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 Chapter 1 The words of the Preacher, the son of David, king in Jerusalem.^a Vanity of vanities, says the Preacher, vanity of vanities; all <i>is</i> vanity {worthless; futile}. What profit does a man have from all his labor which he undertakes under the sun? One generation passes away, and <i>another</i> generation comes: but the earth remains forever. The sun also rises, and the sun goes down, and hurries to his place where he arose. The wind goes towards the south, and turns about to the north; it whirls about continually, and the wind returns again according to his circuits. All the rivers run into the sea; yet the sea <i>is</i> not full; to the place from which the rivers come, there they return again. All things <i>are</i> full of labor; man cannot speak <i>it</i>: the eye is not satisfied with seeing, nor the ear filled with hearing. That which has been, it <i>is that</i> which will be done: and <i>there is</i> no new <i>thing</i> under the sun. Is there <i>anything</i> of which it may be said, See, this <i>is</i> new? it has been already from old times, which was before us. 	 (11) There is no memory of former things; neither will there be any memory of things that are to come with those who will come afterward. (12) I the Preacher was king over Israel in Jerusalem. (13) And I gave my heart to seek and search out by wisdom concerning all things that are done under heaven: this hard labor God has given to the sons of man to be exercised by it. (14) I have seen all the works that are done under the sun; and, indeed, all is vanity and futility of spirit. (15) That which is crooked cannot be made straight: and that which is lacking cannot be numbered. (16) I communed with my own heart, saying, Look, I have come to a great estate, and have obtained more wisdom than all those who have been before me in Jerusalem: yes, my heart has great experience of wisdom and knowledge. (17) And I gave my heart to know wisdom, and to know madness and folly: I perceived that this also is futility of spirit. (18) Because in much wisdom is much grief: and he who increases in sorrow.
1:1a - King Solomon	

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 (1) I said in my heart, Go now, I will prove you with joy, therefore enjoy pleasure: and, indeed, this also <i>is</i> vanity. (2) I said of laughter, <i>It is</i> mad: and of joy, What does it accomplish? (3) I sought in my heart to give myself to wine, yet acquainting my heart with wisdom; and to lay hold on folly, until I might see what good that <i>was</i> for the sons of men, which they should do under the heaven all the days of their lives. (4) I made for myself great works; I built for myself houses; I planted for myself vineyards: (5) I made for myself gardens and orchards, and I planted trees in them of all <i>kinds of</i> fruits: (6) I made for myself pools of water, to water with the wood that brings forth trees: (7) I obtained <i>for myself</i> servants and maidens, and had servants born in my house; also I had great possessions of great and small cattle above all who were in Jerusalem before me: (8) I gathered for myself also silver and gold, and the peculiar treasure of kings and of the provinces: I got for myself men singers and women singers, and the delights of the sons of men, <i>as</i> musical instruments, and that of all sorts. (9) So I was great, and increased more than all who were before me in Jerusalem: my wisdom also remained with me. 	 (10) And whatever my eyes desired I did not keep from them, I did not withhold my heart from any joy; because my heart rejoiced in all my labor: and this was my portion of all my labor. (11) Then I looked on all the works that my hands had done, and on the labor that I had labored to do: and, indeed, all <i>was</i> vanity {worthless; futile} and trouble of spirit, and <i>there was</i> no profit under the sun. (12) And I turned myself to look at wisdom, and madness, and folly: because what <i>can</i> the man <i>do</i> who comes after the king? <i>even</i> that which has been already done. (13) Then I saw that wisdom is greater than folly, as far as light is greater than darkness. (14) The wise man's eyes <i>are</i> in his head; but the fool walks in darkness: and I myself perceived also that one event happens to them all. (15) Then I said in my heart, As it happens to the fool, <i>so</i> it happens even to me; and why was I then more wise? Then I said in my heart, that this also <i>is</i> vanity. (16) Because <i>there is</i> no memory of the wise more than of the fool forever; since that which now <i>is</i> in the days to come shall all be forgotten. And how does the work that is done under the sun <i>is</i> grievous to me: because all <i>is</i> vanity and trouble of spirit.

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 (18) Yes, I hated all my labor which I had taken under the sun: because I should leave it to the man who will come after me. (19) And who knows whether he will be a wise man or a fool? yet he will have rule over all my labor in which I have labored, and in which I have shown myself wise under the sun. This <i>is</i> also vanity. (20) Therefore I went about to cause my heart to despair of all the labor which I took under the sun. (21) Because there is a man whose labor <i>is</i> in wisdom, and in knowledge, and in fairness; yet to a man who has not labored in it he will leave it <i>for</i> his portion. This also <i>is</i> vanity and a great evil. (22) Because what has man of all his labor, and of the trouble of his heart, in which he has labored under the sun? (23) Because all his days <i>are</i> sorrows, and his labor grief; yes, his heart does not take rest in the night. This is also vanity. (24) <i>There is</i> nothing better for a man, <i>than</i> that he should eat and drink, and <i>that</i> he should make his soul good in his labor. This also I saw, that it <i>was</i> from the hand of God. (25) Because <i>God</i> gives to a man what <i>is</i> good in His sight wisdom, and knowledge, and joy: but to the sinner He gives trouble, to gather and to heap up, that He may give to <i>him what is</i> good before God. This also <i>is</i> vanity and trouble of spirit. 	 Chapter 3 To everything <i>there is</i> a season, and a time to every purpose under the heaven: A time to be born, and a time to die; a time to plant, and a time to reap <i>that which is</i> planted; A time to kill, and a time to heal; a time to break down, and a time to build up; A time to weep, and a time to laugh; a time to mourn, and a time to dance; A time to cast away stones, and a time to gather stones together; a time to embrace, and a time to refrain from embracing; A time to get, and a time to lose; a time to keep, and a time to sew; a time to keep silence, and a time to sew; a time to keep silence, and a time to speak; A time to love, and a time to hate; a time of war, and a time of peace. What profit does he have who works in that in which he labors? I have seen the trouble, which God has given to the sons of men to be exercised in it. He has also set the world in their heart, so that no man can find out the work that God makes from the beginning to the end. I know that <i>there is</i> no good in them, but for <i>a man</i> to rejoice, and to do good in his life. And also that every man should eat and drink, and enjoy the good of all his labor, it <i>is</i> the gift of God.

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 (14) I know that, whatever God does, it will be forever: nothing can be added to it, nor anything taken from it: and God does it, that men should fear {reverence} Him. (15) That which has been is now; and that which is to be has already been; and God requires that which is past. (16) And furthermore I saw under the sun the place of judgment, that wickedness was there; and the place of righteousness, that sin was there. (17) I said in my heart, God will judge the righteous and the wicked: because there is a time there for every purpose and for every work. (18) I said in my heart concerning the estate of the sons of men, that God might reveal them, and that they might see that they themselves are beasts. (19) Because that which happens to the sons of men happens to beast; even one thing happens to them: as the one dies, so dies the other; yes, they have all one breath; so that a man has no prominence above a beast: because all is vanity. (20) All go to one place; all are of the dust, and all turn to dust again. (21) Who knows the spirit of man that goes downward to the earth? (22) Therefore I perceive that <i>there is</i> nothing better, than that a man should rejoice in his own works; because that <i>is</i> his portion: because who will bring him to see what will be after him? 	 Chapter 4 So I returned, and considered all the oppressions that are done under the sun: and indeed the tears of such as were oppressed, and they had no comforter; and on the side of their oppressors there was power; but they had no comforter. Therefore I praised the dead which are already dead more than the living which are yet alive. Yes, better <i>is he</i> than both they, which have not yet been, who has not seen the evil work that is done under the sun. Again, I considered all trouble, and every right work, for which a man is envied by his neighbor. This <i>is</i> also vanity and trouble of spirit. The fool folds his hands together, and eats his own flesh. Better <i>is</i> a handful <i>with</i> quietness, than both the hands full <i>with</i> trouble and turmoil of spirit. There is one <i>alone</i>, and <i>there is</i> not a second; yes, he has neither child nor brother: yet <i>is there</i> no end of all his labor; neither is his eye satisfied with riches; neither does <i>he ask</i>, For whom do I labor, and deprive my soul of good? This <i>is</i> also vanity, yes, it <i>is</i> a great trouble.

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 (9) Two are better than one; because they have a good reward for their labor. (10) Because if they fall, the one will lift up his fellow: but woe to him who is alone when he falls; because he has no one to help him up. (11) Again, if two lie together, then they have heat: but how can one be warm alone? (12) And if one prevail against him, two shall withstand him; and a threefold cord is not quickly broken. (13) Better is a poor and a wise child than on of he donished. (14) Because out of prison he comes to reign; whereas also he that is born in his king om becomes poor. (15) I considered all the living who walk will stand up in his place. (16) There is no end of all the people, even of all that have been before them: those also who come after shall not rejoice in him. Surely this also is vanity and turmoil of spirit. Chapter 5 (1) Watch your step when you got to house {temple} of God, and be more ready to listen, than to give the sacrifice of fools: because they do not consider that they are doing evil. (2) Do not be quick to speak anything before God: because God is in heaven, and you are upon earth: therefore let your words be few. (3) Because and the multitude of words. (4) When you you wa yow to God, do not delay to pay it; because the drug the is watchild. (5) It is better that you not make a vow, than the report. The weals of the poor, and wident perverting of judgment and justice in a province, do not marvel at the matter: because He Who is served by the field. (10) He who loves silver will not be satisfied with silver; nor he who loves abundance with increase: this is also vanity. 	{21} Ecc	lesiastes
	 have a good reward for their labor. (10) Because if they fall, the one will lift up his fellow: but woe to him <i>who is</i> alone when he falls; because <i>he has no one</i> to help him up. (11) Again, if two lie together, then they have heat: but how can one be warm <i>alone</i>? (12) And if one prevail against him, two shall withstand him; and a threefold cord is not quickly broken. (13) Better <i>is</i> a poor and a wise child than an old and foolish king, who will no more be admonished. (14) Because out of prison he comes to reign; whereas also <i>he that is</i> born in his kingdom becomes poor. (15) I considered all the living who walk under the sun, with the second child that will stand up in his place. (16) <i>There is</i> no end of all the people, <i>even</i> of all that have been before them: those also who come after shall not rejoice in him. Surely this also <i>is</i> vanity and turmoil of spirit. Chapter 5 (1) Watch your step when you go to the house {temple} of God, and be more ready to listen, than to give the sacrifice of fools: because they do not consider that 	 let your heart be quick to speak anything before God: because God <i>is</i> in heaven, and you <i>are</i> upon earth: therefore let your words be few. (3) Because a dream comes through the multitude of business; and a fool's voice <i>is known</i> by multitude of words. (4) When you vow a vow to God, do not delay to pay it; because <i>He has</i> no pleasure in fools: pay that which you have vowed. (5) It is better that you not make a vow, than that you should make a vow and not pay. (6) Do not allow your mouth to cause your flesh to sin; neither say before the angel, that it <i>was</i> a mistake: why should God be angry at your voice, and destroy the work of your hands? (7) Because in the multitude of dreams and many words <i>there are</i> also <i>various</i> vanities: but fear {revere} God. (8) If you see the oppression of the poor, and violent perverting of judgment and justice in a province, do not marvel at the matter: because <i>He Who is</i> higher than the highest is watching; and <i>there are those</i> higher than they. (9) Moreover the profit of the earth is for all: the king <i>himself</i> is served by the field. (10) He who loves silver will not be satisfied with silver; nor he who loves abundance with increase: this <i>is</i> also

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 (11) When goods increase, those who eat them are increased: and what good <i>is there</i> to its owners, except <i>seeing them</i> with their eyes? (12) The sleep of a laboring man <i>is</i> sweet, whether he eats little or much: but the abundance of the rich will not allow him to sleep. (13) There is a great evil <i>which</i> I have seen under the sun, <i>namely</i>, riches kept for its owners to their own hurt. (14) But those riches perish by evil trouble and he fathers a son, and <i>there is</i> nothing in his hand. (15) As he came forth from his mother's womb, naked he will return to go as he came, and will take nothing of his labor, which he may carry way in his hand. (16) And this also <i>is</i> a great evil, <i>that</i> in all points as he came, so will he go: and what profit does he have who has labored for the wind? (17) Also, all his days he eats in darkness, and <i>he has</i> much sorrow and anger with his sickness. (18) Indeed <i>that</i> which I have seen: <i>it is</i> good and beautiful <i>for one</i> to eat and to drink, and to enjoy the good of all his labor that he takes under the sun all the days of his life, which God gives him: because it <i>is</i> his portion. 	 (19) Every man also to whom God has given riches and wealth, and has given him power to eat of it, and to take his portion, and to rejoice in his labor; this <i>is</i> the gift of God. (20) Because he will not long remember the days of his life; because God answers <i>him</i> in the joy of his heart. Chapter 6 (1) There is an evil which I have seen under the sun, and it <i>is</i> common among men: (2) A man to whom God has given riches, wealth, and honor, so that he lacks nothing for his soul of all that he desires, yet God does not give him power to eat of it, but a stranger eats it: this <i>is</i> vanity, and it <i>is</i> an evil disease. (3) If a man fathers a hundred <i>children</i>, and lives many years, so that the days of his years are many, and his soul is not filled with good, and <i>that</i> he also has no burial; I say, <i>that</i> an untimely birth <i>is</i> better than he. (4) Because he comes in with vanity, and departs in darkness, and his name shall be covered with darkness. (5) Furthermore he has not seen the sun, nor known <i>anything</i>: this has more rest than the other.

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 (6) Yes, though he live a thousand years twice <i>told</i>, yet he has seen no good: do not all go to one place? (7) All the labor of man <i>is</i> for his mouth, and yet the appetite is not filled. (8) Because what does the wise man have more than the fool? what does the poor have, who knows to walk before the living? (9) Better <i>is</i> the sight of the eyes than the wandering of the desire: this <i>is</i> also vanity and turmoil of spirit. (10) That which has been is named already, and it is known that it <i>is</i> man: neither may he contend with one who is mightier than he. (11) Since there are many things that increase vanity, what <i>is</i> man the better? (12) Because who knows what <i>is</i> good for man in <i>this</i> life, all the days of his vain life which he spends as a shadow? because who can tell a man what will be after him under the sun? Chapter 7 (1) A good name <i>is</i> better than precious ointment; and the day of death than the day of one's birth. (2) <i>It is</i> better to go to the house of feasting: because that <i>is</i> the end of all men; and the living will lay <i>it</i> to his heart. (3) Sorrow <i>is</i> better than laughter: because by the sadness of the countenance {facial expression} the heart is made better. 	 (4) The heart of the wise <i>is</i> in the house of mourning; but the heart of fools <i>is</i> in the house of pleasure. (5) <i>It is</i> better to hear the rebuke of the wise, than for a man to hear the song of fools. (6) Because as the crackling of thorns under a pot, so <i>is</i> the laughter of the fool: this also <i>is</i> vanity. (7) Surely oppression makes a wise man mad; and a bribe destroys the heart. (8) Better <i>is</i> the end of a thing than its beginning: <i>and</i> the patient in spirit <i>is</i> better than the proud in spirit. (9) Do not be quick in your spirit to be angry: because anger rests in the bosom of fools. (10) Do not say, <i>Why is it</i> that the former days were better than these? because you do not inquire wisely concerning this. (11) Wisdom <i>is</i> good with an inheritance: and <i>by it there is</i> profit to those who see the sun. (12) Because wisdom <i>is</i> a defense, <i>and</i> money <i>is</i> a defense: but the excellency of knowledge <i>is, that</i> wisdom gives life to those who have it. (13) Consider the work of God: because who can make <i>that</i> straight, which He has made crooked? (14) In the day of prosperity be joyful, but in the day of adversity consider: God also has set the one opposite the other, to the end that man should find nothing after him.

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 (15) All <i>things</i> I have seen in the days of my vanity: there is a just <i>man</i> who perishes in his righteousness, and there is a wicked <i>man</i> who prolongs <i>his life</i> in his wickedness. (16) Do not be overly righteous; neither make yourself overly wise: why should you destroy yourself? (17) Do not be overly wicked, neither be foolish: why should you die before your time? (18) <i>It is</i> good that you should take hold of this; yes, also from this do not withdraw your hand: because he who fears {reverences} God will come forth from them all. (19) Wisdom strengthens the wise more than ten mighty <i>men</i> which are in the city. (20) Because <i>there is</i> not a just man upon earth, who does good, and does not sin. (21) Also take no heed to all words that are spoken; lest you hear your servant curse you: (22) Because also your own heart knows that often times you yourself likewise have cursed others. (23) All this I have proved by wisdom: I said, I will be wise; but it <i>was</i> far from me. (24) That which is far off, and exceedingly deep, who can find it out? (25) I applied my heart to know, and to search, and to seek out wisdom, and the reason <i>of things</i>, and to know the wickedness of folly, even of foolishness <i>and</i> madness: 	 (26) And I find the woman, whose heart <i>is</i> snares and nets, more bitter than death <i>and</i> her hands <i>as</i> bands: whoever pleases God will escape from her; but the sinner will be taken by her. (27) Indeed, this I have found, says the preacher, <i>counting</i> one by one, to find out the account: (28) Which my soul seeks yet, but I do not find it: one man among a thousand I have found; but a woman among all those I have not found. (29) Look, this only I have found, that God has made man upright; but they have sought out many inventions. Chapter 8 (1) Who <i>is</i> as the wise <i>man</i>? and who knows the interpretation of a thing? a man's wisdom causes his face to shine, and the boldness of his face shall be changed. (2) I <i>counsel you</i> to keep the king's commandment, and <i>that</i> in regard to the oath of God. (3) Do not be quick to go out of his sight: do not stand in an evil thing; because he does whatever pleases him. (4) Where the word of a king <i>is, there is</i> power: and who may say to him, What are you doing? (5) Whoever keeps the commandment shall feel no evil thing: and a wise man's heart discerns both time and judgment.

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 (2) All <i>things come</i> alike to all: <i>there is</i> one event to the righteous, and to the wicked; to the good and to the clean, and to the unclean; to him who sacrifice: as <i>is</i> the good, so <i>is</i> the sinner; <i>and</i> he who swears, as <i>he</i> who fears an oath. (3) This <i>is</i> an evil among all <i>things</i> that are done under the sun, that <i>there is</i> one event to all: yes, also the heart of the sons of men is full of evil, and madness <i>is</i> in their heart while they live, and after that <i>they go</i> to the dead. (4) Because to him who is joined to all the living there is hope: because a living dog is better than a dead lion. (5) Because the living know that they will die: but the dead do not know anything, neither do they have any more a reward; because the memory of them is forgotten. (6) Also their love, and their hatred, and their envy, is now perished; neither do they have any more a portion forever in <i>anything</i> that is done under the sun. (7) Go your way, eat your bread with joy, and drink your wine with a merry heart; because God now accepts your works. (8) Let your clothes be always white; and let your head lack no ointment. 	 (9) Live joyfully with the wife whom you love all the days of the life of your vanity, which He has given you under the sun, all the days of your vanity: because that <i>is</i> your portion in <i>this</i> life, and in your labor which you take under the sun. (10) Whatever your hand finds to do, do <i>it</i> with your might; because <i>there is</i> no work, nor device, nor knowledge, nor wisdom, in the grave, where you go. (11) I returned, and saw under the sun, that the race <i>is</i> not to the swift, nor the battle to the strong, neither yet bread to the wise, nor yet riches to men of understanding, nor yet favor to men of skill; but time and chance happens to them all. (12) Because man also does not know his time: as the fish that are taken in an evil net, and as the birds that are caught in the snare; so <i>are</i> the sons of men snared in an evil time, when it comes suddenly upon them. (13) This wisdom I have seen also under the sun, and it <i>seemed</i> great to me: (14) <i>There was</i> a little city, and few men within it; and there came a great king against it, and besieged it, and built great bulwarks against it:

 (15) Now there was found in it a poor wise man, and he by his wisdom delivered the city; yet no man remembered that same poor man. (16) Then I said, Wisdom <i>is</i> better than strength: nevertheless the poor man's wisdom <i>is</i> despised, and his words are not heard. (17) The words of wise <i>men are</i> heard in quiet more than the cry of him who rules among fools. (18) Wisdom <i>is</i> better than weapons of war: but one sinner destroys much good. (19) Whoever removes stones will be hurt by it; <i>and</i> he who splits wood will be endangered by it. (10) If the iron is blunt, and he does not sharpen the edge, then he must use more strength: but wisdom <i>is</i> profitable to direct. (19) Wisdom <i>is</i> better than weapons of war: but one sinner destroys much good. (10) If the iron is blunt, and he does not sharpen the edge, then he must use more strength: but wisdom <i>is</i> profitable to direct. (11) Surely the snake will bite without enchantment; and a babbler is no better. (12) The words of a wise man's muth <i>are</i> gracious; but the lips of a fool will swallow up himself. (13) The beginning of the words of his mouth <i>is</i> foolishness: and the end of his so does a little folly to him who has a fool. (14) A fool also is full of words: a man cannot tell what will be after him, who can tell him? (15) The labor of the foolish wearies everyone of them, because he does not know how to go to the city. (16) Folly is set in great dignity, and the rich sit in low place. (17) Blessed <i>are</i> you, O land, when your king <i>is</i> the son of nobles, and your princes eat in due season, for strength, and not for drunkenness! (18) By much laziness the building decays; and through idleness of the hands the house drops through. 	{21} Ecclesiastes	
	 (15) Now there was found in it a poor wise man, and he by his wisdom delivered the city; yet no man remembered that same poor man. (16) Then I said, Wisdom <i>is</i> better than strength: nevertheless the poor man's wisdom <i>is</i> despised, and his words are not heard. (17) The words of wise <i>men are</i> heard in quiet more than the cry of him who rules among fools. (18) Wisdom <i>is</i> better than weapons of war: but one sinner destroys much good. Chapter 10 (1) Dead flies cause the ointment of the perfume to send forth a stinking aroma: <i>so does</i> a little folly to him who has a reputation for wisdom <i>and</i> honor. (2) A wise man's heart <i>is</i> at his right hand; but a fool's heart at his left. (3) Yes also, when he who is a fool walks by the way, his wisdom fails <i>him</i>, and he says to everyone <i>that</i> he <i>is</i> a fool. (4) If the spirit of the ruler rises up against you, do not leave your place; because yielding pacifies great offenses. (5) There is an evil <i>which</i> I have seen under the sun, as an error which proceeds from the ruler: (6) Folly is set in great dignity, and the rich sit in low place. 	 (8) He who digs a pit will fall into it; and whoever breaks a hedge, a snake will bite him. (9) Whoever removes stones will be hurt by it; and he who splits wood will be endangered by it. (10) If the iron is blunt, and he does not sharpen the edge, then he must use more strength: but wisdom <i>is</i> profitable to direct. (11) Surely the snake will bite without enchantment; and a babbler is no better. (12) The words of a wise man's mouth <i>are</i> gracious; but the lips of a fool will swallow up himself. (13) The beginning of the words of his mouth <i>is</i> foolishness: and the end of his talk <i>is</i> mischievous madness. (14) A fool also is full of words: a man cannot tell what will be; and what will be after him, who can tell him? (15) The labor of the foolish wearies everyone of them, because he does not know how to go to the city. (16) Woe to you, O land, when your king <i>is</i> a child, and your princes eat in the morning! (17) Blessed <i>are</i> you, O land, when your king <i>is</i> the son of nobles, and your princes eat in due season, for strength, and not for drunkenness! (18) By much laziness the building decays; and through idleness of the hands

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 (5) Also <i>when</i> they will be afraid of <i>that which is</i> high, and fears <i>will be</i> in the way, and the almond tree will flourish, and the grasshopper will be a burden, and desire will fail: because man goes to his long home, and the mourners go about the streets: (6) Or ever the silver cord be loosed, or the golden bowl be broken, or the pitcher be broken at the fountain, or the wheel broken at the cistern. (7) Then the dust will return to the earth as it was: and the spirit will return to God Who gave it. (8) Vanity of vanities, says the preacher; all <i>is</i> vanity. (9) And furthermore, because the preacher was wise, he still taught the people knowledge; yes, he gave good heed, and sought out, <i>and</i> set in order many proverbs. 	 (10) The preacher sought to find out acceptable words: and <i>that which was</i> written <i>was</i> upright, <i>even</i> words of truth. (11) The words of the wise <i>are</i> as goads {pointed sticks; cattle prods}, and as nails fastened <i>by</i> the masters of assemblies, <i>which</i> are given from one shepherd. (12) And further, by these, my son, be admonished: of making many books <i>there is</i> no end; and much study <i>is</i> a weariness of the flesh. (13) Let us hear the conclusion of the whole matter: Fear {reverence} God, and keep His commandments: because this <i>is</i> the whole <i>duty</i> of man. (14) Because God will bring every work into judgment, with every secret thing, whether <i>it is</i> good, or whether <i>it is</i> evil.

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