9) Then Hezekiah questioned with the priests and the Levites concerning the heaps.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>31:5a - tithe - 10 percent of all increase for the year</li> <li>31:7b - third month {Sivan [May/June]} - the month of Pentecost - see Lev. 23</li> <li>31:7c - seventh month {Tisri [Sept./Oct.]} - See <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish</u> <u>Calendar and Holy Days</u>. See also <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u></li> </ul>	
14. 106/132 II Chronicles Chapter 31 (Page 1610)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(10) And Azariah the chief priest of the	(10) And Azariah the chief priest of the
house of Zadok answered him, and said,	house of Zadok answered him, and said,
Since the people began to bring the	Since <i>the people</i> began to bring the
offerings into the house of the LORD, we	offerings into the house {temple} of the
have had enough to eat, and have left	LORD {Jehovah}, we have had enough to
plenty: for the LORD hath blessed his	eat, and have plenty left: because the
people; and that which is left <i>is</i> this great	LORD {Jehovah} has blessed His people;
store.	and that which is left <i>is</i> this great store.
(11) Then Hezekiah commanded to	(11) Then Hezekiah commanded to
prepare chambers in the house of the	prepare chambers in the house {temple} of
LORD; and they prepared <i>them</i> ,	the LORD {Jehovah}; and they prepared
(12) And brought in the offerings and the	them,
tithes and the dedicated <i>things</i> faithfully:	(12) And brought in the offerings and the
over which Cononiah the Levite was ruler,	tithes and the dedicated <i>things</i> faithfully:
and Shimei his brother <i>was</i> the next.	over which Cononiah the Levite was ruler,
(13) And Jehiel, and Azaziah, and Nahath,	and Shimei his brother <i>was</i> the next.
and Asahel, and Jerimoth, and Jozabad,	(13) And Jehiel, and Azaziah, and Nahath,
and Eliel, and Ismachiah, and Mahath,	and Asahel, and Jerimoth, and Jozabad,
and Benaiah, were overseers under the	and Eliel, and Ismachiah, and Mahath,
hand of Cononiah and Shimei his brother,	and Benaiah, were overseers under the
at the commandment of Hezekiah the	hand of Cononiah and Shimei his brother,
king, and Azariah the ruler of the house of	at the commandment of Hezekiah the
God.	king, and Azariah the ruler of the house
(14) And Kore the son of Imnah the	{temple} of God.
Levite, the porter toward the east, was	(14) And Kore the son of Imnah the
over the freewill offerings of God, to	Levite, the gatekeeper towards the east,
distribute the oblations of the LORD, and	was over the freewill offerings of God, to
the most holy things.	distribute the offerings of the LORD
(15) And next him were Eden, and	{Jehovah}, and the most holy things.
Miniamin, and Jeshua, and Shemaiah,	(15) And next to him were Eden, and
Amariah, and Shecaniah, in the cities of	Miniamin, and Jeshua, and Shemaiah,
the priests, in <i>their</i> set office, to give to	Amariah, and Shecaniah, in the cities of
their brethren by courses, as well to the	the priests, in <i>their</i> set office, to give to
great as to the small:	their brothers by courses, as well to the
	great as to the small:

14. 107/132 II Chronicles Chapter 31 (Page 1611)

14. 108/132 II Chronicles Chapter 31 (Page 1612)

{14} II C	Chronicles
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
Chapter 32	Chapter 32
<ul> <li>(1) After these things, and the establishment thereof, Sennacherib king of Assyria came, and entered into Judah, and encamped against the fenced cities, and thought to win them for himself.</li> <li>(2) And when Hezekiah saw that Sennacherib was come, and that he was purposed to fight against Jerusalem,</li> <li>(3) He took counsel with his princes and his mighty men to stop the waters of the fountains which <i>were</i> without the city: and they did help him.</li> <li>(4) So there was gathered much people together, who stopped all the fountains, and the brook that ran through the midst of the land, saying, Why should the kings of Assyria come, and find much water?</li> <li>(5) Also he strengthened himself, and built up all the wall that was broken, and raised <i>it</i> up to the towers, and another wall without, and repaired Millo <i>in</i> the city of David, and made darts and shields in abundance.</li> <li>(6) And he set captains of war over the people, and gathered them together to him in the street of the gate of the city, and spake comfortably to them, saying,</li> <li>(7) Be strong and courageous, be not afraid nor dismayed for the king of Assyria, nor for all the multitude that <i>is</i> with him: for <i>there be</i> more with us than with him:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) After these things, and its establishment, Sennacherib king of Assyria came, and entered into Judah, and encamped against the fenced cities, and thought to win them for himself.</li> <li>(2) And when Hezekiah saw that Sennacherib had come, and that he was determined to fight against Jerusalem,</li> <li>(3) He took counsel with his princes and his mighty men to stop the waters of the fountains which <i>were</i> outside the city: and they helped him.</li> <li>(4) So there was gathered much people together, who stopped all the fountains, and the brook that ran through the midst of the land, saying, Why should the kings of Assyria come, and find much water?</li> <li>(5) Also he strengthened himself, and built up all the wall that was broken, and raised <i>it</i> up to the towers, and another wall outside, and repaired Millo <i>in</i> the city of David, and made darts and shields in abundance.</li> <li>(6) And he set captains of war over the people, and gathered them together to himself in the street of the gate of the city, and spoke words of encouragement to them, saying,</li> <li>(7) Be strong and courageous, do not be afraid nor dismayed because of the king of Assyria, nor because of all the multitude who <i>is</i> with him: because <i>there are</i> more with us than with him:</li> </ul>
14. 110/132 II Chronicles Chapter 32 (Page 1613)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(8) With him <i>is</i> an arm of flesh; but with	(8) With him <i>is</i> an arm of flesh; but with
us <i>is</i> the LORD our God to help us, and to	us <i>is</i> the LORD {Jehovah} our God to help
fight our battles. And the people rested	us, and to fight our battles. And the people
themselves upon the words of Hezekiah	rested themselves upon the words of
king of Judah.	Hezekiah king of Judaĥ.
(9) After this did Sennacherib king of	(9) After this Sennacherib king of Assyria
Assyria send his servants to Jerusalem,	sent his servants to Jerusalem, (but he
(but he himself laid siege against Lachish,	himself laid siege against Lachish, and all
and all his power with him,) unto	his power with him,) to Hezekiah king of
Hezekiah king of Judah, and unto all	Judah, and to all Judah who were at
Judah that <i>were</i> at Jerusalem, saying,	Jerusalem, saying,
(10) Thus saith Sennacherib king of	(10) This is what Sennacherib king of
Assyria, Whereon do ye trust, that ye abide	Assyria says, Upon what do you trust, that
in the siege in Jerusalem?	you remain in the siege in Jerusalem?
(11) Doth not Hezekiah persuade you to	(11) Does not Hezekiah persuade you to
give over yourselves to die by famine and	give over yourselves to die by famine and
by thirst, saying, The LORD our God shall	by thirst, saying, The LORD {Jehovah} our
deliver us out of the hand of the king of	God shall deliver us out of the hand of the
Assyria?	king of Assyria?
(12) Hath not the same Hezekiah taken	(12) Has not this same Hezekiah taken
away his high places and his altars, and	away his high places and his altars, and
commanded Judah and Jerusalem, saying,	commanded Judah and Jerusalem, saying,
Ye shall worship before one altar, and	You shall worship before one altar, and
burn incense upon it?	burn incense upon it?
(13) Know ye not what I and my fathers	(13) Do you not know what I and my
have done unto all the people of other	fathers have done to all the people of <i>other</i>
lands? were the gods of the nations of	lands? Were the gods of the nations of
those lands any ways able to deliver their	those lands in any way able to deliver their
lands out of mine hand?	lands out of my hand?
(14) Who <i>was there</i> among all the gods of	(14) Who was there among all the gods of
those nations that my fathers utterly	those nations that my fathers completely
destroyed, that could deliver his people	destroyed, that could deliver his people
out of mine hand, that your God should be	out of my hand, that your God should be
able to deliver you out of mine hand?	able to deliver you out of my hand?

14.110/132 II Chronicles Chapter 32 (Page 1614)

I <b>ronicles</b> King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(15) Now therefore do not let Hezekiah deceive you, nor persuade you in this manner, neither yet believe him: because no god of any nation or kingdom was able to deliver his people out of my hand, and out of the hand of my fathers: how much less shall your God deliver you out of my hand?<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(16) And his servants spoke yet <i>more</i> against the LORD {Jehovah} God, and against His servant Hezekiah.</li> <li>(17) He wrote also letters to rail against the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel, and to speak against Him, saying, As the gods of the nations of <i>other</i> lands have not delivered their people out of my hand, so the God of Hezekiah will not deliver His people out of my hand.</li> <li>(18) Then they cried with a loud voice in the Jews' language to the people of Jerusalem who <i>were</i> on the wall, to make them afraid, and to trouble them; that they might take the city.</li> <li>(19) And they spoke against the God of Jerusalem, as against the gods of the people of the earth, <i>which were</i> the work of the hands of man.</li> <li>(20) And for this <i>cause</i> Hezekiah the king, and the prophet Isaiah the son of Amoz, prayed and cried to heaven.</li> </ul>

14. 111/132 II Chronicles Chapter 32 (Page 1615)

King James 1769 VersionKing James Paraphrase(21) And the LORD sent an angel, which cut off all the mighty men of valour, and the leaders and captains in the camp of the king of Assyria. So he returned with shame of face to his own land. And when he was come into the house of his god, they that came forth of his own bowels slew him there with the sword.(21) And the LORD {Jehovah} sent an angel, which cut off all the mighty men of valor, and the leaders and captains in the camp of the king of Assyria. So he returned with shame of face to his own land. And when he had come into the house of his god, those who came forth of his own body killed him there with the sword. <sup>b</sup> (22) Thus the LORD saved Hezekiah and the inhabitants of Jerusalem from the hand of Sennacherib the king of Assyria, and from the hand of all other, and guided them on every side.(22) So the LORD {Jehovah} saved Hezekiah and the people who lived in Jerusalem, and presents to Hezekiah king of Judah: so that he was magnified in the sight of all nations from the spake unto him, and he gave him a sign. (24) In those days Hezekiah was sick to the death, and prayed unto the LORD: and he spake unto him, and upon Judah and Jerusalem.King James Paraphrase (22) And the leaders and captains in the dand the inhabitants of Jerusalem, so that the wrath of the LORD came not upon them in the days of Hezekiah.(21) And the LORD {Jehovah} secuse his heart was lifted up: therefore there was wrath {anger; judgment} upon him, and upon Judah and the anger of the LORD {Jehovah}(26) Notwithstanding Hezekiah.(26) Nevertheless Hezekiah humbled himself because of the pride of his heart, both he and those who lived in Jerusalem. (26) Nevertheless Hezekiah humbled himself because of the LORD {Jehova	{14} II Chronicles	
<ul> <li>(21) And the LORD sent an angel, which cut off all the mighty men of valour, and the leaders and captains in the camp of the king of Assyria. So he returned with shame of face to his own land. And when he was come into the house of his god, they that came forth of his own bowels slew him there with the sword.</li> <li>(22) Thus the LORD saved Hezekiah and the inhabitants of Jerusalem from the hand of all other, and guided them on every side.</li> <li>(23) And many brought gifts unto the LORD to Jerusalem, and presents to Magnified in the sight of all nations from the ceforth.</li> <li>(24) In those days Hezekiah was sick to the death, and prayed unto the LORD: and he spake unto him, and he gave him a sign.</li> <li>(25) But Hezekiah rendered not again according to the benefit <i>done</i> unto him, and upon Judah and Jerusalem.</li> <li>(26) Notwithstanding Hezekiah humbled himself for the pride of his heart, <i>both</i> he and the inhabitants of Jerusalem, so that the agger of the LORD came not upon them in the days of Hezekiah.</li> <li>(26) Nevertheless Hezekiah humbled himself for the pride of his heart, <i>both</i> he and the inhabitants of Jerusalem, so that the agger of the LORD (Jehovah) according to the benefit <i>done</i> unto him, and upon Judah and Jerusalem.</li> <li>(26) Nevertheless Hezekiah humbled himself because of the LORD (Jehovah) according to the benefit <i>done</i> to him, and upon Judah and Jerusalem.</li> <li>(26) Nevertheless Hezekiah humbled himself because of the LORD (Jehovah) did not come upon them in the days of Hezekiah.</li> <li>(21) And the LORD (Jehovah) according to the cord of the LORD came not upon them in the days of Hezekiah.</li> </ul>		
	cut off all the mighty men of valour, and the leaders and captains in the camp of the king of Assyria. So he returned with shame of face to his own land. And when he was come into the house of his god, they that came forth of his own bowels slew him there with the sword. (22) Thus the LORD saved Hezekiah and the inhabitants of Jerusalem from the hand of Sennacherib the king of Assyria, and from the hand of all <i>other</i> , and guided them on every side. (23) And many brought gifts unto the LORD to Jerusalem, and presents to Hezekiah king of Judah: so that he was magnified in the sight of all nations from thenceforth. (24) In those days Hezekiah was sick to the death, and prayed unto the LORD: and he spake unto him, and he gave him a sign. (25) But Hezekiah rendered not again according to the benefit <i>done</i> unto him; for his heart was lifted up: therefore there was wrath upon him, and upon Judah and Jerusalem. (26) Notwithstanding Hezekiah humbled himself for the pride of his heart, <i>both</i> he and the inhabitants of Jerusalem, so that the wrath of the LORD came not upon them in the days of Hezekiah.	angel, which cut off all the mighty men of valor, and the leaders and captains in the camp of the king of Assyria. So he returned with shame of face to his own land. And when he had come into the house of his god, those who came forth of his own body killed him there with the sword. <sup>b</sup> (22) So the LORD {Jehovah} saved Hezekiah and the people who lived in Jerusalem from the hand of Sennacherib the king of Assyria, and from the hand of all <i>others</i> , and guided them on every side. (23) And many brought gifts to the LORD {Jehovah} to Jerusalem, and presents to Hezekiah king of Judah: so that he was magnified in the sight of all nations from that time forth. (24) In those days Hezekiah was sick to the death, and prayed to the LORD {Jehovah}: and He spoke to him, and He gave him a sign. <sup>c</sup> (25) But Hezekiah did not repay according to the benefit <i>done</i> to him; because his heart was lifted up: therefore there was wrath {anger; judgment} upon him, and upon Judah and Jerusalem. (26) Nevertheless Hezekiah humbled himself because of the pride of his heart, <i>both</i> he and those who lived in Jerusalem, so that the anger of the LORD {Jehovah} did not come upon them in the days of
14. 112/132 II Chronicles Chapter 32 (Page 1616)		

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(27) And Hezekiah had exceeding much	(27) And Hezekiah had exceedingly much
riches and honour: and he made himself	riches and honor: and he made for himself
treasuries for silver, and for gold, and for	treasuries for silver, and for gold, and for
precious stones, and for spices, and for	precious stones, and for spices, and for
shields, and for all manner of pleasant	shields, and for all manner of pleasant
jewels;	jewels;
(28) Storehouses also for the increase of	(28) Storehouses also for the increase of
	corn, and wine, and oil; and stalls for all
corn, and wine, and oil; and stalls for all	
manner of beasts, and cotes for flocks.	manner of beasts, and pens for flocks.
(29) Moreover he provided him cities, and	(29) Furthermore he provided for himself
possessions of flocks and herds in	cities, and possessions of flocks and herds
abundance: for God had given him	in abundance: because God had given him
substance very much.	very much substance.
(30) This same Hezekiah also stopped the	(30) This same Hezekiah also stopped the
upper watercourse of Gihon, and brought	upper watercourse of Gihon, and brought
it straight down to the west side of the city	it straight down to the west side of the city
of David. And Hezekiah prospered in all	of David. And Hezekiah prospered in all
his works.	his works.
(31) Howbeit in the business of the	(31) However in the business of the
ambassadors of the princes of Babylon,	ambassadors of the princes of Babylon,
who sent unto him to enquire of the	who sent to him to inquire of the wonder
wonder that was <i>done</i> in the land, God left	that was <i>done</i> in the land, God left him, to
him, to try him, that he might know all	test him, that He might know all that was
<i>that was</i> in his heart.	in his heart.
(32) Now the rest of the acts of Hezekiah,	(32) Now the rest of the acts of Hezekiah,
and his goodness, behold, they are written	and his goodness, look, they <i>are</i> written in
in the vision of Isaiah the prophet, the son	the vision of Isaiah the prophet, the son of
of Amoz, and in the book of the kings of	Amoz, and in the book of the kings of
Judah and Israel.	Judah and Israel.
(33) And Hezekiah slept with his fathers,	(33) And Hezekiah slept with his fathers,
and they buried him in the chiefest of the	and they buried him in the best of the
sepulchres of the sons of David: and all	tombs of the sons of David: and all Judah
Judah and the inhabitants of Jerusalem	and the people who lived in Jerusalem
did him honour at his death. And	honored him at his death. And Manasseh
Manasseh his son reigned in his stead.	his son reigned in his place {3430 A.H./C-
	612 B.C.}.
14. 113/132 II Chronicles Chapter 32 (Page 1617)	

33:40 - 1 KI. 9:3 33:6d – observed times – practiced astrology and horoscopes – Lev. 19:26; II Ki. 21:6; Gal. 4:10

Hezekiah dies after 29 year reign; Manasseh his son begins reign over Judah [\*3430 A.H./C- 612 B.C.] - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14. 114/132 II Chronicles Chapter 33 (Page 1618)

{14} II Chronicles	
<ul> <li>King James 1769 Version</li> <li>(7) And he set a carved image, the idol which he had made, in the house of God, of which God had said to David and to Solomon his son, In this house, and in Jerusalem, which I have chosen before all the tribes of Israel, will I put my name for ever:</li> <li>(8) Neither will I any more remove the foot of Israel from out of the land which I have appointed for your fathers; so that they will take heed to do all that I have commanded them, according to the whole law and the statutes and the ordinances by the hand of Moses.</li> <li>(9) So Manasseh made Judah and the inhabitants of Jerusalem to err, and to do worse than the heathen, whom the LORD had destroyed before the children of Israel.</li> <li>(10) And the LORD spake to Manasseh, and to his people: but they would not hearken.</li> <li>(11) Wherefore the LORD brought upon them the captains of the host of the king of Assyria, which took Manasseh among the thorns, and bound him with fetters, and carried him to Babylon.</li> <li>(12) And when he was in affliction, he besought the LORD his God, and humbled himself greatly before the God of his fathers,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(7) And he set a carved image, the idol which he had made, in the house {temple} of God, of which God had said to David and to Solomon his son, In this house {temple}, and in Jerusalem, which I have chosen before all the tribes of Israel, I will put My Name forever:</li> <li>(8) Neither will I any more remove the foot of Israel from out of the land which I have appointed for your fathers; so that they will take heed to do all that I have commanded them, according to the whole law and the laws and the commandments given by the hand of Moses.</li> <li>(9) So Manasseh caused Judah and the people who lived in Jerusalem to err, <i>and</i> to do worse than the heathen {ungodly nations}, whom the LORD {Jehovah} had destroyed before the children of Israel.</li> <li>(10) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Manasseh, and to his people: but they would not listen.</li> <li>(11) Therefore the LORD {Jehovah} brought upon them the captains of the host {army} of the king of Assyria, which took Manasseh among the thorns, and bound him with fetters, and carried him to Babylon.</li> <li>(12) And when he was in affliction, he sought the LORD {Jehovah} his God, and humbled himself greatly before the God of his fathers,</li> </ul>
14. 115/132 II Chronicles Chapter 33 (Page 1619)	

14. 116/132 II Chronicles Chapter 33 (Page 1620)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(19) His prayer also, and how God was intreated of him, and all his sin, and his trespass, and the places wherein he built high places, and set up groves and graven images, before he was humbled: behold, they are written among the sayings of the seers.</li> <li>(20) So Manasseh slept with his fathers, and they buried him in his own house: and Amon his son reigned in his stead.</li> <li>(21) Amon was two and twenty years old when he began to reign, and reigned two years in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(22) But he did that which was evil in the sight of the LORD, as did Manasseh his father: for Amon sacrificed unto all the carved images which Manasseh his father had made, and served them;</li> <li>(23) And humbled not himself before the LORD, as Manasseh his father had more.</li> <li>(24) And his servants conspired against him, and slew him in his own house.</li> <li>(25) But the people of the land slew all them that had conspired against king Amon; and the people of the land made.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(19) His prayer also, and how God listened to him, and all his sin, and his evil deeds, and the places in which he built high places, and set up groves and graven images, before he was humbled: indeed, they are written among the sayings of the prophets.</li> <li>(20) So Manasseh slept with his fathers, and they buried him in his own house: and Amon his son reigned in his place {3485 A.H./C- 557 B.C.}.<sup>e*</sup></li> <li>(21) Amon was twenty-two years old when he began to reign, and reigned two years in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(22) But he did that which was evil in the sight of the LORD {Jehovah}, as did Manasseh his father: because Amon sacrificed to all the carved images which Manasseh his father had made, and served them;</li> <li>(23) And did not humble himself before the LORD {Jehovah}, as Manasseh his father had made, and served them;</li> <li>(23) And did not humble himself before the LORD {Jehovah}, as Manasseh his father had made, and served them;</li> <li>(23) And did not humble himself before the LORD {Jehovah}, as Manasseh his father had made, and served them;</li> <li>(23) But the people of the land killed all those who had conspired against king Amon; and the people of the land made Josiah his son king in his place {3487 A.H./C- 555 B.C.}.</li> </ul>
33:20e - II Ki. 21:1,18-19	-
Manasseh's reign ends after 55 years; Amo	n his son begins reign

Manasseh's reign ends after 55 years; Amon his son begins reign [\*3485 A.H./C- 557 B.C.] - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14. 117/132 II Chronicles Chapter 33 (Page 1621)

After 2 years, Amon is killed; Josiah his son begins reign [\*3487 A.H./C- 555 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14. 118/132 II Chronicles Chapter 34 (Page 1622)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(7) And when he had broken down the altars and the groves, and had beaten the graven images into powder, and cut down all the idols throughout all the land of Israel, he returned to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(8) Now in the eighteenth year of his reign, when he had purged the land, and the house, he sent Shaphan the son of Azaliah, and Maaseiah the governor of the city, and Joah the son of Joahaz the recorder, to repair the house of the LORD his God.</li> <li>(9) And when they came to Hilkiah the high priest, they delivered the money that was brought into the house of God, which the Levites that kept the doors had gathered of the hand of Manasseh and Ephraim, and of all the remnant of Israel, and of all Judah and Benjamin; and they returned to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(10) And they put <i>it</i> in the hand of the house of the LORD, and they gave it to the workmen that wrought in the house of the LORD, to repair and amend the house:</li> <li>(11) Even to the artificers and builders gave they <i>it</i>, to buy hewn stone, and timber for couplings, and to floor the houses which the kings of Judah had destroyed.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(7) And when he had broken down the altars and the groves, and had beaten the graven images into powder, and cut down all the idols throughout all the land of Israel, he returned to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(8) Now in the eighteenth year of his reign {3504 A.H. C- 538 B.C.},* when he had purged the land, and the house {temple}, he sent Shaphan the son of Azaliah, and Maaseiah the governor of the city, and Joah the son of Joahaz the recorder, to repair the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} his God.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(9) And when they came to Hilkiah the high priest, they delivered the money that was brought into the house {temple} of God, which the Levites who kept the doors had gathered of the hand of Manasseh and Ephraim, and of all the remnant of Israel, and of all Judah and Benjamin; and they returned to Jerusalem.</li> <li>(10) And they put <i>it</i> in the hands of the house {temple} of the LORD, and they gave it to the workmen who did the work in the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, to repair and mend the house:</li> <li>(11) They gave it to the carpenters and builders, to buy cut stone, and timber for couplings, and to floor the houses which the kings of Judah had destroyed.</li> </ul>
34:8b – II Ki. 22:3	
18 <sup>th</sup> year of Josiah; Great Revival [*3504 A.H. C- 538 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>	

14. 119/132 II Chronicles Chapter 34 (Page 1623)

{14} II Chronicles	
	King James Paraphrase
King James 1769 Version (12) And the men did the work faithfully: and the overseers of them <i>were</i> Jahath and Obadiah, the Levites, of the sons of Merari; and Zechariah and Meshullam, of the sons of the Kohathites, to set <i>it</i> forward; and <i>other of</i> the Levites, all that could skill of instruments of musick. (13) Also <i>they were</i> over the bearers of burdens, and <i>were</i> overseers of all that wrought the work in any manner of service: and of the Levites <i>there were</i> scribes, and officers, and porters. (14) And when they brought out the money that was brought into the house of the LORD, Hilkiah the priest found a book of the law of the LORD <i>given</i> by Moses. (15) And Hilkiah answered and said to Shaphan the scribe, I have found the book of the law in the house of the LORD. And Hilkiah delivered the book to Shaphan. (16) And Shaphan carried the book to the king, and brought the king word back again, saying, All that was committed to thy servants, they do <i>it</i> . (17) And they have gathered together the money that was found in the house of the LORD, and have delivered it into the hand of the overseers, and to the hand of the workmen.	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(12) And the men did the work faithfully: and their overseers <i>were</i> Jahath and Obadiah, the Levites, of the sons of Merari; and Zechariah and Meshullam, of the sons of the Kohathites, to set <i>it</i> forward; and <i>other of</i> the Levites, all who had skill of instruments of music.</li> <li>(13) Also <i>they were</i> over those who carried the burdens, and <i>were</i> overseers of all who performed the work in any manner of service: and of the Levites <i>who were</i> scribes, and officers, and doorkeepers.</li> <li>(14) And when they brought out the money that was brought into the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, Hilkiah the priest found a book of the law of the LORD {Jehovah} <i>given</i> by Moses.</li> <li>(15) And Hilkiah answered and said to Shaphan the scribe, I have found the book of the law in the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}. And Hilkiah delivered the book to Shaphan.</li> <li>(16) And Shaphan carried the book to the king, and brought the king word back again, saying, All that was committed to your servants, they are doing <i>it</i>. ¢</li> <li>(17) And they have gathered together the money that was found in the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and have delivered it into the hand of the overseers, and to the hand of the workmen.</li> </ul>
34:16c – II Ki. 22:10	-

14.120/132 II Chronicles Chapter 34 (Page 1624)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(18) Then Shaphan the scribe told the king, saying, Hilkiah the priest hath given me a book. And Shaphan read it before the king.</li> <li>(19) And it came to pass, when the king had heard the words of the law, that he rent his clothes.</li> <li>(20) And the king commanded Hilkiah, and Ahikam the son of Shaphan, and Abdon the son of Micah, and Shaphan the scribe, and Asaiah a servant of the king's, saying,</li> <li>(21) Go, enquire of the LORD for me, and for them that are left in Israel and in Judah, concerning the words of the book that is found: for great <i>is</i> the wrath of the LORD that is poured out upon us, because our fathers have not kept the word of the LORD, to do after all that is written in this book.</li> <li>(22) And Hilkiah, and <i>they</i> that the king <i>had appointed</i>, went to Huldah the prophetess, the wife of Shallum the son of Tikvath, the son of Hasrah, keeper of the wardrobe; (now she dwelt in Jerusalem in the college:) and they spake to her to that <i>effect</i>.</li> <li>(23) And she answered them, Thus saith the LORD God of Israel, Tell ye the man that sent you to me,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(18) Then Shaphan the scribe told the king, saying, Hilkiah the priest has given me a book. And Shaphan read it before the king.</li> <li>(19) And it came to pass, when the king had heard the words of the law, that he tore his clothes.</li> <li>(20) And the king commanded Hilkiah, and Ahikam the son of Shaphan, and Abdon the son of Micah, and Shaphan the scribe, and Asaiah a servant of the king's, saying,</li> <li>(21) Go, inquire of the LORD {Jehovah} for me, and for those who are left in Israel and in Judah, concerning the words of the book that is found: because great <i>is</i> the anger of the LORD {Jehovah} that is poured out upon us, because our forefathers have not kept the word of the LORD {Jehovah}, to do according to all that is written in this book.</li> <li>(22) And Hilkiah, and <i>those whom</i> the king <i>had appointed</i>, went to Huldah the prophetess, the wife of Shallum the son of Tikvath, the son of Hasrah, keeper of the wardrobe; (now she lived in Jerusalem in the college:) and they spoke to her to that <i>effect</i>.</li> <li>(23) And she answered them, This is what the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel says, Tell the man who sent you to Me,d</li> </ul>
34:23d – II Ki. 22:16f	
14.101/100. II Chronieles (	Chapter 0.4 (Page 1605)

14. 121/132 II Chronicles Chapter 34 (Page 1625)

	hronicles
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(24) Thus saith the LORD, Behold, I will	(24) This is what the LORD {Jehovah}
bring evil upon this place, and upon the	says, Indeed, I will bring evil upon this
inhabitants thereof, <i>even</i> all the curses	place, and upon the people who live here,
that are written in the book which they	<i>even</i> all the curses that are written in the
have read before the king of Judah:	book which they have read before the king of Judah:
(25) Because they have forsaken me, and	
have burned incense unto other gods, that	(25) Because they have forsaken Me, and
they might provoke me to anger with all	have burned incense to other gods, that
the works of their hands; therefore my	they might provoke Me to anger with all
wrath shall be poured out upon this place,	the works of their hands; therefore My
and shall not be quenched.	anger will be poured out upon this place,
(26) And as for the king of Judah, who	and shall not be quenched.
sent you to enquire of the LORD, so shall	(26) And as for the king of Judah, who
ye say unto him, Thus saith the LORD God	sent you to inquire of the LORD
of Israel <i>concerning</i> the words which thou	{Jehovah}, so shall you say to him, This is
hast heard;	what the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel
(27) Because thine heart was tender, and	says <i>concerning</i> the words which you have
thou didst humble thyself before God,	heard;
when thou heardest his words against this	(27) Because your heart was tender, and
place, and against the inhabitants thereof,	you humbled yourself before God, when
and humbledst thyself before me, and	you heard His words against this place,
didst rend thy clothes, and weep before	and against the people who live here, and
me; I have even heard thee also, saith the	humbled yourself before Me, and tore your
LORD.	clothes, and wept before Me; I have even
(28) Behold, I will gather thee to thy	heard <i>you</i> also, says the LORD {Jehovah}.
fathers, and thou shalt be gathered to thy	(28) Indeed, I will gather you to your
grave in peace, neither shall thine eyes see	fathers, and you will be gathered to your
all the evil that I will bring upon this place,	grave in peace, neither will your eyes see
and upon the inhabitants of the same. So	all the evil that I will bring upon this place,
they brought the king word again.	and upon the people who live here. So they
(29) Then the king sent and gathered	brought the king word again.
together all the elders of Judah and	(29) Then the king sent and gathered
Jerusalem.	together all the elders of Judah and
	Jerusalem.

14. 122/132 II Chronicles Chapter 34 (Page 1626)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
(30) And the king went up into the house of the LORD, and all the men of Judah, and the inhabitants of Jerusalem, and the priests, and the Levites, and all the people, great and small: and he read in their ears all the words of the book of the covenant that was found in the house of the LORD. (31) And the king stood in his place, and made a covenant before the LORD, to walk after the LORD, and to keep his commandments, and his testimonies, and his statutes, with all his heart, and with all his soul, to perform the words of the covenant which are written in this book. (32) And he caused all that were present in Jerusalem and Benjamin to stand <i>to it</i> . And the inhabitants of Jerusalem did according to the covenant of God, the God of their fathers. (33) And Josiah took away all the abominations out of all the countries that <i>pertained</i> to the children of Israel, and made all that were present in Israel to serve, <i>even</i> to serve the LORD their God. <i>And</i> all his days they departed not from following the LORD, the God of their fathers.	(30) And the king went up into the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and all the men of Judah, and the people who lived in Jerusalem, and the priests, and the Levites, and all the people, great and small: and he read in their ears all the words of the book of the covenant that was found in the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}. <sup>e</sup> (31) And the king stood in his place, and made a covenant before the LORD {Jehovah}, to walk after the LORD {Jehovah}, and to keep His commandments, and His testimonies, and His laws, with all his heart, and with all his soul, to perform the words of the covenant which are written in this book. (32) And he caused all who were present in Jerusalem and Benjamin to stand <i>to it</i> . And the people who lived in Jerusalem did according to the covenant of God, the God of their fathers. (33) And Josiah took away all the abominations out of all the countries that <i>belonged</i> to the children of Israel, and made all who were present in Israel to serve, <i>even</i> to serve the LORD {Jehovah} their God. <i>And</i> all his days they did not depart from following the LORD {Jehovah}, the God of their fathers.
34:30e – II Ki. 23:2	
14. 123/132 II Chronicles Chapter 34 (Page 1627)	
14. 123/132 II Chronicles (	Chapter 34 (Page 1627)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version King James Paraphrase	
Chapter 35	Chapter 35
<ol> <li>Moreover Josiah kept a passover unto the LORD in Jerusalem: and they killed the passover on the fourteenth day of the first month.</li> <li>And he set the priests in their charges, and encouraged them to the service of the house of the LORD,</li> <li>And said unto the Levites that taught all Israel, which were holy unto the LORD, Put the holy ark in the house which Solomon the son of David king of Israel did build; <i>it shall</i> not <i>be</i> a burden upon <i>your</i> shoulders: serve now the LORD your God, and his people Israel,</li> <li>And prepare <i>yourselves</i> by the houses of your fathers, after your courses, according to the writing of David king of Israel, and according to the writing of Solomon his son.</li> <li>And stand in the holy <i>place</i> according to the divisions of the families of the fathers of your brethren the people, and <i>after</i> the division of the families of the Ievites.</li> <li>So kill the passover, and sanctify yourselves, and prepare your brethren, that <i>they</i> may do according to the word of the LORD by the hand of Moses.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>(1) Furthermore Josiah kept a Passover to the LORD {Jehovah} in Jerusalem: and they killed the passover on the fourteenth day of the first month {Nisan [Mar./Apr.]}.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(2) And he set the priests in their charges, and encouraged them to the service of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah},</li> <li>(3) And said to the Levites who taught all Israel, who were holy to the LORD {Jehovah}, Put the holy ark in the house {temple} which Solomon the son of David king of Israel built; <i>it shall</i> not <i>be</i> a burden upon <i>your</i> shoulders: now serve the LORD {Jehovah} your God, and His people Israel,</li> <li>(4) And prepare <i>yourselves</i> by the houses of your fathers, after your courses, according to the writing of David king of Israel, and according to the writing of Solomon his son.</li> <li>(5) And stand in the holy <i>place</i> according to the divisions of the families of the fathers of your brothers the people, and <i>after</i> the division of the families of the fathers of your brothers the people, and <i>after</i> the division of the families of the Levites.</li> <li>(6) So kill the passover, and sanctify yourselves, and prepare your brothers, that <i>they</i> may do according to the word of the LORD {Jehovah} by the hand of Moses.</li> </ol>
35:1a – II Ki. 23:21 - See <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days</u> .	
See also <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u>	
14. 124/132 II Chronicles Chapter 35 (Page 1628)	

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(13) And they roasted the passover with fire according to the ordinance: but the <i>other</i> holy <i>offerings</i> sod they in pots, and in caldrons, and in pans, and divided <i>them</i> speedily among all the people.</li> <li>(14) And afterward they made ready for themselves, and for the priests: because the priests the sons of Aaron <i>were busied</i> in offering of burnt offerings and the fat until night; therefore the Levites prepared for themselves, and for the priests the sons of Aaron.</li> <li>(15) And the singers the sons of Asaph <i>were</i> in their place, according to the commandment of David, and Asaph, and Heman, and Jeduthun the king's seer; and the porters <i>waited</i> at every gate; they might not depart from their service; for their brethren the Levites prepared for them.</li> <li>(16) So all the service of the LORD was prepared the same day, to keep the passover, and to offer burnt offerings upon the altar of the LORD, according to the commandment of king Josiah.</li> <li>(17) And the children of Israel that were present kept the passover at that time, and the feast of unleavened bread seven days.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(13) And they roasted the passover with fire according to the ordinance: but the other holy offerings they boiled in pots, and in caldrons, and in pans, and divided them speedily among all the people.</li> <li>(14) And afterward they made ready for themselves, and for the priests: because the priests the sons of Aaron were busied in offering of burnt offerings and the fat until night; therefore the Levites prepared for themselves, and for the priests the sons of Aaron.</li> <li>(15) And the singers the sons of Asaph were in their place, according to the commandment of David, and Asaph, and Heman, and Jeduthun the king's prophet; and the gatekeepers waited at every gate; they did not depart from their service; because their brothers the Levites prepared for them.</li> <li>(16) So all the service of the LORD {Jehovah} was prepared the same day, to keep the Passover, and to offer burnt offerings upon the altar of the LORD {Jehovah}, according to the commandment of king Josiah.</li> <li>(17) And the children of Israel who were present kept the Passover at that time, and the Feast of Unleavened Bread seven days.</li> </ul>
14. 126/132 II Chronicles Chapter 35 (Page 1630)	

18<sup>th</sup> year of Josiah's reign; Great Revival [\*3504 A.H./C- 538 B.C.] - see <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

14. 127/132 II Chronicles Chapter 35 (Page 1631)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version (24) His servants therefore took him out of that chariot, and put him in the second chariot that he had; and they brought him to Jerusalem, and he died, and was buried in <i>one of</i> the sepulchres of his fathers. And all Judah and Jerusalem mourned for Josiah. (25) And Jeremiah lamented for Josiah: and all the singing men and the singing women spake of Josiah in their lamentations to this day, and made them an ordinance in Israel: and, behold, they <i>are</i> written in the lamentations. (26) Now the rest of the acts of Josiah, and his goodness, according to <i>that which was</i> written in the law of the LORD, (27) And his deeds, first and last, behold, they <i>are</i> written in the book of the kings of	<ul> <li>King James Paraphrase</li> <li>(24) His servants therefore took him out of that chariot, and put him in the second chariot that he had; and they brought him to Jerusalem, and he died, and was buried in <i>one of</i> the tombs of his fathers. And all Judah and Jerusalem mourned for Josiah.</li> <li>(25) And Jeremiah cried greatly for Josiah: and all the singing men and the singing women spoke of Josiah in their cries to this day, and made them an ordinance in Israel: and, look, they <i>are</i> written in the lamentations.</li> <li>(26) Now the rest of the acts of Josiah, and his goodness, according to <i>that which was</i> written in the law of the LORD {Jehovah},</li> <li>(27) And his deeds, first and last, look, they <i>are</i> written in the book of the kings of</li> </ul>
they <i>are</i> written in the book of the kings of Israel and Judah. <b>Chapter 36</b> (1) Then the people of the land took Jehoahaz the son of Josiah, and made him king in his father's stead in Jerusalem. (2) Jehoahaz <i>was</i> twenty and three years old when he began to reign, and he reigned three months in Jerusalem.	<ul> <li>they <i>are</i> written in the book of the kings of Israel and Judah.</li> <li>Chapter 36 <ol> <li>Then the people of the land took Jehoahaz the son of Josiah, and made him king in his father's place {3517 A.H./C-525 B.C.}<sup>a*</sup> in Jerusalem.</li> <li>Jehoahaz <i>was</i> twenty-three years old when he began to reign, and he reigned three months in Jerusalem.</li> </ol></li></ul>
36:1a - II Ki. 23:28-30 31 <sup>st</sup> year of Josiah's reign; Josiah dies, Jehoahaz his son begins reign [*3517 A.H./C- 525 B.C.] - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>	

14. 128/132 II Chronicles Chapter 35-36 (Page 1632)

{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(3) And the king of Egypt put him down at Jerusalem, and condemned the land in an hundred talents of silver and a talent of gold.</li> <li>(4) And the king of Egypt made Eliakim his brother king over Judah and Jerusalem, and turned his name to Jehoiakim. And Necho took Jehoahaz his brother, and carried him to Egypt.</li> <li>(5) Jehoiakim was twenty and five years old when he began to reign, and he reigned eleven years in Jerusalem: and he did <i>that which was</i> evil in the sight of the LORD his God.</li> <li>(6) Against him came up Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon, and bound him in fetters, to carry him to Babylon.</li> <li>(7) Nebuchadnezzar also carried of the vessels of the house of the LORD to Babylon, and put them in his temple at Babylon.</li> <li>(8) Now the rest of the acts of Jehoiakim, and his abominations which he did, and that which was found in him, behold, they are written in the book of the kings of Israel and Judah: and Jehoiachin his son reigned in his stead.</li> <li>(9) Jehoiachin was evil in the sight of the LORD.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(3) And the king of Egypt put him down at Jerusalem, and taxed the land one hundred talents of silver {about 7,560 lbs.; 3,429 kg.}<sup>b</sup> and a talent of gold {about 75.6 lbs.; 34.3 kg.}.</li> <li>(4) And the king of Egypt made Eliakim his brother king over Judah and Jerusalem, and changed his name to Jehoiakim. And Necho took Jehoahaz his brother, and carried him to Egypt.</li> <li>(5) Jehoiakim <i>was</i> twenty-five years old when he began to reign, and he reigned eleven years in Jerusalem: and he did <i>that which was</i> evil in the sight of the LORD {Jehovah} his God.</li> <li>(6) Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon came up against him, and bound him in fetters, to carry him to Babylon {3520 A.H./C-522 B.C.}.<sup>e*</sup></li> <li>(7) Nebuchadnezzar also carried some of the vessels of the house {temple} and put them in his temple at Babylon.</li> <li>(8) Now the rest of the acts of Jehoiakim, and his abominations which he did, and that which was found in him, look, they <i>are</i> written in the book of the kings of Israel and Judah: and Jehoiachin his son reigned in his place.</li> <li>(9) Jehoiachin <i>was</i> evil in the sight of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>
36:3b - a talent = 75.6 lbs = 34.3 kilograms – see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and</u> <u>Measures</u> 36:6c - in Jehoiakim's third year of reign Nebuchadnezzar came - II Ki. 24:1,14; Dan. 2:1	
70 year Babylonian captivity begins, first group of captives [including Daniel and other royalty] taken to Babylon [*3520 A.H./C- 522 B.C.] - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>	
14. 129/132 II Chronicles Chapter 36 (Page 1633)	

King James 1769 VersionKing James Paraphrase(10) And when the year was expired, king Nebuchadnezzar sent, and brought him to Babylon, with the goodly vessels of the house of the LORD, and made Zedekiah his brother king over Judah and Jerusalem.(10) And when the year was expired, king Nebuchadnezzar sent, and brought him to Babylon, with the goodly vessels of the house of the LORD, and made Zedekiah his brother king over Judah and Jerusalem.(10) And when the year was expired, king Nebuchadnezzar sent, and brought him to Babylon, with the best vessels of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and made Zedekiah his brother king over Judah and Jerusalem.(11) Zedekiah was one and twenty years old when he began to reign, and reigned eleven years in Jerusalem.(11) Zedekiah was twenty-one years of Judah and Jerusalem.(12) And he did that which was evil in the sight of the LORD his God, and humbled not himself before Jeremiah the prophet speaking from the mouth of the LORD. (13) And he also rebelled against king Nebuchadnezzar, who had made him swear by God: but he stiffened his neck, and hardened his heart from turning untoKing James Paraphrase (10) And when the year was expired, king Nebuchadnezzar sent, and brought him to Babylon, with the best vessels of the house {Jehovah} his God, and the LORD {Jehovah} his God, and the LORD {Jehovah}. (13) And he also rebelled against king Nebuchadnezzar, who had made him swear by God: but he stiffened his neck, and hardened his heart from turning unto	{14} II (	Chronicles
Nebuchadnezzar sent, and brought him to Babylon, with the goodly vessels of the house of the LORD, and made Zedekiah his brother king over Judah and Jerusalem. (11) Zedekiah was one and twenty years old when he began to reign, and reigned eleven years in Jerusalem. (12) And he did <i>that which was</i> evil in the sight of the LORD his God, <i>and</i> humbled not himself before Jeremiah the prophet <i>speaking</i> from the mouth of the LORD. (13) And he also rebelled against king Nebuchadnezzar, who had made him swear by God: but he stiffened his neck, and hardened his heart from turning unto	King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(14) Moreover all the chief of the priests, and the people, transgressed very much after all the abominations of the heathen; and polluted the house of the LORD which he had hallowed in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(15) And the LORD God of their fathers sent to them by his messengers, rising up betimes, and sending; because he had compassion on his people, and on his dwelling place:</li> <li>and hardened his heart from turning to the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel.</li> <li>(14) Furthermore all the chief of the priests, and the people, sinned very much after all the abominations of the heather {ungodly nations}; and polluted the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} which the had hallowed in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(15) And the LORD {Jehovah} God of their fathers sent to them by He had hallowed in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(15) And the LORD {Jehovah} God of their fathers sent to them by He had hallowed in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(15) And the LORD {Jehovah} God of their fathers sent to them by He messengers, rising up from time to tim and sending; because He had compassion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(10) And when the year was expired, king Nebuchadnezzar sent, and brought him to Babylon, with the goodly vessels of the house of the LORD, and made Zedekiah his brother king over Judah and Jerusalem.</li> <li>(11) Zedekiah was one and twenty years old when he began to reign, and reigned eleven years in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(12) And he did that which was evil in the sight of the LORD his God, and humbled not himself before Jeremiah the prophet speaking from the mouth of the LORD.</li> <li>(13) And he also rebelled against king Nebuchadnezzar, who had made him swear by God: but he stiffened his neck, and hardened his heart from turning unto the LORD God of Israel.</li> <li>(14) Moreover all the chief of the priests, and the people, transgressed very much after all the abominations of the heathen; and polluted the house of the LORD which he had hallowed in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(15) And the LORD God of their fathers sent to them by his messengers, rising up betimes, and sending; because he had compassion on his people, and on his</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(10) And when the year was expired, king Nebuchadnezzar sent, and brought him to Babylon, with the best vessels of the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and made Zedekiah his brother king over Judah and Jerusalem.</li> <li>(11) Zedekiah was twenty-one years old when he began to reign {3528 A.H./C-513 B.C.},* and reigned eleven years in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(12) And he did <i>that which was</i> evil in the sight of the LORD {Jehovah} his God, and did not humble himself before Jeremiah the prophet <i>speaking</i> from the mouth of the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(13) And he also rebelled against king Nebuchadnezzar, who had made him swear by God: but he became stubborn, and hardened his heart from turning to the LORD {Jehovah} God of Israel.</li> <li>(14) Furthermore all the chief of the priests, and the people, sinned very much after all the abominations of the heathen {ungodly nations}; and polluted the house {temple} of the LORD {Jehovah} which He had hallowed in Jerusalem.</li> <li>(15) And the LORD {Jehovah} God of</li> </ul>

2<sup>nd</sup> group of captives taken to Babylon [including Ezekiel and other priests]; Zedekiah appointed as king over Judah by Nebuchadnezzar in the eighth year of the 70 year exile.

[\*3528 A.H./C-513 B.C.] - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>

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{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version	King James Paraphrase
<ul> <li>(16) But they mocked the messengers of God, and despised his words, and misused his prophets, until the wrath of the LORD arose against his people, till <i>there was</i> no remedy.</li> <li>(17) Therefore he brought upon them the king of the Chaldees, who slew their young men with the sword in the house of their sanctuary, and had no compassion upon young man or maiden, old man, or him that stooped for age: he gave <i>them</i> all into his hand.</li> <li>(18) And all the vessels of the house of God, great and small, and the treasures of the house of the LORD, and the treasures of the king, and of his princes; all <i>these</i> he brought to Babylon.</li> <li>(19) And they burnt the house of God, and brake down the wall of Jerusalem, and burnt all the palaces thereof with fire, and destroyed all the goodly vessels thereof.</li> <li>(20) And them that had escaped from the sword carried he away to Babylon; where they were servants to him and his sons until the reign of the kingdom of Persia:</li> <li>(21) To fulfil the word of the LORD by the mouth of Jeremiah, until the land had enjoyed her sabbaths: <i>for</i> as long as she lay desolate she kept sabbath, to fulfil threescore and ten years.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(16) But they mocked the messengers of God, and despised His words, and misused His prophets, until the anger of the LORD {Jehovah} arose against His people, until <i>there was</i> no remedy.</li> <li>(17) Therefore He brought upon them the king of the Chaldees, who killed their young men with the sword in the house {temple} of their sanctuary, and had no compassion upon young man or maiden, old man, or him who stooped for age: He gave <i>them</i> all into his hand.</li> <li>(18) And all the vessels of the house {temple} of God, great and small, and the treasures of the house {temple} of the bought to Babylon.<sup>d</sup></li> <li>(19) And they burnt the house {temple} of God, and broke down the wall of Jerusalem, and burnt all its palaces with fire, and destroyed all its best vessels {3539 A.H./C-503 B.C.}.*</li> <li>(20) And those who had escaped from the sword he carried away to Babylon; where they were servants to him and his sons until the reign of the kingdom of Persia:</li> <li>(21) To fulfill the word of the LORD {Jehovah} by the mouth of Jeremiah, until the land had enjoyed her sabbaths: <i>because</i> as long as she lay desolate she kept sabbath, to fulfil seventy years.<sup>e</sup></li> </ul>
36:18d – II Ki. 24:2 – in the 11 <sup>th</sup> year of Zedekiah [19 <sup>th</sup> year of the 70 year exile] Zedekiah rebelled against Nebuchadnezzar resulting in the destruction of the temple, and Jerusalem including its walls and houses – II Ki. 24:1-4; Jer. 39:2; Jer. 52:6; Ezek. 4:5	
36:21e - seventy years - Jer. 25:11; 29:10	xile, temple destroyed

11<sup>th</sup> year of Zedekiah, 19<sup>th</sup> year of 70 year exile, temple destroyed [\*3539 A.H./C-503 B.C.]

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{14} II Chronicles	
King James 1769 Version (22) Now in the first year of Cyrus king of Persia, that the word of the LORD <i>spoken</i> by the mouth of Jeremiah might be accomplished, the LORD stirred up the spirit of Cyrus king of Persia, that he made a proclamation throughout all his kingdom, and <i>put it</i> also in writing, saying, (23) Thus saith Cyrus king of Persia, All the kingdoms of the earth hath the LORD God of heaven given me; and he hath charged me to build him an house in Jerusalem, which <i>is</i> in Judah. Who <i>is</i> <i>there</i> among you of all his people? The LORD his God be with him, and let him go up.	King James Paraphrase (22) Now in the first year of Cyrus king of Persia {3589 A.H./C- 453 B.C.},* that the word of the LORD {Jehovah} spoken by the mouth of Jeremiah might be accomplished, the LORD {Jehovah} stirred up the spirit of Cyrus <sup>f</sup> king of Persia, that he made a proclamation throughout all his kingdom, and <i>put it</i> also in writing, saying, (23) This is what Cyrus king of Persia says, All the kingdoms of the earth the LORD {Jehovah} God of heaven has given me; and He has charged me to build Him a house {temple} in Jerusalem, which <i>is</i> in Judah. Who <i>is there</i> among you of all His people? The LORD {Jehovah} his God he with him and let him go up
God <i>be</i> with him, and let him go up. 36:22f - Is. 44:28; Ezra 1:1-3 Cyrus becomes sole king over Babylon and issues decree to restore Jerusalem; 70 year exile ends [*3589 A.H./C- 453 B.C.] - See <u>Appendix G: World Time Line of Biblical History</u>	
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14. 132/132 II Chronicles Chapter 36 (Page 1636)