{46} I Corinthians		
 (9) God <i>is</i> faithful, by Whom you were called to the fellowship of His Son Jesus Christ our Lord. (10) Now I urge you, brothers, by the Name of our Lord Jesus Christ, that you all be in agreement, and <i>that</i> there be no divisions among you; but <i>that</i> you be perfectly joined together in the same mind and in the same judgment. (11) Because it has been declared to me of you, my brothers, by those <i>who are of the house</i> of Chloe, that there are contentions among you. (12) Now this I say, that everyone of you says, I am of Paul; and I <i>am</i> of Christ. (13) Is Christ divided? was Paul crucified for you? or were you baptized in the name of Paul? (14) I thank God that I baptized none of you, except Crispus and Gaius; (15) Lest any should say that I had baptized in my own name. (16) And I baptized also the household of Stephanas: besides <i>these</i>, I do not know whether I baptized any other. 		
 1:2a - sanctified - made pure, clean, without sin {because of Jesus' sacrifice} 1:2b - saints - holy ones {holy because of Jesus} 1:3c - Grace and Peace - grace always precedes peace - Rom. 1:7; II Cor. 1:2; Gal. 1:3; Eph. 1:2; Phil. 1:2; Col. 1:2; I Thes. 1:1; II Thes. 1:2; I Tim. 1:2; II Tim. 1:2; Tit. 1:4; Philemon 1:3; I Pet. 1:2; II Pet. 1:2; II Jn. 1:3 - grace means receiving something as a free gift that is totally undeserved 1:8d - "the day of our Lord Jesus Christ" - i.e. the Rapture Note: whenever Jesus' Name or "Christ" is used in reference to the coming of the Lord, it is always a day of joy for believers. Whenever Jesus' Name or "Christ" is not used in reference to the coming of the Lord, it is always a day of got or the final judgment, a day of darkness and judgment on ungodly men. [Such as "the day of the Lord" or "the day of God"] - Rev. 19:11-21; Rev. 20:7-15 		

46.001/026 I Corinthians Chapter 1 KJP (Page 1851)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (17) Because Christ did not send me to baptize, but to preach the gospel: not with wisdom of words, lest the cross of Christ should be made of no effect. (18) Because the preaching of the cross is foolishness to those who perish; but to us who are saved it is the power of God. (19) Because it is written, I will destroy the wisdom of the wise, and will bring to nothing the understanding of the prudent {wise}, e (20) Where are the wise? where is the scribe? where is the disputer of this world? (21) Because in the wisdom of God the world by wisdom did not know God, it pleased God by the foolishness of preaching to save those who believe. (22) Because the Jews require a sign, and the Greeks seek after wisdom: (23) But we preach Christ crucified, to the Jews a stumbling block, and to the Greeks foolishness; (24) But to those who are called, both Jews and Greeks, Christ is the power of God, and the wisdom of God. (25) Because the foolishness of God is wiser than men; and the weakness of God is stronger than men. (26) Because you see your calling, brothers, how that not many wise men after the flesh, not many mighty, not many noble, are called: 	 (27) But God has chosen the foolish things of the world to confound the wise; and God has chosen the weak things of the world to confound the things which are mighty; (28) And base things of the world, and things which are despised, God has chosen, <i>yes</i>, and things which are not, to bring to nothing things that are: (29) That no flesh should glory in His presence. (30) But of Him you are in Christ Jesus, Who of God is made to us wisdom, and righteousness, and sanctification, and redemption: (31) That, accordingly as it is written, Let him who boasts, let him boast in the Lord.^f Chapter 2 (1) And I, brothers, when I came to you, did not come with eloquence of speech or of wisdom, declaring to you the testimony of God. (2) Because I determined not to know anything among you, except Jesus Christ, and Him crucified. (3) And I was with you in weakness, and in fear, and in much trembling. (4) And my speech and my preaching <i>was</i> not with enticing words of man's wisdom, but in demonstration of the Spirit and of power:
1:31f - Jer. 9:23-24	

46.002/026 I Corinthians Chapter 1-2 KJP (Page 1852)

{46} I Co	rinthians
 (5) That your faith should not stand in the wisdom of men, but in the power of God. (6) However we speak wisdom among those who are perfect {mature}: yet not the wisdom of this world, nor of the princes of this world, that come to nothing: (7) But we speak the wisdom of God in a mystery, <i>even</i> the hidden <i>wisdom</i>, which God ordained before the world to our glory: (8) Which none of the princes of this world knew: because had they known <i>it</i>, they would not have crucified the Lord of glory. 	 (13) Which things also we speak, not in the words which man's wisdom teaches, but which the Holy Spirit teaches; comparing spiritual things with spiritual. (14) But the natural man does not receive the things of the Spirit of God: because they are foolishness to him: neither can he know <i>them</i>, because they are spiritually discerned. (15) But he who is spiritual judges all things, yet he himself is judged by no man. (16) Because who has known the mind of the Lord, that he may instruct Him? But we have the mind of Christ.
 (9) But as it is written, Eye has not seen, nor ear heard, neither has it entered into the heart of man, the things which God has prepared for those who love Him.^a (10) But God has revealed <i>them</i> to us by His Spirit: because the Spirit searches all things, yes, the deep things of God. (11) Because what man knows the things of a man, except the spirit of man which is in him? even so the things of God no man knows, except the Spirit of God. (12) Now we have received, not the spirit of the world, but the Spirit which is of God; that we might know the things that are freely given to us by God. 	 Chapter 3 And I, brothers, could not speak to you as to spiritual, but as to carnal {worldly}, even as to babes in Christ. I have fed you with milk, and not with meat: because up to now you were not able to bear it, neither are you now yet able {to bear it}. Because you are still carnal {worldly}: because whereas there is among you envying, and strife, and divisions, are you not carnal {worldly}, and walk as men? Because while one says, I am of Paul; and another, I am of Apollos; are you not carnal {worldly}?
2:9a - Is. 64:4	

46.003/026 I Corinthians Chapter 2-3 KJP (Page 1853)

46.004/026 I Corinthians Chapter 3-4 KJP (Page 1854)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (4) Because I know nothing by myself; yet I am not justified because of it: but He Who judges me is the Lord. (5) Therefore judge nothing before the time, until the Lord comes, Who both will bring to light the hidden things of darkness, and will reveal the counsels of the hearts: and then every man shall have praise from God. (6) And these things, brothers, I have in a figure transferred to myself and to Apollos for your sakes; that you might learn in us not to think of men above that which is written, that no one of you be puffed up against one another. (7) Because who causes you to differ from another? and what do you have that you did not receive? now if you received it, why do you take pride in it, as if you had not received it? (8) Now you are full, now you are rich, you have reigned as kings without us: and I wish to God you did reign, that we also might reign with you. (9) Because I think that God has set forth us the apostles last, as it were appointed to death: because we are made a spectacle to the world, and to angels, and to men. (10) We are fools for Christ's sake, but you are strong; you are honorable, but we are despised. 	 (11) Even to this present hour we both hunger, and thirst, and are naked, and are beaten, and have no certain place to live; (12) And labor, working with our own hands: being reviled {mocked; made fun of}, we bless; being persecuted, we suffer it: (13) Being slandered, we ask that they be forgiven: we are made as the filth of the world, and are the scum of all things to this day. (14) I write these things not to shame you, but as my beloved sons I warn you. (15) Because though you have ten thousand instructors in Christ, yet you do not have many fathers: because in Christ Jesus I have fathered you through the gospel. (16) Therefore I urge you, be my followers. (17) Because for this reason I have sent to you Timothy, who is my beloved son, and faithful in the Lord, who shall remind you of my ways which are in Christ, as I teach everywhere in every church. (18) Now some are puffed up {with pride}, as though I would not come to you. (19) But I will come to you shortly, if the Lord wills, and will know, not the speech of those who are puffed up {with pride}, but the power.

46.005/026 I Corinthians Chapter 4 KJP (Page 1855)

{46} I Corinthians		
 (20) Because the kingdom of God <i>is</i> not in word, but in power. (21) What do you want? shall I come to you with a rod, or in love, and <i>in</i> the spirit of humility? Chapter 5 (1) It is reported commonly <i>that there is</i> fornication {sex outside of marriage}^a among you, and such fornication as is not so much as named among the Gentiles {non-Jews}, that one should have his father's wife.^b (2) And you are puffed up {with pride}, and have not rather mourned, that he who has done this deed might be taken away from among you. (3) Because truly I, though absent in body, but present in spirit, have judged already, as though I were present, <i>concerning</i> him who has so done this deed, (4) In the Name of our Lord Jesus Christ, when you are gathered together, and my spirit, with the power of our Lord Jesus Christ, (5) To deliver such a one to Satan for the destruction of the flesh, that the spirit may be saved in the day of the Lord Jesus.^c (6) Your boasting <i>is</i> not good. Do you not know that a little leaven leavens the whole lump? 	 (7) Purge out therefore the old leaven, that you may be a new lump, as you are unleavened. Because even Christ our Passover is sacrificed for us: (8) Therefore let us keep the feast, not with old leaven, neither with the leaven of malice and wickedness; but with the unleavened <i>bread</i> of sincerity and truth. (9) I wrote to you in a letter not to keep company with fornicators {people who have sex outside of marriage}:^d (10) Yet not altogether with the fornicators of this world, or with the covetous {greedy}, or extortionists, or with idolaters; because then you would need to go out of the world. (11) But now I have written to you not to keep company, if any man that is called a brother is a fornicator {has sex outside of marriage},^d or covetous {greedy},^e or an idolater, or one who rages against others, or a drunkard, or an extortionist; with such a one do not eat. (12) Because what have I to do to judge those also who are outside? Do you not judge those who are inside? (13) But those who are outside God judges. Therefore put away from among yourselves that wicked person. 	
5:1a – fornication – sex outside of marriage - See Mat. 5:32 5:1b – See Ezek. 22:10 5:5c - See note on I Cor. 1:8 5:9,11d - See Mat.5:32 5:11e – covetous – wanting things that belong to others – greedy – Ex. 20:17		

46.006/026 I Corinthians Chapter 4-5 KJP (Page 1856)

{46} I Corinthians		
Chapter 6 (1) Dare any of you, having a matter against another, go to law before the unjust, and not before the saints? (2) Do you not know that the saints shall judge the world? and if the world shall be judged by you, are you unworthy to judge the smallest matters? (3) Do you not know that we shall judge angels? how much more things that pertain to this life? (4) If then you have judgments of things pertaining to this life, set those to judge who are least esteemed in the church. (5) I speak to your shame. Is it so, that there is not a wise man among you? no, not one who shall be able to judge between his brothers? (6) But brother goes to law with brother, and that before the unbelievers. (7) Now therefore there is completely a fault among you, because you go to law one with another. Why do you not rather take wrong? why do you not rather <i>allow</i> yourselves to be defrauded? (8) No, you do wrong, and defraud, and that to your brothers. (9) Do you not know that the unrighteous shall not inherit the kingdom of God? Do not be deceived: neither fornicators {people who have sex with someone other than their spouse}, nor effeminate {homosexuals; those who have sex with the same gender}, nor those who abuse themselves {their bodies} with mankind,	 (10) Nor thieves, nor covetous {greedy}, nor drunkards, nor revilers {slanderers}, nor extortionists, shall inherit the kingdom of God. (11) And such were some of you: but you are washed, but you are sanctified {made holy}, but you are justified in the Name of the Lord Jesus, and by the Spirit of our God. (12) All things are lawful to me, but all things are not expedient {beneficia}: all things are lawful for me, but I will not be brought under the power of any. (13) Meats for the belly, and the belly for meats: but God shall destroy both it and them. Now the body <i>is</i> not for fornication {sex outside of marriage}, but for the Lord, and will also raise up us by His own power. (15) Do you not know that your bodies are the members of Christ? shall I then take the members of a prostitute? God forbid. (16) What? Do you not know that he who is joined to a prostitute is one body {with her}? Because He says, the two, shall become one flesh.^a (17) But he who is joined to the Lord is one spirit. 	
6:16a - Gen. 2:24		

46.007/026 I Corinthians Chapter 6 KJP (Page 1857)

46.008/026 I Corinthians Chapter 6-7 KJP (Page 1858)

46.009/026 I Corinthians Chapter 7 KJP (Page 1859)

7:39b - marry <u>in the Lord</u> - i.e. a believer must never marry an unbeliever. The previous verses about believers married to unbelievers has to do with those who become believers but are still married to unbelievers. A believer must always be sure the person he or she is planning to marry is a believer. See II Cor. 6:14-15; Lev. 34:16; Ezr. 9:2,12; Neh. 13:25; Mal. 2:11

46.010/026 I Corinthians Chapter 7-8 KJP (Page 1860)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (9) But take heed lest by any means this liberty of yours becomes a stumbling block to those who are weak. (10) Because if any man sees you who has knowledge sit at meat in the idol's temple, shall not his conscience which is weak be emboldened to eat those things which are offered to idols; (11) And through your knowledge shall the weak brother perish, for whom Christ died? (12) But when you sin so against the brothers, and wound their weak conscience, you sin against Christ. (13) Therefore, if meat causes my brother to be offended, I will eat no meat while the world stands, lest I cause my brother to be offended. Chapter 9 (1) Am I not an apostle? am I not free? have I not seen Jesus Christ our Lord? are you not my work in the Lord? (2) If I am not an apostle to others, yet doubtless I am to you: because you are the seal of my apostleship in the Lord. (3) My answer to those who examine me is this, (4) Do we not have power to lead about a sister, a wife, as well as other apostles, and <i>as</i> the brothers of the Lord, and Cephas? 	 (6) Or I only and Barnabas, do we not have power to forbear working? (7) Who goes to war at any time at his own charges? who plants a vineyard, and does not eat of its fruit? or who feeds a flock, and does not drink of the milk of the flock? (8) Do I say these things as a man? or does the law not also say the same? (9) Because it is written in the law of Moses, You shall not muzzle the mouth of the ox that treads out the corn.^a Does God take care for oxen? (10) Or does He say <i>it</i> altogether for our sakes? For our sakes, no doubt, <i>this</i> is written: that he who plows should plow in hope; and that he who threshes in hope should be partaker of his hope. (11) If we have sown to you spiritual things, <i>is it</i> a great thing if we shall reap your carnal {worldly} things? (12) If others are partakers of <i>this</i> power over you, do we not have the same right? Nevertheless we have not used this power; but suffer all things, lest we should hinder the gospel of Christ. (13) Do you not know that those who minister about holy things live <i>off the things</i> of the temple? and those who wait at the altar are partakers with the altar?^b
9:9a - Deut. 25:4	

9:13b - Num. 18:24-31 - at the Lord's command the Levites were to be provided for by the tithes and offerings brought to them

46.011/026 I Corinthians Chapter 8-9 KJP (Page 1861)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (14) Even so has the Lord ordained that those who preach the gospel should live of the gospel. (15) But I have used none of these things: neither have I written these things, that it should be so done to me: because <i>it would be</i> better for me to die, than that any man should make my boasting void. (16) Because though I preach the gospel, I have nothing to boast about: because necessity is laid upon me; yes, woe is me, if I do not preach the gospel! (17) Because if I do this thing willingly, I have a reward: but if against my will, a stewardship <i>of the gospel</i> is committed to me. (18) What is my reward then? <i>Truly</i> that, when I preach the gospel, I may make the gospel of Christ without charge, that I do not abuse my power in the gospel. (19) Because though I am free from all <i>men</i>, yet I have made myself servant to all, that I might gain the Jews; to those who are under the law, as under the law, that I might gain those who are under the law; (21) To those who are without law, as without law, (being not without law, as without law, the I might gain those who are without law. (22) To the weak I became as weak, that I might gain the weak: I am made all things to all <i>men</i>, that I might by all means save some. 	 (23) And this I do for the gospel's sake, that I might be partaker with <i>you</i>. (24) Do you not know that those who run in a race all run, but one receives the prize? So run, that you may obtain. (25) And every man who strives for the mastery is temperate in all things. Now they <i>do it</i> to obtain a corruptible crown;^c but we an incorruptible {<i>crown</i>}. (26) I therefore so run, not as uncertainly; so I fight, not as one who beats the air: (27) But I keep control over my body, and bring <i>it</i> into subjection: lest that by any means, when I have preached to others, I myself should be a castaway. Chapter 10 (1) Moreover, brothers, I do not want you to be ignorant, how that all our forefathers were under the cloud, and all passed through the sea; (2) And were all baptized unto Moses in the cloud and in the sea; (3) And all ate the same spiritual meat; (4) And all drank the same spiritual Meat; (5) But with many of them God was not well pleased: because they were overthrown in the wilderness. (6) Now these things were our examples, to the intent that we should not lust after evil things, as they also lusted.
9.25c - crown - stephanon (orequivor) - crown or victory	

46.012/026 I Corinthians Chapter 9-10 KJP (Page 1862)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (7) Neither be idolaters, as <i>were</i> some of them; as it is written, The people sat down to eat and drink, and rose up to play.^a (8) Neither let us commit fornication {sex outside of marriage}, as some of them committed, and twenty-three thousand fell in one day. (9) Neither let us tempt Christ, as some of them also tempted, and were destroyed by snakes.^b (10) Nor murmur, as some of them also murmured, and were destroyed by the destroyer.^c (11) Now all these things happened to them for examples: and they are written for our warning, upon whom the ends of the world have come. (12) Therefore let him who thinks he stands take heed lest he fall. (13) There has no temptation overtaken you but such as is common to man: but God <i>is</i> faithful, Who will not allow you to be tempted above what you are able <i>to bear</i>; but will with the temptation also make a way to escape, that you may be able to bear <i>it.</i>^d (14) Therefore, my dearly beloved, flee from idolatry. (15) I speak as to wise men; you judge what I say. 	 (16) The cup of blessing which we bless, is it not the communion of the blood of Christ? The bread which we break, is it not the communion of the body of Christ? (17) Because we <i>being</i> many are one bread, <i>and</i> one body: because we are all partakers of that one Bread. (18) Consider Israel after the flesh: are not those who eat of the sacrifices partakers of the altar?^e (19) What do I say then? that the idol is anything, or that which is offered in sacrifice to idols is anything? (20) But <i>I say</i>, that the things which the Gentiles {non-Jews} sacrifice, they sacrifice to demons, and not to God: and I do not want you to have fellowship with demons. (21) You cannot drink the cup of the Lord, and the cup of demons: you cannot be partakers of the Lord's table, and of the table of demons. (22) Do we provoke the Lord to jealousy? are we stronger than He? (23) All things are lawful for me, but all things are not expedient: all things are lawful for me, but all things do not profit. (24) Let no man seek his own, but every man another's <i>wellbeing</i>. (25) Whatsoever is sold in the market places, <i>that</i> eat, asking no question for conscience sake:
10:7a - Ex. 32:6-28 10:9b - Num. 21:6 10:10c - Num. 14:2-35 10:13d – James 1:13-14 – God Himself tempts no one 10:18e – See note on I Cor. 9:13	

46.013/026 I Corinthians Chapter 10 KJP (Page 1863)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (26) Because the earth <i>is</i> the Lord's, and its fullness. (27) If any of those who do not believe bid you <i>to a feast</i>, and you are disposed to go; whatever is set before you, eat, asking no questions for conscience sake. (28) But if any man says to you, This is offered in sacrifice to idols, do not eat for his sake who told you, and for conscience sake: because the earth <i>is</i> the Lord's, and its fullness: (29) Conscience, I say, not your own {conscience}; because why is my liberty judged by another <i>man's</i> conscience? (30) But if I by grace am a partaker, why am I evilly spoken of for that for which I give thanks? (31) Whether you eat, or drink, or whatever you do, do all to the glory of God. (32) Give no offense, neither to the Jews, nor to the Gentiles {non-Jews}, nor to the church of God: (33) Even as I please all <i>men</i> in all <i>things</i>, not seeking my own profit, but the <i>profit</i> of many, that they may be saved. 	 Chapter 11 Be my followers, even as I also am of Christ. Now I praise you, brothers, that you remember me in all things, and keep the ordinances, as I delivered <i>them</i> to you. But I would have you know, that the head of every man is Christ; and the head of the woman <i>is</i> the man; and the head of Christ <i>is</i> God. Every man praying or prophesying, having <i>his</i> head covered, dishonors his head. But every woman who prays or prophesies with <i>her</i> head uncovered dishonors her head: because that is the same as if she were shaved. Because if the woman is not covered, let her also be shaved: but if it is a shame for a woman to be shaved, let her be covered. Because a man indeed ought not to cover <i>his</i> head, inasmuch as he is the image and glory of God: but the woman; but the woman of the man.
 (30) But if I by grace am a partaker, why am I evilly spoken of for that for which I give thanks? (31) Whether you eat, or drink, or whatever you do, do all to the glory of God. (32) Give no offense, neither to the Jews, nor to the Gentiles {non-Jews}, nor to the church of God: (33) Even as I please all <i>men</i> in all <i>things</i>, not seeking my own profit, but the <i>profit</i> 	 dishonors her head: because same as if she were shaved. (6) Because if the woman is n let her also be shaved: but if it for a woman to be shaved, covered. (7) Because a man indeed ou cover <i>his</i> head, inasmuch as image and glory of God: but the glory of the man. (8) Because the man is not of the glory of the man.

46.014/026 I Corinthians Chapter 10-11 KJP (Page 1864)

{46} I Co	rinthians
 (9) Neither was the man created for the woman; but the woman for the man. (10) Because for this reason the woman ought to have power on <i>her</i> head^a as a witness to the angels. (11) Nevertheless neither is the man without the woman, neither the woman mithout the woman, in the Lord. (12) Because as the woman <i>is</i> of the man, even so <i>is</i> the man also by the woman; but all things of God. (13) Judge in yourselves: is it becoming that a woman pray to God uncovered? (14) Does not even nature itself teach you, that, if a man has long hair, it is a shame to him? (15) But if a woman has long hair, it is a glory to her: because <i>her</i> hair is given to her for a covering. (16) But if any man seems to be contentious, we have no such custom, neither the churches of God. (17) Now in this that I declare <i>to you</i> I do not praise <i>you</i>, that you come together not for the better, but for the worse. (18) Because first of all, when you come together in the church, I hear that there are divisions among you; and I partly believe it. (19) Because there must be also heresies among you, that those who are approved may be revealed among you. 	 (20) When you come together therefore into one place, <i>this</i> is not to eat the Lord's supper. (21) Because in eating everyone takes his own supper before <i>the other</i>: and one is hungry, and another is drunken. (22) What? have you not houses to eat and to drink in? or do you despise the church of God, and shame those who do not have? What shall I say to you? shall I praise you in this? I do not praise <i>you</i>. (23) Because I have received of the Lord that which I also delivered to you, That the Lord Jesus the <i>same</i> night in which He was betrayed took bread: (24) And when He had given thanks, He broke <i>it</i>, and said, Take, eat: this is My body, which is broken for you: do this in memory of Me. (25) After the same manner also <i>He took</i> the cup, when He had eaten, saying, This cup is the new testament in My blood: do this, as often as you drink <i>it</i>, in memory of Me. (26) Because as often as you eat this bread, and drink this cup, you show the Lord's death until He comes.

46.015/026 I Corinthians Chapter 11 KJP (Page 1865)

{46} I Co	rinthians
{46} I Co (27) Therefore whoever shall eat this bread, and drink <i>this</i> cup of the Lord, unworthily, shall be guilty of the body and blood of the Lord. ^b (28) But let a man examine himself, and so let him eat of <i>that</i> bread, and drink of <i>that</i> cup. (29) Because he who eats and drinks unworthily, eats and drinks damnation to himself, not discerning the Lord's body. (30) For this reason many <i>are</i> weak and sickly among you, and many sleep. (31) Because if we would judge ourselves, we should not be judged. (32) But when we are judged, we are disciplined by the Lord, that we should not be condemned with the world. (33) Therefore, my brothers, when you come together to eat, wait for one another. (34) And if any man is hungry, let him eat at home; that you not come together to condemnation. And the rest I will set in order when I come. Chapter 12 (1) Now concerning spiritual <i>gifts</i> , brothers, I do not want you to be ignorant. (2) You know that you were Gentiles {non-Jews}, carried away to these dumb idols, even as you were led.	 (3) Therefore I give you to understand, that no man speaking by the Spirit of God calls Jesus accursed: and <i>that</i> no man can say that Jesus is the Lord, but by the Holy Spirit. (4) Now there are differing gifts, but the same Spirit. (5) And there are differences of administrations, but the same Lord. (6) And there are differing operations, but it is the same God Who works all in all. (7) But the revelation of the Spirit is given to every man to profit from. (8) Because to one is given by the Spirit the word of wisdom; to another the word of knowledge by the same Spirit; (9) To another faith by the same Spirit; to another the gifts of healing by the same Spirit; (10) To another the working of miracles; to another prophecy; to another discerning of spirits; to another the interpretation of tongues: (11) But all these work that one and the same Spirit, dividing to every man severally as He wills. (12) Because as the body is one, and has many members, and all the members of that one body, being many, are one body: so also <i>is</i> Christ.
11:27b - see 11:21 - eat and drink "unworthi	ly" - the issue here is not whether any of us

11:27b - see 11:21 - eat and drink "unworthily" - the issue here is not whether any of us are "worthy" to take of the Lord's supper, but that the Lord's supper should be taken in reverence and respect - apparently from verse 21 some were gorging themselves on the bread and getting drunk on the wine and as a result others did not get to participate in the Lord's supper. See verse 34. The instruction in verse 34 is for people to eat their meals at home and not gorge themselves on the Lord's supper.

46.016/026 I Corinthians Chapter 11-12 KJP (Page 1866)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (13) Because by one Spirit we are all baptized into one body, whether <i>we are</i> Jews or Gentiles {non-Jews}, whether <i>we are</i> slave or free; and have been all made to drink into one Spirit. (14) Because the body is not one member, but many. (15) If the foot should say, Because I am not the hand, I am not of the body; is it therefore not of the body? (16) And if the ear should say, Because I am not the eye, I am not of the body; is it therefore not of the body? (17) If the whole body <i>were</i> an eye, where <i>would be</i> the hearing? If the whole <i>were</i> hearing, where <i>would</i> the smelling be? (18) But now God has set the members everyone of them in the body, as it has pleased Him. (19) And if they were all one member, where <i>would</i> the body be? (20) But now <i>they are</i> many members, yet but one body. (21) And the eye cannot say to the hand, I have no need of you: nor again the head to the feet, I have no need of you. (22) No, much more those members of the body, which seem to be more feeble, are necessary: 	 (23) And those members of the body, which we think to be less honorable, upon these we bestow more abundant honor; and our unpresentable parts have more abundant beauty.^a (24) Because our more beautiful parts have no need: but God has tempered the body together, having given more abundant honor to that part which lacks: (25) That there should be no division in the body; but that the members should have the same care for one another. (26) And when one member suffers, all the members suffer with it; or one member is honored, all the members rejoice with it. (27) Now you are the body of Christ, and members in particular. (28) And God has set some in the church, first apostles, second prophets, third teachers, after that miracles, then gifts of healings, helps, governments, varieties of tongues. (29) Are all apostles {no}?^b are all prophets {no}?^b are all workers of miracles {no}?^b do all speak with tongues {no}?^b do all interpret {no}?^b
 12:23-24a - less honorable we bestow more honor, unpresentable parts i.e. we are careful to cover our private parts so that they are not seen, but our face and more presentable parts of our body do not require such coverings. Each part of the body has its own purpose which God has provided for the benefit of the entire body. 12:29-30b - the wording requires a "no" answer to each of the questions 	

46.017/026 I Corinthians Chapter 12 KJP (Page 1867)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (31) But earnestly desire the best gifts: and yet I will show to you a more excellent way. Chapter 13 (1) Though I speak with the languages of men and of angels, and do not have charity {love},^a I have become as sounding brass, or a tinkling cymbal. (2) And though I have the gift of prophecy, and understand all mysteries, and all knowledge; and though I have all faith, so that I could remove mountains, and do not have charity {love}, I am nothing. (3) And though I bestow all my goods to feed the poor, and though I give my body to be burned, and do not have charity {love}, it does not profit me anything. (4) Charity {love} suffers long, and is kind; charity {love} does not envy; charity {love} does not flaunt itself, is not puffed up {with pride}, (5) Does not behave itself unseemly, does not seek her own benefit, is not easily provoked, thinks no evil; (6) Does not rejoice in sin, but rejoices in the truth; (7) Bears all things, believes all things, hopes all things, endures all things. (8) Charity {love} never fails: but where there are prophecies, they shall fail; where there are languages they shall cease; where there is knowledge, it shall vanish away. 13:1a - charity - agape love { \alpha \al	e as <u>charity</u> because <u>godly love is not an</u>
46.018/026 I Corinthians Chapter 12-14 KJP (Page 1868)	

{46} I Corinthians (12) Even so you, inasmuch as you are I desire that you all spoke with (5){spiritual} languages, but even more that zealous of spiritual *gifts*, seek that you you prophesied: because greater *is* he who may excel to the encouragement of the prophesies than he who speaks with church. {spiritual} languages, unless he (13) Therefore let him who speaks in an interprets, that the church may receive *unknown* language pray that he may encouragement. interpret. Now, brothers, if I come to you (14) Because if I pray in an unknown (6) speaking with {spiritual} languages, what language, my spirit prays, but my shall I profit you, unless I shall speak to understanding is unfruitful. you either by revelation, or by knowledge, (15) What is it then? I will pray with the or by prophesying, or by teaching? spirit. and I will prav with the understanding also: I will sing with the (7) And even things without life giving sound, whether pipe or harp, unless they spirit, and I will sing with the give a distinction in the sounds, how shall understanding also. it be known what is piped or harped? (16) Else when you shall bless with the (8) Because if the trumpet gives an spirit, how shall he who occupies the uncertain sound, who shall prepare room of the unlearned say Amen {Let it himself to the battle? be} at your giving of thanks, since he does not understand what you say? (9) So likewise you, unless you speak by the {spiritual} language words easy to be (17) Because you truly give thanks well, understood, how shall it be known what is but the other is not encouraged. spoken? because you shall speak into the (18)I thank my God, I speak with {spiritual} languages more than you all: air. (10) There are, it may be, so many kinds (19) Yet in the church I had rather speak of voices in the world, and none of them is five words with my understanding, that without significance. by my voice I might teach others also, (11)Therefore if I do not know the than ten thousand words in an *unknown* meaning of the voice, I shall be to him language. who speaks a barbarian {uneducated; (20)Brothers, do not be children in uncivilized}, and he who speaks *shall be* a understanding: let it be that in malice you barbarian {uneducated; uncivilized} to children, but in understanding be are me. men.

46.019/026 I Corinthians Chapter 14 KJP (Page 1869)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (21) In the law it is written, With men of other languages and other lips I will speak to this people; and yet for all that they will not listen to Me, says the Lord.^a (22) Therefore {spiritual} languages are for a sign, not to those who believe, but to those who do not believe: but prophesying does not serve those who do not believe, but those who believe. (23) If therefore the whole church comes together into one place, and all speak with {unknown} languages, and there comes in those who does not believe, or unbelievers, will they not say that you are mad? (24) But if all prophesy, and there comes in one who does not believe, or one unlearned, he is convicted of all, he is judged of all: (25) And so the secrets of his heart are revealed; and so falling down on his face he will worship God, and report that God is truly in you. (26) How is it then, brothers? when you come together, every one of you has a song, has a teaching, has a {spiritual} language, has a revelation, has an interpretation. Let all things be done to the up-building {of the church}. 	 (27) If any man speaks in an <i>unknown</i> language, <i>let it be</i> by two, or at the most <i>by</i> three, and <i>that</i> by course; and let one interpret. (28) But if there is no interpreter, let him keep silence in the church; and let him speak to himself, and to God.^b (29) Let the prophets speak two or three, and let the others judge. (30) If <i>anything</i> is revealed to another who sits by, let the first hold his peace. (31) Because you may all prophesy one by one, that all may learn, and all may be comforted. (32) And the spirits of the prophets are subject to the prophets. (33) Because God is not <i>the author</i> of confusion, but of peace, as in all churches of the saints. (34) Let your women keep silence in the churches: because it is not permitted for them to speak; but <i>they are commanded</i> to be under obedience, as also the law says.^c (35) And if they will learn anything, let them ask their husbands at home: because it is a shame for women to speak in the church. (36) What? Did the word of God come out from you? or did it come to you only?

14:21a - Is. 28:11

14:28b – If there is no one to interpret – tongues {unknown} languages are not allowed in the church!

14:34c - Gen. 3:16 - i.e. women are not to speak out in church [this was the custom of the Jews in the synagogues which Paul carries over to the modern church - see chapter 11] - This also suggests that women {and men} should not be talking about other things when they should be listening to what is being said.

46.020/026 I Corinthians Chapter 14 KJP (Page 1870)

46.021/026 I Corinthians Chapter 14-15 KJP (Page 1871)

{46} I Co	orinthians
 (18) Then they also who have fallen asleep in Christ have perished. (19) If in this life only we have hope in Christ, we are of all men most miserable. (20) But now Christ has risen from the dead, and become the first-fruits of those who slept. (21) Because since by man death came, by Man the resurrection of the dead came also. (22) Because as in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive. (23) But every man in his own order: Christ the first-fruits; afterward those who are Christ's at His coming.^b (24) Then comes the end, when He shall have delivered up the kingdom to God, even the Father; when He shall have put down all rule and all authority and power. (25) Because He must reign, until He has put all enemies under His feet. (26) The last enemy that shall be destroyed is death. (27) Because He has put all things under His feet. But when He says all things are put under Him, it is revealed that He is excepted, Who put all things under Him. (28) And when all things shall be subdued to Him, then the Son shall also Himself be subject to Him Who put all things under Him, all. 	 (29) Else what shall they do who are baptized for the dead, if the dead do not rise at all? why are they then baptized for the dead?^c (30) And why do we stand in jeopardy every hour? (31) I protest by your rejoicing which I have in Christ Jesus our Lord, I die daily. (32) If after the manner of men I have fought with beasts at Ephesus, what advantage is it to me, if the dead do not rise? let us eat and drink; because tomorrow we die. (33) Do not be deceived: evil communications corrupt good manners. (34) Awake to righteousness, and do not sin; because some do not have the knowledge of God: I speak <i>this</i> to your shame. (35) But some <i>man</i> will say, How are the dead raised up? and with what body do they come? (36) <i>You</i> fool, that which you sow does not come alive, unless it dies: (37) And that which you sow, is not sown in that body that shall be, but bare grain, it may chance of wheat, or of some other <i>grain:</i> (38) But God gives it a body as it has pleased Him, and to every seed its own body.
15:23b - His coming - i.e. the Rapture - see Is. 26:20	

15:29c - baptized for the dead - literally baptized on <u>behalf</u> of the dead - apparently some practiced baptizing by proxy, where someone is baptized for someone who is already dead. Interestingly, Paul not only does not criticize this practice, but uses it as an argument for the resurrection of the dead.

46.022/026 I Corinthians Chapter 15 KJP (Page 1872)

{46} I Corinthians	
 (39) All flesh <i>is</i> not the same flesh: but <i>there is</i> one <i>kind of</i> flesh of men, another flesh of beasts, another of fish, <i>and</i> another of birds.^d (40) <i>There are</i> also heavenly bodies, and earthly bodies: but the glory of the heavenly <i>is</i> one, and the <i>glory</i> of the heavenly <i>is</i> one, and the <i>glory</i> of the earthly <i>is</i> another. (41) <i>There is</i> one glory of the sun, and another glory of the moon, and another glory of the moon, and another glory of the stars: because <i>one</i> star differs from <i>another</i> star in glory. (42) So also <i>is</i> the resurrection of the dead. It is sown in corruption; it is raised in incorruption: (43) It is sown in dishonor; it is raised in glory: it is sown in weakness; it is raised a spiritual body. There is a natural body, and there is a spiritual body. (45) And so it is written, The first man Adam was made a living soul; the last Adam <i>was made</i> a life giving Spirit. (46) So it is that which is natural; and afterward that which is spiritual. (47) The first man <i>is</i> of the earth, earthy: the second Man <i>is</i> the Lord from heaven. 	 (48) As <i>is</i> the earthy, such <i>are</i> they also who are earthy: and as <i>is</i> the heavenly, such <i>are</i> those also who are heavenly. (49) And as we have borne the image of the earthy, we shall also bear the image of the heavenly. (50) Now this I say, brothers, that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God; neither does corruption inherit incorruption. (51) Look, I show you a mystery; We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed, (52) In a moment,^e in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trump:^f because the trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed. (53) Because this corruptible must put on incorruption, and this mortal <i>must</i> put on immortality. (54) So when this corruptible shall have put on immortality, then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written, Death is swallowed up in victory.^g (55) O death, where <i>is</i> your sting? O grave, where <i>is</i> your victory?
 15:39d - the flesh of man, or of animals, or of fish, or of birds is not the same – anyone who eats meat knows that the meat of cattle is not the same as the meat of fish, or of birds – it doesn't look the same, it doesn't smell the same, it doesn't taste the same. 15:52e – moment – has a special meaning – 5/114 seconds – see <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u> – note "twinkling" of an eye not "blink" of an eye! 15:52f – last trumpet – see <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy</u> <u>Days</u> – see also <u>Appendix N: Fulfilled Holy Days</u> 15:54g - Is. 25:8 	

46.023/026 I Corinthians Chapter 15 KJP (Page 1873)

 (56) The sting of death <i>is</i> sin; and the strength of sin <i>is</i> the law. (57) But thanks <i>be</i> to God, Who gives us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ. (58) Therefore, my beloved brothers, be steadfast, unmovable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, inasmuch as you know that your labor is not in vain in the Lord. (10) Now if Timothy^c comes, see that he may be with you without fear: because he works the work of the Lord, as I also <i>do</i>. (11) Let no man therefore despise him: but conduct him forth in peace, that he may come to me: because I look for him with the brothers. 	
 saints, as I have given order to the churches of Galatia, even so you do the same. (2) Upon the first day of the week {Sunday},^a let everyone of you lay by in store, as God has prospered him, that there be no collections when I come. (3) And when I come, whomever you shall approve by your letters, them I will send to bring your generous offerings^b to Jerusalem. (4) And if it is appropriate that I go also, they shall go with me. (5) Now I will come to you, when I shall pass through Macedonia. (6) And it may be that I will stay, yes, and winter with you, that you may bring mo nm y journey wherever I go. (7) Because I will not see you now by the way; but I trust to stay a while with you, if the Lord permits. (12) As concerning our brother Apollos,^d I greatly desired him to come to you with the brothers: but his will was not at all to come at this time; but he will come when he shall have convenient time. (13) You watch, stand fast in the faith, stand like men, be strong. (14) Let all your things be done with charity {love}. (15) I urge you, brothers, (you know the house of Stephanas, that it is the firstfruits of Achaia, and <i>that</i> they have dedicated themselves to the ministry of the saints,) (16) That you submit yourselves to such, and to everyone who helps with <i>us</i>, and labors. (17) I am glad for the coming of Stephanas and Fortunatus and Achaicus: because that which was lacking on your part they have supplied. 	
 16:2a - See note on Matt. 28:1 16:3b - liberality - liberal offerings - generous offerings to be sent to Jerusalem to help out with those who had needs due to the famine that was going on there - see Acts 11:28 16:10c - Timothy - Acts 16:1; 18:5; 20:4; II Cor. 2:1; I Tim, 1:2 16:12d - Apollos - Acts 18:24; 19:1; Tit. 3:13 	
46.024/026 I Corinthians Chapter 15-16 KJP (Page 1874)	

{46} I Corinthians	
 (18) Because they have refreshed my spirit and yours: therefore acknowledge them who are such. (19) The churches of Asia {Minor} salute you. Aquila and Priscilla salute you much in the Lord, with the church that is in their house. (20) All the brothers greet you. Greet one another with a holy kiss. 	 (21) The salutation is <i>mine</i>, Paul, with my own hand. (22) If any man does not love the Lord Jesus Christ, let him be cursed, Maranatha {Come, Lord}.^e (23) The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ <i>be</i> with you. (24) My love <i>be</i> with you all in Christ Jesus. Amen {let it be}.
46.025/026 I Corinthians	Chapter 16 KJP (Page 1875)

46.026/026 I Corinthians Chapter 16 KJP (Page 1876)