{54} I Timothy		
 Chapter 1 Paul, an apostle of Jesus Christ by the commandment of God our Savior, and Lord Jesus Christ, <i>Who is</i> our hope; To Timothy,^a <i>my</i> own son in the faith: Grace, mercy, <i>and</i> peace,^b from God our Father and Jesus Christ our Lord. As I urged you to remain at Ephesus, when I went into Macedonia, that you might command some that they teach no other teaching, Neither give heed to fables and endless genealogies, which bring doubts, rather than godly encouragement which is in faith: <i>so do</i>. Now the end of the commandment is charity^c out of a pure heart, and <i>of</i> a good conscience, and <i>of</i> un-pretended faith: From which some have turned aside to vain words; Desiring to be teachers of the law; neither understanding what they say, nor what they affirm. 	 (9) Knowing this, that the law is not made for a righteous man, but for the lawless and disobedient, for the ungodly and for sinners, for unholy and profane, for murderers of fathers and murderers of mothers, for man-killers, (10) For fornicators {those who have sex outside of marriage}, for homosexuals, for men-stealers,^d for liars, for persons willfully making false statements, and if there are any other things that are contrary to sound teaching; (11) According to the glorious gospel of the blessed God, which was committed to my trust. (12) And I thank Christ Jesus our Lord, Who has enabled me, in that He counted me faithful, putting me into the ministry; (13) Who was before a blasphemer, and a persecutor, and a physicalabuser {of Christians}: but I obtained mercy, because I did <i>it</i> ignorantly in unbelief. (14) And the grace of our Lord was exceedingly abundant with faith and love which is in Christ Jesus. (15) This <i>is</i> a faithful saying, and worthy of everyone's acceptance, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners; of whom I am chief. 	
1:2a – Timothy – Acts 16:1; Acts 17:14-15; Acts 18:5; Acts 19:22; Acts 20:4; I Cor. 16:10 1:2b – Grace and Peace – grace always precedes peace – Rom. 1:7; I Cor. 1:3; II Cor. 1:2; Gal. 1:3; Eph. 1:2; Philip. 1:2; Col. 1:2; I Thes. 1:1; II Thes. 1:2; II Tim. 1:2; Tit. 1:4; Philemon 1:3; I Pet. 1:2; II Pet. 1:2; II Jn. 1:3 – grace means receiving something as a free gift that is totally undeserved 1:5c – charity – love – agape { $\alpha\gamma\alpha\pi\eta\nu$ } – see note on I Cor. 13:1 1:10d – men-stealers – kidnappers – capture people to sell them as slaves 54.001/008 I Timothy Chapter 1 KJP (Page 1849)		

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 (16) Nevertheless for this reason I obtained mercy, that in me Jesus Christ might first show forth all patience, for an example to those who should later believe on Him for everlasting life. (17) Now to the King eternal, immortal, invisible, the only wise God, be honor and glory forever and ever. Amen. {Let it be.} (19) Holding faith, and a good conscience; which some having put away concerning faith have made shipwreck: (20) Of whom is Hymenaeus and Alexander; whom I have delivered to Satan, that they may learn not to blaspheme. Chapter 2 (1) Therefore I urge {ask; encourage} you, that, first of all, requests, prayers, intercessions, and giving of thanks, be made for all men; (2) For kings, and for all those who are in authority; that we may lead a quiet and peaceable life in all godliness and honesty. (3) Because this is good and acceptable in the sight of God our Savior; (4) Who wants all men to be saved, and to come to the knowledge of the truth. 	 (5) Because <i>there is</i> one God, and one mediator between God and men, the Man Christ Jesus; (6) Who gave Himself a ransom for all, to be testified {revealed} in due time. (7) To which I am ordained a preacher, and an apostle, (I speak the truth in Christ, <i>and</i> do not lie;) a teacher of the Gentiles {non-Jews} in faith and truth. (8) Therefore I desire that men pray everywhere, lifting up holy hands, without anger and doubts. (9) In the same way also, that women adorn themselves in modest clothes, with modesty and discretion; not with braided hair, or gold, or pearls, or costly array {jewelry; expensive clothing}.^a (10) But (which becomes women professing godliness) with good works. (11) Let the woman learn in silence with all subjection. (12) But I do not allow a woman to teach, nor to force authority over the man, but to be in silence. (13) Because Adam was not deceived, but the woman being deceived was in the sin. (15) Nevertheless she shall be saved in childbearing, if they continue in faith and charity and holiness with discretion. 	
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{54} I Timothy		
 Chapter 3 This <i>is</i> a true saying, If a man desires the office of a bishop {pastor},^a he desires a good work. A bishop {pastor} then must be blameless, {presently be} the husband of one wife,^b vigilant, sober, of good behavior, given to hospitality, able to teach; Not given to wine, no bully, not greedy for filthy worldly riches; but patient, not a brawler, not covetous; One who rules his own household well, having his children in subjection with all honor; (5) (Because if a man does not know how to rule his own household, how shall he take care of the church of God?) Not a new convert, lest being lifted up with pride he fall into the condemnation of the devil. 	 (7) Furthermore he must have a good report of those who are outside; lest he fall into reproach and the snare of the devil. (8) Likewise the deacons^c must be honorable, not double-tongued, not given to much wine, not greedy of filthy worldly riches; (9) Holding the mystery of the faith in a pure conscience. (10) And let these also first be proved; then let them use the office of a deacon, being <i>found</i> blameless. (11) Even so <i>their</i> wives <i>must be</i> honorable, not slanderers, sober, faithful in all things. (12) Let the deacons {presently} be the husbands of one wife,^d ruling their children and their own households well. 	
 3:1a - bishop - episkopē {επισκοπή} - overseer [pastor] 3:2b - notice the verb "be" is present tense - {είναι} [present infinitive in the Greek] the man must presently be the husband of one wife. To translate as "must have been" the husband of one wife would be a mistranslation and a distortion of God's word. The command here is that the man must currently have only one wife [i.e. he cannot be a bishop {pastor} in the church if he currently has multiple wives, i.e. polygamist] I Tim 3:12 gives the same requirement for deacons. See Acts 6:3 {first deacons?} - qualifications always have to do with a person's present submission to the Holy Spirit - qualifications never have to do with past sin see also Titus 1:5f - see note on I Tim. 3:12 below. 3:8c - deacon - diakonos {διάκονος} - servant - attendant - someone who waits on another - see Acts 6 3:12d - {διακονοι [deacons] εστωσαν [must be] μιας [one] γυναικος [wife] ανδρες [husbands]} - estoesan {εστωσαν} is present tense imperative - To translate as "must have been" the husband of one wife would be a mistranslation and a distortion of God's word. Qualifications for deacons, elders, or bishops [overseers] are always based on a person's present relationship with the Lord, never on their past {See Acts 6:3} - see note on 3:2 above and Titus 1:5f. [If the qualifications were based on a person's past - Paul himself would be disqualified!] 		

{54} I Timothy		
 (13) Because those who have used the office of a deacon well purchase to themselves a good degree, and great boldness in the faith which is in Christ Jesus. (14) These things I write to you, hoping to come to you shortly: (15) But if I delay long, that you may know how you ought to behave yourself in the house of God, which is the church of the living God, the pillar and ground of the truth. (16) And without controversy; great is the mystery of godliness: God was revealed in the flesh, justified in the Spirit, seen by angels, preached to the Gentiles {non-Jews}, believed on in the world, received up into glory. Chapter 4 (1) Now the Spirit speaks expressly, that in the latter times some shall depart from the faith, giving heed to seducing spirits, and doctrines of demons; (2) Speaking lies in hypocrisy; having their conscience seared with a hot iron; (3) Forbidding to marry, and commanding to abstain from meats, which God has created to be received with thanksgiving by those who believe and know the truth. (4) Because every creature of God <i>is</i> good, and nothing to be refused, if it is received with thanksgiving: (5) Because it is purified by the word of God and prayer. 	 (6) If you remind the brothers of these things, you will be a good minister of Jesus Christ, nourished up in the words of faith and of good teaching, to which you have attained. (7) But refuse profane and old wives' fables, and exercise yourself <i>rather</i> to godliness. (8) Because bodily exercise profits little: but godliness is profitable for all things, having promise of the life that now is, and of that which is to come. (9) This <i>is</i> a faithful saying and worthy of all acceptation. (10) Therefore we both labor and suffer reproach, because we trust in the living God, Who is the Savior of all men, especially of those who believe. (11) These things command and teach. (12) Do not let any man despise your youth; but be an example for the believers, in word, in conversation, in charity, in spirit, in faith, in purity. (13) Until I come, give attendance to reading, to encouragement, to teaching. (14) Do not neglect the gift that is in you, which was given to you by prophecy, with the laying on of the hands by the church-members. (15) Meditate upon these things; give yourself wholly to them; that your profiting may appear to all. (16) Take heed to yourself, and to the teaching; continue in them: because in doing this you will both save yourself, and those who listen to you. 	
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{54} I Timothy		
Chapter 5	(11) But the younger widows refuse:	
(1) Do not rebuke an elder, but plead	because when they have begun to	
with <i>him</i> as a father; <i>and treat</i> the	become lustful against Christ, they will	
younger men as brothers;	marry;	
(2) The elder women as mothers; the	(12) Having damnation, because they	
younger as sisters, with all purity.	have cast off their first faith.	
(3) Honor widows who are widows	(13) And as a result they learn to be	
indeed.	idle, wandering about from house to	
(4) But if any widow has children or	house; and not only idle, but gossips	
nephews, let them learn first to show	also and busybodies, speaking things	
piety at home, and to provide for their	which they ought not.	
own parents {and relatives}: because	(14) Therefore I want the younger	
that is good and acceptable before	women to marry, bear children, guide	
God.	the household, give no occasion to the	
(5) Now she who is a widow indeed,	adversary to speak reproachfully.	
and has nothing, trusts in God, and	(15) Because some have already turned	
continues in petitions to God and	aside after Satan.	
prayers night and day.	(16) If any man or woman who	
(6) But she who lives in pleasure is	believes has widows, let them provide	
dead even while she lives.	for them, and do not let the church be	
(7) And charge them to obey these	charged; that it may provide for those	
things, that they may be blameless.	who are widows indeed.	
(8) But if anyone does not provide for	(17) Let the elders who rule well be	
his own, and especially for those of his	counted worthy of double honor,	
own household, he has denied the	especially those who labor in the word	
faith, and is worse than an infidel	and teaching.	
{unbeliever}.	(18) Because the Scripture says,	
(9) Do not let a widow be taken into	You shall not muzzle the ox	
the number under sixty years old, ^a	that treads out the corn. ^c	
having been the wife of one man, ^b	And, The laborer <i>is</i> worthy of his	
(10) Well reported of for good works;	reward.	
if she has brought up children, if she	(19) Do not receive an accusation	
has lodged strangers, if she has	against an elder, except before two or	
washed the saints' feet, if she has	three witnesses.	
relieved the afflicted, if she has	(20) Those who sin rebuke before all,	
diligently followed every good work.	that others also may fear.	
	ars of age, she should not be included in	
the daily distribution of food. See I Tim. 5:14 and 5:16 below. The deacons		
were first called because the Greek widows were being overlooked in the		
daily distribution of food. See Acts 6:1-6		
5:9b - <u>having been</u> the wife of one man - note the difference in the tense of the		
verb as compared to 3:2 and 3:12 above which were <u>present tense</u> verbs.		
5:18c - Deut. 25:4		

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{54} I Timothy		
 (14) That you keep this commandment without spot, without reproach, until the appearing^a of our Lord Jesus Christ: (15) Which in His times He shall show, Who is the blessed and only Ruler, the King of kings, and Lord of lords; (16) Who only has immortality, living in the light which no man can approach; Whom no man has seen, nor can see: to Whom be honor and power everlasting. Amen {let it be}. (17) Charge those who are rich in this world, that they not think of themselves as better than others; nor trust in uncertain riches, but in the living God, Who richly gives us all things to enjoy; 	 (18) That they do good, that they be rich in good works, ready to distribute, willing to communicate; (19) Laying up in store for themselves a good foundation against the time to come, that they may lay hold on eternal life. (20) O Timothy, keep that which is committed to your trust, avoiding profane <i>and</i> vain babblings, and oppositions of that which is falsely called science: (21) Which some professing have erred concerning the faith. Grace <i>be</i> with you. Amen {Let it be}. 	
6:14a - appearing - i.e. at the Rapture – Is. 26:20 - see note on I Cor. 1:8; II Tim. 1:10; Heb. 9:28		
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